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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1887.

AGREES WITH OBERLY

In His Construction of the Civil Service Law.

VOL. XIX.

COMMISSIONER LYMAN INTERVIEWED.

He Shows Why Persons in the Service Should Not Take Too Active a Part in Politics.

WASHINGTON, October 25 .- Civil Service to the city, was interviewed by an associated press reporter teday. In reply to inquiries by Oberly's letter to the Illinois association and the reported interview with Mr. Edgerton on the points raised and discussed in that letter, and that in the main his views coincided with those of Mr. Oberly. He regarded associations of the character of the Illinois association, whether composed of democrats, republition, whether composed of democrats, republi-cans, labor references, temperance advocates or what not, as very objectionable, if not illegal, and certain to a greater or less extent to de-meralise the public and to defeat one object of the civil service law, viz: To secure a non-partisan service within the sphere of the opera-tion of that law; a service non-partisan in fact, and non-partisan in attitude, and action, in ch partisan politics as a trade shall have no

place.
"Such service," he said, "would be made up of men of ail parties; men who might in truth hold, and on suitable occasions give expressions te strong pelitical views; but, who would hold e strong pointerst views; but, who would hold he expression of advocacy of these views in mbordination to public interest, and in .so do-ng would yield no whit of their rights or nivileges as citizens. It is clearly the right of citizen—or every citizen," said Mr. Lyman, to hold and express, in word and act, political iews; but it is not the right of any citizen, els is also a public servant to so give expressis but it is not the right of any citizen, is also a public servant, to so give expression his political views, either in word act, as to bring discord and sison to the public service. Repose is the all and necessary condition of energy in the public service, and word no great wisdom to see that aganization of that service into warring of a factions would be utterly destructive at tenose.

of that repose.

"Once concede," he continued, "that adherents in the public service of the party in power may organize themselves in an association for the purpose of maintaining that party in power, and under the impartial action of the civil service law, the right must also be conceded to those in the service opposed to the party in power to organize themselves into associations for the purpose of overthrowing that party and diving it out of power. And when all parties are thus organized, and members of the associations of each are actively engaged in endeavors to oust from the service members of the associations of the others—for that is just the direction their activity will take, sooner or the associations of the oners for that is just the direction their activity will take, sooner or later, no matter what their profession—what a spectacle will be presented to the gaze of the country. The bare possibility of such a condition of things resulting from the organization of the social associations in the public of partisan political associations in the public service is enough to condemn the whole move-ment, and should secure its instant abandon-

ment."

Upon the subject of assessments or contributions for political purposes, he said:

"Such associations cannot be maintained without money; and the payment of money in the shape of dues, or otherwise, by their members, who are in the public service, to the treasurer, also in that service, would be a clear violation of section 14 of the civil service laws and the receipt of every such payment of money or other valuable things by such treasurer, would be an equally clear violation of section 11 of the civil service laws. But it is claimed that money, or any other thing of section 11 of the civil service laws. But it is claimed that money, or any other thing of value, may be paid to the treasurer who is not in the public service, without violating the law. This is not so clear. The law provides:

That no officer, clerk or other person in the service of the United States, shall directly or indirectly give or hand over to any other officer, clerk or person in the service of the United States, any money or other valuable thing on account of, or to be applied to the promotion of any political object what-

"A treasurer of one of these state associations, whether he be in the service or not, acts as agent of the association, which is his principal, and in receiving money, or any other valuable thing, receives it as such agent for his principal, and holds it subject to the disposition of that principal. Every member of such an association, therefore, if this reasoning be correct, who pays dues to its treasurer, does, directly or indirectly, give or hand over to every other member the money or valuable thing, which he thus pays, and in so giving, violates the law, and every other member of the association in so receiving violates the law."

Referring to Mr. Oberly's recent order declaring members of politicical committees in-'A treasurer of one of these state associations,

Referring to Mr. Oberly's recent order de-claring members of political committees in-cligible for appointment on the board of civil service examiners, Mr. Lyman said:

"If it is objectionable for employes in the classified civil service to organize themselves into partisan political associations, it is much more objectionable for members of boards of civil service examiners to be of civil service examiners of boards of civil service examiners to be members of such associations, or of committees organized for political work. Members of these boards must be absolutely free from any suspicion of partisanship in their action, a thing impossible, so long as they are active in such association or on such committees and its clearly the right and duty of the civil service commission to see to it that its boards of examiners are free from every just suspicion of partisanship in their composition or action."

THE TEST CASES.

Arguments on Prohibition Cases From Kansas and Iowa.
Washington, October 25.—The Star this

Washington, October 25.—The Star this evening says:
"Counsel who are striving to maintain the validity of the Kansas and Iowa prohibitory legislation before the United States supreme court, are carnestly endeavoring to get additional argument before the court lefore the decision shall be announced. The denial of motion to advance the cases pending on the docket, and to withhold the decision upon cases already argued, was apparently a disappointment to the prohibitionists. They seem to feel that the forther argument of their cause is important if not essential.

After the decree of the court denying the motion to advance the pending cases was announced attorney-deneral Bradford, of Kansas, offered a motion in the supreme court yesterday to re-open the cases hitherto argued and submitted, on the ground that counsel on the other side (for the liquor inter-

son in the supreme court vesterday to re-open the asses hitherto argued and submitted, on the grand hat counsel on the other side (for the liquor intersity violated an agreement, that after having agreed bubmit the case on briefs they put in an oral argument. The court directed that the motion be truted. Those who are opposing prohibition intend that there was no violation of any agreement. They say there was a greement between counsel representing oth sides in Kansas, but it did not extend beyond accounsel them in the case; that the counsel then a the case did not submit any oral argument, but if. Choste, of New York, who was specially empoyed by the brewers of New York, made argument, and no agreement made between counsel in Kansas build be binding upon him, and hence the chain of violation of agreement is not well founded. Attorney-General Bradford and Packard, counsel or prohibitionists, in conversation with a Star re-orter, said that they could not conceive that the continuous difference is not well founded.

This is a question of the greatest importance, said.

The not neoming decision will be be abbitionist. This is a question of the greatest importance, said. Packard. 'A decision overthrowing prohibition station would be very widespread in its effects. It is one of the most important, far-reaching quests the court has ever had before it, and it stands cason that the court would not refuse additional in if it contemplated a decision against the valid of the prohibitory statutes. The court would burnly want all the light it could obtain before according such a decision."

Paying Death Losses. Sr. Louis, Mo., October 25.—John S. Stevens, attorney of the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw railway, says the company has, up to date, settled with relatioves or legal representatives of forty of the people who were killed at Chattsworth, and with sixty of those who were injured. The highest amount paid out on a death loss was \$2,000. "PRAISE YE THE LORD."

Thanksgiving Proclamation by the President

Thanksgiving Proclamation by the President of the United States.

Washington, October 25.—The following proclamation was issued late this afternoon:

A proclamation: By the president of the United States. The goodness and mercy of God, which has followed the American people during all the days of the past year, claim their grateful recognition and humble acknowledgment. By His ominiotent power he has protected us from war and pestilence and from every ustional calamity. By His gracious favor the earth has yielded a generous return to the labor of the husbandman, and every path of henest toil has led to comfort and contentment. By His loving kindness, the hearts of our people have been replenished with internal soutiment and patriotic endeavor, and by His nucering guidance we have been directed in the way of nation il presperity.

To the end that we may, with one accord, testify our gratifude for all these blessings, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set-apart Thursday, the 24th day of N v. inter next, is a day of thanksgi. ing and prayer, to be observed by all the people of the land. On that day let all seemar work and employment be superined, and let our people assemble in their necusioned places of worship and with prayer and songs of paise give thanks to our Henvenly Father for all that He hes done for us, while we humbly implore forgiveness of our sins and a continuance of His mercy. Let families and kindresi be reunited on that day and let their hearts, filled with kindly cheer and affectionate remainscence, be turned in thankfulness to the source of all that makes the day glad and joyous. And in the midst of our worship and our happiness, let us remember the poor, needy and unfortunate, and by our gifts of charity and ready benevolence, let us increase the number of zhose, who, with grateful hearts, shalljoin in our thanksgiving.

In wifness whereof, I haveset my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereuntlo affixed. Done at the city of Washington

By the president.
THOMAS F. BAYARD, Secretary of State. MORE CHOLERA CASES.

The Disease Develops on the Steamer Brittania.

NEW YORK, October 25.—Cholera has broken out on the steamship Brittania, which has been for some time detained at the lower quarantine. The record thus far is one death and one new case. Last Sunday Petronia Savenico was removed from the Brittania to the hospital at Swinburne island. It was discovered that the dread disease was upon him, and yesterday he died. He was 50 years old. Last night Gene Rosa Martria Geul, an Italian girl, aged 22, was stricken with cholera on the Brittania, and was at once remoyed to the hosnight Gene Rosa Martria Geul, an Italian girl, aged 22, was stricken with cholera on the Brittania, and was at once removed to the hospital on Swinburne island. She is very low. The Alesia's passengers who have been in Swinburne hespital are entirely recovered, and will tomorrow be removed to Hoffman island to join the Alesia's detained passengers. No case has developed on Hoffman island since October 7th. The Brittania is carefully guarded.

THEY WERE "LONG.". Suspension of Perkins, Dupee & Co., of

Boston.

Boston, October 25.—Perkins, Dupee & Co., bankers, 40 State street, successors to Charles A. Sweet & Co., have failed.—The firm has been "long" of the market. The suspension of the firm created scarcely a ripple of excitement on the streets, although it was considered as an indication of the effects of going "long" on a bear market. A member of the firm stated this morning that the liabilities, which were all unsecured, would not exceed \$40,000, while the assets would scarcely reach \$20,000. The direct cause of the failure was depression in Massachusetts Central and Union Pacific, on which shares the firm was long on margins. It is stated that creditors will not realize more than fifty cents on the dollar, and there is no prospect of the firm resuming.

DEATH OF JUDGE FRAZIER.

A Distinguished Tennessee Jurist Dead. A Distinguished Tennes ee Jurist Dead.
CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., October 25.—[Special Judge J. N. Frazier, of Nashville, died at the residence of his son, J. B. Frazier, in this city, this morning at 8 o'clock, of pneumonia. He contracted a severe cold one week ago last Monday, on the occasion of President Cleveland's visit to Chattanooga, which resulted in his death. He was criminal judge of the Nashville district in 1867, at which time the independant republicans and democrats deserted; the Brownlow legislature. The legislators were arrested, but sued out a writ of hators were arrested, but sued out a writ of ha-beas corpus before Judge Frazier, who re-leased them. He was impeached for this act.

The Case of the Anarchists.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—Counsel on both sides in the Chicago anarchist cases are buslly engaged in preparing arguments which they will make in the United States supreme court on Thursday. It is probable that General Pryor and General Butler will speak in support of the petition for a writ of error, and that Attorney General Hunt, of Illinois, will ask formal leave of the court to make an oral argument in behalf of the state and in opposition to the petition. Mr. Solomon, of the counsel for the anarchists, said today that he had not sent a telegram to Chicago expressing discouragement or doubt as to the granting of the writ, and that the report in circulation to that effect was entirely without foundation. Washington, October 25.--Counsel on bot

Bad Man With a Winchester.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., October 25.—News has reached here that a white man named Parrish shot and killed three negro men in Calhoun county a few days since. Four negroes were using Parrish's boat to gather up logs broken loose from the raft when Parrish came along It is said that the negroes told Parrish they had no intention of stealing the boat, but Parrish would not receive the explanations. He raised a Winchester, shot one down in the boat, killed another on the raft, and another attempting to run away. The fourth dived verboard and escaped.

A Coal Famine.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., October 25 .- On account of the scarcity of coal, caused by the strike of the coal miners in this district, the public schools were today compelled to close. The price of anthracite today compensed to close. The price of authachte coal has a ivanced \$1 per ton, and 100 per cent advance in bituminous coal is predicted. A few days of cold weather will cause a shortage of fuel among private consumers. Some of the mines are still being worked, but the coal pool will not receive any orders from private consumers.

Willing to Eat.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.. October 25.—[Special.]—William Chastine, a white man confined in the county jail on a charge of murder, has been trying to commit suicide by starvation. For four days and nights he refused to partake of either food or water, but under the care of a physician he was brought around all right, and is now cating plenty. rving Hall Indorse the Republicans. NEW YORK, October 25 .- The committee of

New York, October 25.—The committee of twenty-four of Irving Hall tonight decided to in-dorse the republican nominations of Nicoll and Martine for the district attorneyship and judgeship of general sessions, respectively. Members of the committee say Irving will support the entire repub-lican city and county ticket. Cabinet Meetings Resumed.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—Regular mee washington, occurred to the cabinet were resumed today. All members were present, excepting Secretary Whitney, who is out of the city. The annual reports and the president's message to congress were the principal subjects of consideration.

Tragedy in Virginia. Norrolk, Va., October 25.—Henry L. Jones, a farmer of Isle of Wight county, Va., shot and instantly killed William Saddler, a white farm hand employed by him, Monday evening. The men quarrelled over a trifling matter. Jones escaped.

Heavy Registration in Brooklyn. NEW YORK, October 25 .- At the auxiliary registration in Brooklyn today, caused by the mis-take of the board of estimates in fixing the days for registration, 9.613 voters registered, making a grand total of 119,685—unprecedented with the ex-ception of 1884. MAKING THE SHROUDS JOSEPH'S MISSION.

in Chicago.

THE PREPARATIONS FOR THE HANGING | BEFORE SAILING FOR THIS COUNTRY. Two Regiments of the National Guard Ordered to Hold Themselves in Readi-ness for Duty, Etc.

CHICAGO, October 25.—Preparations are alroady being made for the great anti-anarchist drama of the 11th of November. Already orders have been given, it is said, to members of the Second Illinois National Guard, that they will be required to be on duty for a full work. week or perhaps longer prior to November 11th, at their armory, or wherever else their services may be required. The probability is that the first regiment will be called upon to do the same. It is understood, however, that neither of the regiment will be the same. neither of the regiments will be called from their respective armories unless in case of absolute need. It is also stated on authority that the entire block on which the county jail and criminal court buildings are located are to be cordoned with police, and all North Clark street buildings abutting on the jail will be guarded with police officers, and no one allowed to enter them until after the execution of the

to enter them until after the execution of the condemned men.

Quite a sensation was caused today among the immates of the woman's department of the jail by an official request that they help make shrouds and caps to be used at the execution of the condemned seven. Some of the immates were willing to do the work required, and were even anxious to participate in the ghastly task, but others were strongly opposed to rendering any aid, and these formed so large a part of the immates that it may be necessary to have the work done outside the jail.

The material—white, unbleached muslin—has already been purchased. Each shroud will be shaped liked a bag, only with holes at both ends and gathered closely at the top. The goods will be a half yard in width and about the same length, gathered together at the top, which will be about ten inches across. The material is cut into necessary shape, and lacks nothing but the stitches that were asked today of the motley crowd of women malefactors confined in the same prison with the seven death-sentenced anarchists.

WORK OF THE FLAMES.

WORK OF THE FLAMES.

Forest Fires Fanned by the Hurricane—A Sawmill Burned.
Cricago, October 25.—A Wellsville, Ohio, special says: The hurricane which blew all of special says. The internal wind blow all of yesterday has subsided, and to this may be attributed the saving of the town of Empire from complete destruction by a terrible forest fire. The fire is now under control. All valuable property in the place was saved, owing to the work of the citizens day and night. The to the work of the citizens day and night. The railroad company sent a large force of men on a special train to the scene, and they rendered heroic service. The drouth in this section continues. The woods at Industry have been burning for two days. Yesterday fire broke out in Sarly's woods at Salineville and burned several acres of valuable timber. The loss is nuknown.

unknown.
St. Louis, October 25.—The sawmill, shingle mill and planing mill of Mr. C. C. Loomis, situated about three miles north of Little Rock, Ark., on the Iron Mountain railroad, at Loomis attains at the control of the local statement. Loomis station, was consumed by fire last night. The cause was fire in the woods, and night. The cause was fre in the woods, and so fierce were the flames and so rapid their advance that Loomis and his men were compelled to seek safety in flight. So parched and dry were the woods around the mill that the flames ran through the tops of trees, devouring everything in their way. About \$150,000 worth of fine lumber was destroyed, with all buildings about them. Loomis puts his loss at \$6,000 to \$7,000, upon which there was no insurance.

BURNING OUT THE SALVATIONISTS

Two Men Fire the Barracks and Then Try
to Burn a Church.

Kingston, Ont., October 25.—Two young
men stood in the police dock this morning and
pleaded guilty to setting fire to the Salvation
Army barracks and Third Methodist church.
At an early hour police officers cleverly captured them. They had fired the barracks and
during the excitement went to the church, to
rip up the pulpit carpet and found it unignitable and then going to the basement fired a lot
of books alongside a partition. The policemen of books alongside a partition. The poncement discovered the blaze, put it out and hid. Soon the men, wondering at the second alarm not being given, went to the church to ascertain the cause, and were arrested. Both later control of the blaze and the cause, and were arrested. ing given, went to the church to ascertain the cause, and were arrested. Both later confessed their guilt and laid the blame upon liquor. The persons are Alexander Newman, aged 20, and William Andrews, aged 30. They also say that the act was done from pure deviltry. The magistrate will sentence them tomorrow. Newman is suspected of firing other buildings. For the past week incendiary fires have been numerous. Once before the Salvation barracks were destroyed, and Newman was strongly suspected of being the fire-bug. The army folks, by this last fire, suffer a loss of \$7,000.

SMALLPOX AND YELLOW FEVER,

A British Ship Off Savannah With Smallpot Aboard—The Fever in Florida.

A British Ship Oil Savannah With Smallpox
Aboard—The Fever in Florida.

Washington, October 25.—Surgeon-General
Hamilton received a telegram from the quarantine officer at Savannah, Ga., today, saying
that the British ship Solon, which had three
cases of smallpox on board during her voyage,
was sent to quarantine today.

A telegram was also received from Deputy
Collector Spencer, at Tampa, Fla., saying that
there have been six or eight new cases since
the last report, and that there were two deaths
yesterday and three this morning. Dr. Porter
is in charge of the hospital, and was today
authorized to employ four nurses.

JJACKSONVILLE, Fla., October 25.—A special
from Tampa to the Times-Union reports thirteen new cases of yellow fever and three deaths
yesterday. Dr. Bullock has arrived from Savannah. Four nurses are to come on a special
train tonight. Dr. Porter has charge of the
hospital. The outlook is discouraging. There
is a warm, northwest wind.

THE SPLIT AMONG THE KNIGHTS. Anarchist Parsons' Chicago Assembly Starts the War.

Anarchist Parsons' Chicago Assembly Starts the War.

Chicago, October 25.—The first formal step by any Knight of Labor assembly to join the secession from the order was taken tonight in this city by local assembly 1,307, of which Parsons, the anarchist, is leader. The assembly held a protracted meeting tonight, and the sentiment developed was overwhelmingly in favor of rebellion and a bitter fight against Mr. Powderly. A vote separating the assembly from Knights of Labor was not actually taken, however, the meeting being confined to appointing a committee to confer with a "provisional committee," of which Joseph A. Buchanan is the ruling spirit. Just what course will be pursued has not been divulged further than that it will be most embarrassing possible to Mr. Powderly and his colleagues.

An Agreement With the Printers.

An Agreement With the Printers. An Agreement With the Printers.

MINNEAPOLIS, October 25.—A new scale of wages goes into effect in daily newspaper offices of this city on November 1st. The matter has been under arbitration for some days. Late last night the arbitrators, Messrs. O. W. Miller, of the Tribune job office; E. B. Getchell, of the typographical union, and County Auditor L. A. Condil, rendered their decision to this effect; The men give up advertisements, which will now be set up by men working on salary, and will receive 42 cents per 1,000 ems for ordinary matter. The afternoon scale will be 37 cents per 1,000. The scale heretofore has been 38 and 33 cents per 1,000 ems.

Explosion of a Threshing Engine

ELIENDALE, Dak., October 25.—This morning a threshing enghe belonging to John Glass, at work about ten miles southeast of this place, exploded, killing two men out right and wounding three. One of them has since died.

For the Condemned Anarchists Mr. Chamberlain Makes His Last Speech

He Speaks of the Threat Made That Irishnericans Would Harrass Him, and Winds Up On the Irish Question

London, October 25 .- The foreign office has issued a circular announcing that Mr. Cham-berlain will depart for Washington early in November, and will be accompanied by Mr.

Borgne, superintendent of the treasury de-partment, and Mr. Maycock, another attache of the foreign office.

A meeting was held at Islington today in honor of Joseph Chamberlain. Resolutions were adopted expressing satisfaction at his ap-pointment to the fisheries commission, and rus that he would be successful in his antrue that he would be successful in his anneal ed intention to promote harmony and good will between the United States and England. Mr. Chamberlain replied that he appreciate this reference to the honorable and important mission upon which he would embark in the course of a few days. He was well aware that the task was full of difficulty. The question was a complicated one, and it involved enormous interests. [Cries of "hear, hear,"]

iear."]
On several occasions during the present century, it had gone far toward endangering the amicable relations existing between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race,

great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race, whose cordial amity must be the earnest desire of every friend of peace and civilization. [Cheers.] Unfortunately the difficulties in his way were not those inherent in the case or directly involved in the issue to be decided.

They all I had seen the telegram stating that trish-Americans would do all in their power to mar his mission and would be able to prevent its success. Sources of statement might be tainted, yet it represented undoubtedly the fact that Irish-Americans were ready to use every effort to prevent a settlement.

prevent its success. Sources of statement might be tainted, yet it represented undoubtedly the fact that Irish-Americans were ready to use every effort to prevent a settlement. There had never been a time during the last thirty years, when the Irish in America had not been willing to use the privileges conceded to them by their adopted country, in order to sow dissentson and promote ill feeling between Great Britain and America. [Hear, hear.]

More than once they had shown their readiness ato jeopardize the best interest of their adopted country in order to to avenge real or fancied injuries. He was not sanguine enough to anticipate that on the present occasion they would change their policy, but he was encouraged by the belief that a vast majority of native Americans [cheers] and every Englishman and Scotchman in the united kingdom would regard a fratricidal conflict between the two countries as a crime of the deepest dye. They were earnestly desirous of an amicable and honorable settlement and would not allow it to be jeopardized by party rancor or personal feelings. [Hear! Hear!]

This would be his last speech before leaving for America, Mr. Chamberlin declared, so he would refer to another telegram stating that the Toronto Globe had comments for some words in one of his speeches in Ulster construing them into an insuit to all Canadians. There was a great misapprehension of his meaning. What he had said was that there was a part of Canada seeking a commercial union with the United States which would practically mean free trade between Canada and the United States, while, at the same time, Canada was to continue to impose of the slender tie which still bound Canada to England would disappear as far as England was concerned, and it was not likely; that the people of Great Britain would continue much longer to sustain the obligations and responsibilities of a relationship, all reciprocal benefits of which had been withdrawn. So he had said that a commercial union of this kind, if it ever come about, would be th vivid light it threw upon the general question of Ireland. Mr. Gladstone had again and again quoted Canada as an illustration of how England might maintain imperial control over matters of imperial interest while allowing entire independence in all domestic business. Mr. Chamberlain argued that when a country had a parliament, separation was within the discretion of that parliament, hence a parliament for Ireland meant separation. for Ireland meant separation.

EXCITED IRELAND.

Sentence of an Editor-Mr. Dillon at Cork-

The Police Outwitted. The Police Outwitted.

Dublin, October 25.—Mr. Walsh, editor of the Wexford People, who was sentenced yesterday to a month's imprisonment for publishing reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the national league, was condemned today to two months' imprisonment at hard labor on another charge. Four of the summonses against him were dismissed. Mr. Dillon is expected to arrive at Cork today. Trouble is feared.

Cork October 25.—When Mr. Dillon was

feared.

CORK, October 25.—When Mr. Dillon was on his way to the station today to take the train for Dublin, he was followed by a crowd singing, "God Save Ireland." While the procession was passing King street barracks, the police sallied out and charged upon the crowd, using their batons freely. Mr. Dillon was about to deliver an address from his carriage when Magistrate Gardner, who was in company of the police, read the riot act. The mayor protested against this hasty action on the part of the magistrate. On advice of Messrs. Dillon, Tanner and the mayor, the crowd dispersed without making any further demonstration.

CORK, October 25.—Police have occupied

demonstration.

Cork, October 25.—Police have occupied the court house to prevent the meeting of citizens called by the mayor to protest against the recorder hearing the case of Mr. O'Brien. The meeting was held in the chamber of commerce. The police arrived just as the gathering dispersed.

ing dispersed.

Edward Harrington, nationalist, member of parliament, has signed an article in the Kerry Sentinel, in which he defies the government to prevent his publishing reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the national league.

THE TRIAL AT WOODFORD.

rington.

Dublin, October 25.—The trial of Mr. Wil-DUBLIN, October 25.—The trial of Mr. Wilfred Blunt opened this morning at Woodford.
Mr. Ronan appeared as counsel for the prosecution, and Mr. Harrington, M. P., for the defense. Mr. Harrington objected to the constitution of the court, on the ground that the magistrates lacked special authority from the viceroy to hold an adjourned court. The objection was overruled. Mr. Harrington then applied for summonses against Magistrate Byrne for assault upon Mr. Blunt. The decision on this point was postponed. Mr. Byrne was called to the witness stand. He testified that he warned Mr. Blunt twice on the platform at the meeting on Sunday to desist from

that he warned Mr. Blunt twice on the platform at the meeting on Sunday to desist from speaking, but he went on all the same. Witness did not see anybody assault Mr. Blunt, but before he gave the order for his arrest he found him lying on the ground and Lady Blunt lying over him.

The magistrate has forbidden any meeting at Middleton during the time the recorder hears Mr. O'Brien's appeal from the verdict rendered against him at Mitchellstown for using seditious language.

WILSON, THE JOBBER.

President Grevy's Son-in-Law Hooted-Shouts for Boulanger.

Shouts for Boulanger.

PARIS, October 25.—A republican meeting was held at Tour's tonight. The town was excited all day. Soldiers were stationed in the street adjacent to the Cirqueto to keep order and when the doors were opened a terrific crush ensued and the building was crammed in a few minutes, thousands being unable to gain admission. Roche, of the Intratisigant, made a fiery onslaught on Wilson, accusing him of all kinds of jobbery, especially of using President Grevy for franking stamps for private purposes. His speech was received with wild cheers, but Wilson remained calm. At this point the crowd outside forced the doors and stormed the platform.

stormed the platform.

In the course of his reply Wilson sought to alter the discussion. He expressed regret that the republicans should thus accuse one another in the presence of reactionary parties,

the republicans should thus accuse one another in the presence of reactionary parties, who gained strength by their divisions. At this point he was interrupted by cries of "There are no political parties against you—only the indignation of honest men." Wilson became very angry and exclaimed that he had come to reply to the electors, but not to take them for judges. He declared that he had always acted in a disinterested manner. The ply to the electors, but not to take them for judges. He declared that he had always acted in a disinterested manner. The Journals he had founded in support of the republic had failed to pay. The climax of indignation was reached on Wilson refusing to answer the charge of using President Grevy's franking mark. His efforts to clear himself proved ineffective, and the meeting closed at midnight in great disorder, and the crowds shouting, "Resign," "Resign," "Vive Boulanger."

A DYNAMITE PLOT.

A Mysterious Death in London Exposes the Intended Crime.

London, October 25.—A man died suddenly in London, and the police took charge of his body. On searching the clothing of the dead man the fact was discovered that he was an American, and was connected with a dynamite conspiracy. The names of his fellow-conspirators were given, but the police will not be able to arrest them, because they have not committed any overt acts. An inquest over the remains will be held tomorrow, when full particulars regarding the conspiracy are probable. Scotland Yard authorities had secured almost enough evidence to warrant the arrest of the man when he died. The circumstances of his death were so suspicious that the detec-

his death were so suspicious that the detectives themselves notified the coroner. Sensational revelations are promised at the inquest. It has transpired that police patrolling on the river in front of the parliament building was

A Startling Rumor.

ANTWERP, October 25.—Rumors which could be traced to no source have been in circulation here, and in Brussels, today that the Red Star line steamer Westernland, which has four hundred passengers and a crew of ninety, has foundered at sea. Agents here have no information at all about the vessel, and place no credence whatever in the ru-mors. The Westernland left Antwerp on the 15th instant for New York, and is not due at the latter place until Thursday.

The Anti-German Alliance.

PARIS, October 25,—The Figaro states that the czar visited Copenhagen with a view of taking decisive action in regard to Bulgarian affairs and that he has formed anjanti-German alliance between Russia, Belgium, Holland, Sweden and Denmark. Other powers are expected to join the alliance. TEXAS TRAIN WRECKERS.

Three Scoundrels Open a Switch and Ditch a Train. Train.

Houston, Tex., October 25.—Passengers on tonight's train from Austin, bring news of a fiendish case of train wrecking, this morning three miles east of Ledbetter. As the passenger train reached that point the engineer saw a man deliberately open the switch, allowing the train to run on a small siding to gravel pits. As the train dashed on to the side tracks, the engineer gave the danger signal and applied the air brakes but it was to late to prevent the enginee from plunging into the deep gravel. The engineer and fireman both jumped for their lives, but the latter rolled under the falling engine and was crushed to death. The rest of the train kept the rails. When Conductor Robinson went to the rear of the train he saw three men mount horses. They fired two shots at the conductor and then rode away. The diabolical conduct of the three night-riders is wrapped in mystery, as they made no attempt to rob the passengers or mail.

Mr. Garrett's Movements. Mr. Garrett's Movements.

St. Paul, Minn., October 25.—Robert Garrett arrived in St. Paul tonight. Dr. Barnard, who was Mr. Garrett's confidential assistant in the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and who has charge of the details of the trip, gives the press a stafement from which it appears that Mr. Garrett's present trip is undertaken to give him a much needed rest as a precautionary measure against an inherited tendency to brain congestion and brain fever, of which he has been in imminent peril for some time.

Preparing To Fight the Crows.

Sr. Paul, Minn. October 25.—Troops were today engaged in throwing up earthworks and perfecting a system of defense at Fort Custer, Mont. Two companies of infantry from Fort Missoula reached Custer tonight. It is thought the troops sent to Cheyenne agency will arrive tomorrow evening, and the movements at Custer will begin at once thereafter. Burning of a French Steamer.

LONDON, October 25.—The French steamer.
Hisdoostan, Captain Lett, which arrived at
Marseilles yesterday from New York, took fire
last night and was entirely burned. She had
3,000 tons of merchandise aboard, all of which
was destroyed.

CAN'T PLAY A LITTLE BIT.

St. Louis Make All the Base Hits, But the St. Louis Make All the Base Hits, But the Detroits Win.

Chicago, October 25.—In the game today St. Louis made all the hits and one error more than their opponents, but their hits were so scattered that they did not count, and Richardson's three baggers and Thompson's single both came in the same inning, and between them two men got bases on errors, so there were three runs of Detroit in one

The National Jockey Club.

The National Jockey Club.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The fall meeting of the National Jockey club began here today. Bain began to fall at about ten o'clock this morning and continued all the afternoon.

First race, purse \$500, for three-year-olds and upwards, six furlongs, Stuyvesant won, Sam Harper second, Grisette third. Time 1:13%.

Second acc, handirap sweepstakes, one and one-sixteenth miles, Swift won, Favor second, Pasha third. Time 1:49%.

Third race, Arlington stakes, for two-year-olds, six furlongs, Raceland won, George Oyster second, Emperor of Norfolk third. Time 1:44%.

Fourth race, autumnal handicap for three-year-olds and upwards, mile and a quarter, Volante won, Exile second, Richmond third. Time 2:99%.

Fifth race, McKibbin steeplechase, handleap sweepstakes, Corbin refused the water leap, Wheatly won, Littlefellow second, John Henry third. No time taken.

Races at Lexington Races at Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., October 25.—First race, five-eights of a mile. Flitter won, Roundabout second, Clay Stockton third. Time, 1:4%.

Second race, one mile. Catalpa won, Asceola second, Cardinal third. Time, 1:4%.

Third race, three-rouths of a mile. May Ellis won, Carnage second, Tom Hood third. Time, 1:16%.

Fourth race, one and one sixteenth miles. Bouita won, Longalight second, Panamathird. Time, 1:50.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MRS. DAVIS'S DAY. A Grand Reception to the Ex-

Président's Wife. PRESENTED WITH A TESTIMONIAL

By the Citizens of the Central City-Attentions to the Other Members of

the Family. Macon, Ga., October 25.—[Special.]—Major Funston and his powder-boy cohorts, are here, smiling and genial as ever. There is no intention here to insinuate that the genial-

ity is the result of the "smiling," seeker after truth, is compelled to publish them to the world as Jonah's. It rains. If my memory serves me aright, all that was necessary to bring a first-class show to Atlanta during exposition time, was the announcement of one of Funston's powder burnings. He comes to Macon and—so does the rain. I would advise any of THE CONSTITUTION'S readers, who desire to expulse on the vertices.

"It is regular Atlanta weather," the Macon people take pleasure in announcing to those of their guests who are not supposed to know bet-ter. The result is, that Atlanta is mildly downed on all sides as being responsible for it. The people don't seem to know that Major

Funston is resposible for it all.

THE DAY AT THE FAIR.

Rain began falling about noon today, and while it didn't particularly effect what might be termed the Davis part of the programme, it kept a good many people from going to the kept a good many people from going to the park. Yet there was quite a large attendance park. Yet there was quite a large attendance and the result was the typical fair scenes. The streets of the city presented quite a lively ap-pearance. As one Maconite put it: "I have lived here fifteen years, and this comes the nearest to painting the town red that I ever

mine running down the sides of the buildings
—a la Atlanta—but I don't believe he did. Macon's decorations really show to better advantage than did those of Atlanta, and the citizens are right in being proud of their bes tiful little city.

The Johnston mansion is, of course, the cen-ter of attraction, as being the temporary home of the city's distinguished guests. All the members of the Davis party were pretty well fatigued by their long journey, and as a result there were no very early risers about Captain Johnston's home this morning. Mr. Davis re-mained quietly at the house all day, resting upon his bed or upon a lounge during most of

Shortly before 11 o'clock the gentlemen who were to escort Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Hays and Miss Winnie Davis to the park called at the Johnston house. The drive to the grounds was without particular event. The streets were quite full of people and at different places along the route there was considerable enthusiasm manifested. The band played "Dixie" as the carriages drove into the grounds, and there was a good deal of cheering by the The carriages drove to the band stand, a short

distance from the fair headquarters, and di-rectly in front of the little cottage which has been furnished and appropriately decorated for a temporary home for Mr. Davis and the members of his party while on the grounds. THE PRESENTATION TO MRS DAVIS. After more music from the band, President Northen introduced Colonel Tom Hardeman,

who, with the eloquence for which he is so justly noted, introduced the ladies to the vast crowd, and then, on the part of Macon citizens, presented to Mrs. Davis a beautiful silver bowl. He said: He said:
If frequently occurs in the demonstrations of public appreciation of valuable services or heroic deeds, that the man and husband are alone the favored recipients, while the equally descrying wife and mother, if not entirely ignored, are only assigned inferior positions in the programme. This is not owing to a want of a proper estimate of the sex, for in every Christian community, devotion to true womanhood characterizes the age. Man, mantled

that the man and husband are alone the favored recipients, while the equally deserving wife and mother, if not entirely ignored, are only assigned inferior positions in the programme. This is not owing to a want of a proper estimate of the sex, for in every Christian community, devotion to true womanhood characterizes the age. Man, mantled though he may be with selishness, does homage ta fidelity, courage, truth, plety, and these are elements that are woven in rich profusion in the woof, and warp of woman's true character. If, under the inspiration of his stronger passions, man follows the eagle as he rises upon strong wings to the shunder's home, and listen with delight to his wild scream from his eyric amid the rocks, he is equally moved by the soughidr's sweet motes upon the home tead roof or among the garden flowers. Loving the true, the noble and the good, he turns from the insheerities and selfishness of his own sex to find them harmoniously combined in beauty, force and loveliness in that of yours. Fermeating her nature, he sees them, like springs of the earth, welling up from below to cheer with their waters, like the dews of heaven descending from above to gladden. with their clears.

Pardon madam, this personal allusion, when I say the citizens of Macoa, fully appreclating these noble qualities which constitute the elements of tho true woman's character, have assigned to me the pleasing duty to present to you, a type of our southern woman's character, have assigned to me the pleasing duty to present to you, a type of our southern woman's character, have assigned to me the pleasing duty to present to you, a type of our southern woman's character, have assigned to me the pleasing duty to present to you, a type of our southern woman's character, have assigned to me the pleasing duty to present to you.

It is a frequent to you a gentleness that, like a sweet flower, "waved its fragman blossoms" over the hopes, affections and life, sweet as the breath of virgin spring, pure as the tears of early morning. T

millions of our love exclaim: "I our people are our people, and your God our God."

MRS. DAVIS REPLIES.

At the conclusion of Colonel Hardeman's remarks, Mrs. Davis rose, and, in a few words, expressed her thanks for the remembrance and her gratification at the hearty reception. President Northen then said that the State Fair association would feel bad if loft out in these rejoicings, and introduced Vice-President Waddell, who turned to Mrs. Hays, and, on behalf of the association, presented her with a handsome diamond brooch. This concluded the exercises on the stand, and the various persons who had occupied seats there were introduced to Mrs. Davis and her daughters. The ladies were then taken to the little cottage, which has been placed at their disposal, where an informal reception was held.

There was a great crush, everybody making an effort to be the first to greet the distinguished ladies. It took three policemen to keep the people from crowding in and completely filling the house. There was no red tape about the reception. As the people filed in they were introduced by President Northen, or some other of the prominent gentlemen, upon whom fell the pleasant duty of acting as escort to the guests of the day. For more than an hour the people crowded in the little house. Mrs. Davis and her daughters had a pleasant word for each, and the affair was a most delightful one. Miss Winnie was considerably fatigued by the reception, and at its conclusion was carried back to Captain Johston's. The other members of the party took lunch in the cottage. The lunch was an elaborate one. Among those present were Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Hays, President Northen, Governor and Miss Gordon, Colonel R. C. Park, Superintendent Nisbett, Mrs. E. C. Greer and Miss Fannie Greer, Mrs. Wm. H, Ross, Mrs. Miller, of Columbus, Judge T. Nisbet, Mr. Hape, of Hapeville, and Mr. Bacon, of southwest Georgia, who was a classmate of Mr. Davis at West Point. It was about three o'clock when Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Hays left the grounds and returned to Crest Hill.

THE SOCIAL FEATURE.

After a quiet dinner, the lady members of the Davis family began to make ready for the the Davis family began to make ready for the Thalian club gerraan and reception, given in honor of Miss Winnie. This was the social event of the week, and a most delightful offair it was. The Volunteer's armory, at which the german was given, was elaborately decorated, and the scene was a beautiful one. Here was gathered the leading society people of Macon, and their guests from all parts of the state. Beautiful women, handsomely dressed, made the assemblage a brilliant one, one which was an honor to the occasion. Mrs. Davis and Miss Winnie, were escorted to the armory by Captain Johnston. Mrs. Hays did not attend. The german was led by Mr. W. H. Felton, Jr. A pleasant incident was the presentation to Miss german was led by Mr. W. H. Felton, Jr. A pleasant incident was the presentation to Miss Winnie of a beautiful brooch, as a souvenir of the occasion. It was the gift of the Thalian club, and the presentation was made by Major-William Henry Ross, president of the club, in a few happy remarks. The dancing was kept up until after midnight.

The fruit bowl presented to Mrs. Davis is one of the handsomest pieces of silverware ever manufactured. When the Macon committee first went to Beauvoir, some of the members were struck with the fact that while many beautiful gifts had been presented to Mr. Davis and Miss Winnie at different times, Mrs. Davis had not been the recipient of quite so much attention of this nature. They at once determined that Macon should be heard from, and the result was the order for this beautiful souvenir. The bowl, which is probably eight inches in diameter, rests upon a silver tray, upon which is inscribed the

words:
Mrs. Jefferson Davis, from the citizens of Macon,
O oct 5 h, 1887.
The diamond brooch presented to Mrs. Hays Sistement Pays, from the chizens of Nacon, or 1.5 h, 1887.

The diamond brooch presented to Mrs. Hays is in the shape of a crescent, and contains thirteen diamonds. It is an exquisite specimen of the jeweler's art. It is the gift of the State Fair association through its directors, and Mr. Pearce Horn has been largely instrumental in its purchase. It cost about \$200.

The Thalian club's favor was a combination hair pin and brooch. It is a star and crescent, consisting of diamonds, rubies and emeralds, set in gold. It must have cost nearly \$200.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS.

The city is full of visitors. Tonight the ho-The city is full of visitors. Tonight the hotels and boarding houses are crowded, and there are guests at almost every residence.

Among the most prominent arrivals today were Governor and Mrs. Gordon, who, together with Senator Colquitt and the members of his family will be entertained at the famous college residence. General E. L. Thomas is here, as are Chancellor Mell, Captain John T. Wingfield, Hon. J. E. Thomas, J. L. Cobb and a number of others. The veterans' badge is to be seen on all sides, showing that the boys who fought will be out in force to-morrow.

morrow.

FROGRAMME.

It has rained hard all night, and the outlook for a pleasant day tomorrow is anything but propitions. Tomorrow is yeteran day, and unless the weather is very bad indeed, the review will take place, as advertised. Mr. Davis will review his old soldiers from the band stand, at noon. At night the Young Men's Volunteer association will parade, and will have, it is expected, 3,900 torch bearers in line.

ROYAL TREATMENT. ROYAL TREATMENT.

ROYAL TREATMENT.

The visiting representatives of the press are ander great obligation to the management of the Macon Telegraph, especially to President Campbell and Editor-in-Chief Richardson, for the attention they have received, and as an humble member of "the gang," I want to express as strongly as I know how my appreciation of the various kindnesses which have been shown us all. We are here as the guests of the Telegraph. Messrs. Campbell and Richardson wouldn't have it any other way. Quartered at the Hotel Lanier we have every possible attention. We have been literally floored with invitations everywhere and we have learned that Macon hospitality means

Washington, Ga., October 25.—[Special.]—Miss Hattie, daughter of Colonel Samuel Barnett, and Dr. Zounds, editor of the St. Louis Christian Advocate, were married this morning, Rev. Augustus Barnett, of Eufaula, officiating. They leave at once for the groom's home in St. Louis, Mo.

NOTES FROM THE FARM.

From the Bronwood, Ga., Reporter. The potato crop is being housed. Some of our farmers report very good yields.

From the Criffin, Ga., Son.

The cane erop in this county is a good one-and plenty of home-made syrup is being made by our farmer friends. The syrup made in this section is in every way equal to the New Orleans syrup, and it is sold for a much less price. From the Blakely, Ga., Broad-Axe.

There are some very large cattle ranches in the southern portion of this county, and the raising and shipping of cattle is getting to be quite an in-dustry here.

dustry here. From the Washington, Ga., Chronicle. Mr. Caleb Ramsey keeps up the reputation of his family for good farming. This year he made fifteen bales of cotton to the plow and plenty of corn. On one patch of four acres he will make over four bales of cotton. He says he makes money farming every year. We are glad to know of his success.

From the Valdosta, Ga., Times.

John A. Folsom has gathered and measured nis prize patch of corn. He made, despite the unfavorable season, fifty-five bushels per acre. John is the right sort of a farmer. Plenty of such would give us plenty of hominy and sop, without the curse of laboring men—the everlastin, lien.

From the Cumming, Ga., Clarion.

Sheriff Tinsley made the best yield of corn on upland, that we have heard of the present year. From two and a half acres he gathered this week seventy-five bushels of corn. This demonstrates that he is not only one of the best sheriffs, but also a first-class farmer.

Dr. D. E. Wily again demonstrates this sear that he is one of the best farmers in Cherokec county. From two acres of land he will get two bales of co tto—he has already sold one tale, and has fully enough to make another equally as large of larger.

HELD BACK BY SMOKE.

Two Ladies in a Dangerous Situation.

ANEARLY MORNING FIRE IN SAVANNAH Which Aroused the Neighbors and Was Almost Fatal to the Inmates—Large

Amount of Cotton Ablaze. 6:10 this morning two alarms were turned for a fire in a block of tenements on Habersham and Taylor streets. The first alarm was from box 46, and the second from box 27. Some confusion was caused by the double alarm. The first started in the middle of the block in a The fire started in the middle of the block in a two-story frame dwelling occupied by Mrs. F. W. Cornwell, a widow, and her daughter. Both ladies were awakened early in the morning by a noise in a neighbor's yard. At that ime they smelled wood burning, but thinking that it was some one next door getting breakfast, went to sleep again. They were next awakened by cries from without, and by the noise of neighbors pounding on their front door. Both sprang up, but the rooms up stairs were so filled with smoke that they had to grope their way to the door. The hall and the stairway were a sheet of flame, and it was impossible to escape that way. Turning, the frightened ladies rushed to a window, but it was a dangerous leap to the ground. They could not get out on the roof over their own stoop, without going in the hall, and that mean certain suffocation. At the risk of their necks they climbed out of a window and gained the they climbed out of a window and gained the roof by an adjoining stoop. By this time the fire department had arrived. A ladder was raised, and the two ladies were carried down by the firemen. All of the houses are owned by Martin Suller. He was fully insured in Wheaton's agency. His loss is about \$1,000 on the several dwellings. Mrs. Cornwell's loss is \$500 and Mrs. Sampson's \$150.

THE BURNING COTTON.

The work of discharging the wet cargo of the British steamship Sylvia is going on as rapidly as possible. The bales in the two forward hatches are being taken out by a large force of longshoremen, and by noon tomorrow the vessel's forward hold will be clear. The the vessel's forward hold will be clear. The tugs pumped the vessel out yesterday, and ever since the work of unloading the ship has been going on. In all about 1,500 bales of cotton have been taken out of the holds. The after hatches have been battered down, and that part of the cargo is all right. The ship is not injured, and only about half the

THE RESOLUTE IN TROUBLE. British Tribunal Sitting in Savannah to

Try the Matter.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 25.—[Special.]—A judical tribunal created by the branch of the English government known as the board of trade, began an interesting session this evening. Several weeks ago the Britisth steamer Resolute, loaded with cotton, had its cargo badly damaged by fire and water. The cargo was discharged, and under the demand of the underwriters has been again loaded for foreign shipment. Last year a British steamer obtained insurance to cover freight, and then made a second freight money by discharging its damaged cargo, and this double profit the underwriters are determined to abridge. But the crew declare that they ought not to be compelled to ship on a vessel of wet cotton. They claim that the stench is sickening and intolerable, and that the consequent pulrefication Try the Matter. tolerable, and that the consequent putrefication will result in disease if not death. They also

tolerable, and that the consequent putrefication will result in disease if not death. They also allege that wet cotton is liable to spontaneous combustion, and is, therefore, perilous. They, therefore, made application to the British vice-consul here to be relieved from voyaging under such conditions. This application was laid by cable before the English board of trade. The board directed the tribunal usual in such cases to be erected, and under this order Walter R. Robertson, the vice-consul, acts as president of the tribunal, and has associated with him J. B. Duckworth, James K. Clark and two masters of English steamers. This bench of judges met this afternoon. Garrard and Meldrian and A. H. McDonnell represented the crew; Charlton and McKall and George A. Mercer appeared for the insurers of the cargo. The captain, who was present to maintain the rights of the owners of the vessel, and the underwriters of the hull, was without counsel, except an unprofessional gentleman by the name of Mr. Denham, whom the court would not recognize. The captain is ready to sail and wants to weigh anchor. Strachan & Co., the consignees, do not want the cargo carried across the water, and strongly abet, if they do not incite, the application of the crew. The underwriters of the cargo want it transported, but these conflicting wishes and interests are not directly in question. The formal issue is, shall the crew be forced to sail in a ship with a cargo that is alleged to be verying towards unhealthy.

we have learned that Macon hospitality means something. Every member of the Telegraph staff seems to think it encumbent upon him to play the part of host as they all know how to do so. The newspaper men here are: Willis B. Hawkin's, of the Chicago News; Fred D. Mussey, of the Chicago News; In a ship with a cargo that is alleged to be verging towards unhealthy putrefaction. Doctors Reed and Duncan say there is nothing deleterious to be feared from a voyage. Doctors Lyusalubrious to make a passage with such a cargo. As these four medical experts hold opinions that are opposed, though doubtless equally scientific, it is likely will be aligned as putrefaction. Doctors Reed and Duncan say there is nothing deleterious to be feared from a voyage. Doctors Lyus nature in the Chicago News of the St. Louis in a ship with a cargo that is alleged to be verging towards unhealthy putrefaction. Doctors Reed and Duncan say there is nothing deleterious to be feared from a voyage. Doctors Lincoln and Elliot aver that it will be extreme-

morning.

The thermometer fell from 82 degrees at 3 o'clock to 56 degrees at 11 p. m., and the mer-cury is still sinking.

THE COLORED EXHIBITION. ber, 1888.

ber, 1888.

Augusta. Ga., October 25.—[Special.]—A large meeting of colored citizens was held tonight, to hear from Phillip Joseph, the director general of the National exposition of the colored race to be held in Atlanta in November, 1888. It was unanimously decided that the colored race of Augusta should make an exhibit. The object of the exposition is to show the progress of the race, both intellectually and mechanically, in the past twenty-five years. They expect to raise \$20,000 in shares of \$5 cach. It will be the biggest show ever gotten up by colored people of this country.

GEORGIA ODDITIES.

From the Brownwood, Ga., Reporter.
Cupid will now proceed to garner his fall harvest.
The weather is turning cool.

From the Valdesia, Ga., Times.

This is the season of the year for the 'possum bake.

Possum and taters—yum, yum. The hint makes a

TWO BIG SCARES

Which Made the People Tremble in 1836—
An Incident at Lagrange.

From the Lagrange, Ga., Reporter.

Uncle Jimmie Loyd related to us, the other day, the incidents of a big Indian scare which occurred in 1836—the year in which he moved to his present home. "Our friends, the enemy," then occupied the territory west of the Chattahoocher and were in dangerous proximity to the new settlements. He was at dinner, when a negro, frightened almost to death, came up and said that the red men, 500 strong, were crossing the river. Uncle Jimmie told him there was nothing of it, and made no pause in masticating his meal. Pretty soon a couple of excited neighbors rode up to his gate with the same news, and proposed that he go with them to Lagrange to obtain guns. He said, in reply, that it was only a scare—that he would go to the river and see for himself. One of the men agreed to accompany him—the other kept on his way. As he started off his wife, greatly alarmed, asked if he was going to leave his family to be massacred. He quited her fears and set out. The road was so blocked with refugees in wagons, buggles, carts, etc., that he had to keep on one side for a long distance. Finally he reached the river bank and found that no savages were in sight—just as he expected. One poor woman had been abandoned to her fate and was nearly paralyzed with fear. He took her behind him on his horse and carried her to his house, where she remained until the trouble was over. The trans-Chattahoochee folks field to this side the big stream, the cis-Chattahoochians to La-Grange, and the citizens of LaGrange sought safety at Greenville. Altogether, it was a memorable experience, and the venerable relator said he hoped never to pass through a similar one.

And yet he did. It was a day of cesseless watching and fearful anxieties—a tenson of And yet he did. It was a day of cesseless

similar one.

And yet he did. It was a day of ceaseless watching and fearful anxieties—a tensish of mind and body so severe that it was merciful it was cut short. Wilson's bummers crossed the Chattahoochee after they had captured the gallant company of men and boys in Fort Tyler, and spread out upon the land on their diabolical mission. Soon they began to pass the gate of bur aged friend, who stayed at home to give such protection as he might to his family and property. The first rider who stopped demanded "the best pair of pants" in the house, politely pointing to his own worn trousers and saying he was "a thousand miles from home," and, therefore, was oblighed to make the request. They were instantly forthcoming. He then rode off with a satished air. The next fellow was not so urbane—indeed, was drunk—and wanted to know what had become of the horses and mules? When informed that they had been sent off, he asked wherefore. He was answered that it would not have been possible to make a crop otherwise. This was the signal for opening the flood gates of abuse and imprecation, which was patiently borne in view of the fact that it could not be helped. Things looked threatening for a time, but finally his companion, who was sober, coaxed him away, and that danger was over. The next crowd wanted whisky. None was to be had, but Uncle Jimmie brought out his supply of blackberry wine. Another belated, fagged out squad asked for breakfast. This was furnished, eaten with a relish and paid for with a five dollar confederate note! Thus, by tact and good management, which were evinced in yielding to their every demand, the proprietor got off with small loss, but breathed much more freeto their every demand, the proprietor got off with small loss, but breathed much more free-ly when he realized that the last plundering invader was well on his way to other fields of

We should add that the more valuable We should add that the more valuable, jewelry of the family was saved by a ruse. The cheaper sort was polished up and placed in a convenient drawer. The soldiers of "the best government the world ever saw" quickly rifled this receptacle, but dreamed not of the "hidden treasures" which had been stored away out of reach. In order to be prepared for emergencies, half the meat was retained in the smoke house, while the other half was quietly removed to a place of safety. Thus the "yank" would have a sop, if it was required, while enough would be saved for family use. In all this, Uncle Jimmie showed consummate generalship, remaining master of consummate generalship, remaining master of the situation and proving himself quite a match for the marauders.

TALLAPOOSA'S BOOM.

TALLAPOOSA'S EOOM.

The Great Sale of Town Lots at Big Prices—
Heavy Rain.

TALLAPOOSA, Ga., October 25.—[Special.]—
There was a heavy fall of rain here last night, and this morning it was a cold drizzle. Notwithstanding this. Colonel Adair sold in less than two hours fifty-four lots for \$15,000. Yesterday the sales footed up \$20,000. The bidding today was sharp and quick, and had the weather been fair enough the sales would have reached \$50,000, if not more. Nearly every state in the union is represented here, and many of them purchased lots.

An iron company purchased twenty-five or thirty lots near where work will commence in four weeks on a fifty-ton fron furnace. To every purchaser erecting a \$500 house on the lot purchased the company gives him the last note given for the purchase.

Notwithstanding the cold rain and large crowd, not a drunken man is to be seen. The crowd is sober, quiet and orderly. Tallapoosa is a dry town. The palace car, Yellowstone, come here from Worcester, Mass., with a jolly crew of newspaper men. H. T. Sperry, of the Hartford, Conn., Post, whose post-prandial talks are proverbial for wit; J. E. Spalding of the same journal; W. H. Goldsmith, of the Hartford Times; W. L. B. Barker, a regular shouter of the Hartford Courant; Colonel L. L. Morgan, with the piuck and dash of Colonel John H. Morgan, of the New Haven Register; W. F. Osborne, of the Springfield, Mass., Republican, are accompanied by the following capitalists: Deacon J. D. Rathbon, D. Carlton, Hartford, Conn.; H. B. Church, Bridgeport, Conn.; W. W. Bull, Plymouth, Conn.; M. J. Brewer, Hockaman, Conn.; Major F. T. Lee, E. Lockwood, Fred Kauff, Harry Stevens, New Haven, Conn.; A. E. Huil, Meriden, Conn.; H. H. Martin, Wallingford, Conn.; J. D. Welch, South Glastonbury, Conn.

Last night, despite the falling rain, the Thompson brass band, of Austell, serenaded the boarders at the "Yellowstone."

Parson Sperry was introduced as the future mayor of Tallapoosa, but in a witty speech declined that office, but indicated his willin

in the faith.

If the weather is fair tomorrow, a still larger crowd and heavier sales are anticipated.

A strong company is being organized of work the iron mines.

THE DAY'S NEWS.

The Sulcide of a Georgia Murderer in Texas.

HIT ON THE HEAD WITH A HATCHET. The Pension Money Returned-A Fatal Ex-

plosion in Griffin-A Lost Pocket-Book Found.

The graders on the Georgia Southern are now working at Adel—half way between Val-dosta and Tifton. They will cross into Lowndes county soon.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama railroad will be held on the 3d of November. Stockholders and their families will be passed free of charge upon presentation of their stock certificates to the station agent nearest their place of residence. place of residence. Special pension officer Steele was in Griffin this week and received from Mrs. Hatton \$428, the amount received by her in the Brooks fraudulent pension affair. This will probably relieve her from any further trouble, but leaves

the matter looking rather more serious for the other parties involved. Last Saturday some negro men were in the store of W. H. Glover, at Andersonville, when a white man called Toodles Subers, walked in and picked up a hatchet and struck one of the negroes on the head with the edge of it, cutting a long deep gash. Dr. B. L. Joiner was called in to attend the wounded man. The negro is still alive, but the cut extended into the brain one or two inches. Subers has not been arrested.

The corn crib of Jim Tiller, a tenant on H. A. Haye's place, near Crawford, was burned last week, with about five barrels of corn. This makes the second corn crib and one cotton house he has lost by fire in the last three years. Suspicion is strong against a negro who formerly lived in this neighborhood, but now of Athens. An attempt was also made to burn his cotton house last Friday night, but was discovered in time to save it.

The Lumpkin Independent tells of an at-tempt at murder which came near proving atal to Mr. John Glenn, one of Stewart counrata to Mr. John Green, one of Stewart country's prominent young farmers. The particulars are about as follows: Mr. Glenn, accompanied by a negro and three or four white men, had been to Columbus and sold some cotton, and had just returned and entered his house, when the negro, who was about half drunk, came into the house and told Mr. Clark. the negro, who was about half drunk, came into the house and told Mr. Glenn that he wanted three dollars. Mr. Glenn offered him one and a half dollars, telling him that he had no more change, but would get some in a few days. The negro began cursing him and threatening his life, when Mr. Glenn caught him by the collar and hurled him backward, telling him to leave his house. The negro then drew a large knife, raised it and made an attempt to stab Glenn. Mr. James Patten and Mr. Harris caught the negro attd succeeded in getting the knife from him, when he drew a pistol from his pocket and tried to shoot, but before he could do so Mr. Patten seized a gun and struck him a severe blow, which felled him to the floor and put an end to the proceedings. A warrant was procured, to the proceedings. A warrant was procured, and the negro is now in Lumpkin jail under charge of assault with intent to murder.

Griffin News: Yesterday morning, just a ter 9 o'clock, Mr. Walter Bates, one of the proprietors of the Griffin gin, happened to a very serious if not fatal accident. The engine used at this ginnery is a fifty-horse power improved engine, and at the time was running at full speed, when Mr. Bates attempted to throw the main belt off with a small piece of scantling, which was twisted out of his hand and whirled around with the rapidity of lightning. On the which was twisted out of his hand and whirled around with the rapidity of lightning. On the rebound it struck him a severe blow just under the left ear and along the jawbone, knocking him senseless, in which condition he remained for some time. Mr. W. A. Bates was present at the time, and says that Engineer Whitten was just about to turn off the pressure from the engine when the accident occurred. He immediately rushed up to Mr. Walter Bates and found him insensible, with blood gushing from his ears, nose and mouth. He at once procured a conveyance and had him carried to his residence on Hill street, where he was attended by Ors. Drewty and Drewry and R. H. his residence on Hill street, where he was attended by Drs. Drewry and Drewry and R. H. Taylor, who did all in their power to relieve his suffering, but could only administer such medicines as would give him ease. The extent of his injuries cannot be estimated until

he regains consciousness.

Thursday night, as the train from Gaines Jefferson, Dr. S. S. Yearwood, of Pendigrass, lost his pocketbook, and claimed that his pockets had been picked. There were three strangers, that is, people the doctor did not know, on the train, one of whom was the

The following is the notice referred in the above:

On Monday about 3 o'clock a young man was found in one of the shedr of the Jefferson Lumber company, near the East Line, in an insensible condition. Near by was found a four-ounce laudanum bottle nearly empty and it was at once surmised that he had taken the deadly drug with suicidal intent. Officers were notified and Dis. Harris and Brdsong attended him. They did all in their power but could not revive him. He lingered in a stupor till night when he died. In his pockets were found \$2 in money and a letter, written in penell and advices of to the Banner with a request to publish. No one kn w the young man, but it was learned that he acceptification of the test of the Banner with a request to publish. No one kn w the young man, but it was learned that he he mane of Joe Smith. The letter was substantially as follows:

GREENVILLE, Texas, Monday morning, September

**Second of the second desired as a second less than when the second and acceptance of the second acce

main were buried yesterday by the city authori-ties.

An Enquirer-Sun reporter made diligent in-quiry yesterday among former citizens of Tal-bot county, but could learn nothing of the murder referred to in the above or of any of the parties named. The question now is, who was Lum Walker?

RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. Personal and Other Gosslp of Interest to Railway People.

Mr. Sol Haas has been visiting Atlanta. Mr. Joe White, traveling passenger agent o he Georgia railroad, is in Atlanta.

the Georgia railroad, is in Atlanta.

Mr. Rufus G. Commorford, of the South Florida railroad, was in Atlanta yesterday.

Major Lewis L. Monteith, of the Cincinnati Southern railroad, was in Atlanta yesterday.

Colonel C. H. Phinizy, president of the Georgia railroad, spent yesterday in the city.

Major M. H. Smith, the general manager of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, is in the city. Colonel C. P. Atmore, of the Louisville and lashville, is in Atlanta on important railway busi-

Mr. James L. C. Pringle, of the South Caro-ina railway, spent several days in Atlanta last General E. P. Alexander, president of the Georgia Central, spent a few hours in the city yes-terday.

Mr. Walter G. Coleman, assistant general passenger agent of the Illinois Central railroad, is in Atlanta. Mr. R. C. Donaldson, traveling agent for the columbus and Dayton railroad, has been in the (i.y

Mr. J. W. Coleman, assistant general passenger agent of the New Orleans and Jackson route, is in the city. Mr. R. H. Hill, traveling passenger agent of the Houston and Texas Central railroad, has been

visiting Atlanta.

Mr. T. M. Emerson, of Wilmington, N. C., will reach Atlanta tais morning. He is representing the Atlantic Coast line.

Mr. J. M. Culp, the general freight agent of the Louisy-lie and Nashville ratiroad, came to At-Mr. John Howard, general passenger agent of the Mobile and Ohio rallroad, with headquarters at Cairo, Ili., is in the city.

or the Mount and the city.

Mr. John L. Quattlebaum, of Little Rock, Ark, a well known railway man, is in the city in charge of a party of emigrants to the west.

Mr. A. B. Pickens, the general passenger

agent of the South Carolina railway, with head quarters in Charleston, reached Atlanta yesterday. Last night six or eight passenger agents, representing the leading lines in the south, held a conference. Their proceedings were kept strictly secret.

Mr. T. Hazel Wells, one of the attorneys for

Mr. J. L. Y. Charlton, general passenger agent of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, is in the atty is temporarily staying.

Mr. J. L. Y. Charlton, general passenger agent of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, is in the city to confer with a number of prominent passenger agents who are here.

Mr. Charlie Perryman, of the Chesapeake and O to railroad, with headquarters at Baltimore.

and O do railroad, with headquarters at Baltimore has been in the city several days. He went to Talla poosa yesterday morning. Mr. J. J. Champion, passenger agent of the Louisville, New Albuny and Chicago reilroad, has seen in the city several days. He left here last night for Jacksonville, Fia.

Mr. Richard Caldwell, a well known railway man of Birmingtam, has been in Atlart: for the past week. He came over with a party of Alabama people to attend the exposition.

Major W. L. Danly, the general passenger agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis rainfold, recognized as one of the ablest railway officers in the southern states, is visiting Atlanta on important business. The Atlantic Coast Line, the News and Courier says, is determined to give the public the best service of any road in the south. A new fast schedule between Charleston and Columbia will go into effect in a few days.

Mr. James A. Aglar, general agent of th Union Pacific railroad, with headquarters in St. I oais, and Mr. Newton Haight, of the same road, have been in the city several days. He went to Birmingham last night.

The general passenger agents of the South Nearly four hundred tickets, from Atlanta

to Macou and return, were sold yesterday by the ticket agent of the Central railroad, and nearly as many were sold by the a cent of the East Tennessee, Virginia at d Georgia railroad. Virginia at d Georgia ratiroad.

The Piedmont Air-Line, in connection with the Atlanta and West Point, Louisville and Nashville and Southern Pacific railroads, commenced running a line of clegant Pullman Buffet sleeping cars from Washington, D. C., via Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans and Houston to Galveston, Texas, without change, 1,556 miles. One of the longest continuous runs in the country.

Jose his poeketbook, and claimed that his pockes that she been picked. There were three strangers, that is, people the doctor did not know, on the train, one of whom was the conductor, John Singleton, who was running he can be the conductor. John Singleton, who was running he can be the conductor of the conductor should be an adverted to the conductor of the conductor shaped personal examination, but neither the pocketbook nor money was found. Conductor Singleton told Yearwood that he was on the platform of the car at Candler station with his pocketbook out, and must have dropped it there. Yearwood did not believe it, but finally agreed to go back and look for it. He returned on the autrain, took a light and found the misnig property alfintact, where he had dropped it. The loss created quite a commotion among the passengers until the property was found.

On Thursday night acob Short, colored, conductor shapp, burned so badly that he did her commotion among the passengers until the property was found.

On Thursday night acob Short, colored, where he had dropped it. The loss created the office of the city. He was sixty-three years old, and during the war was the body servant of D. E. Banks, and when his shoulders and carried him off the field and saved him from capture. In doing so he received two wounds, one in the arm and the other in the leg, but nothing daunting he bore his master was shot down he took him uncompromising democrat, and he always voted the domocratic ticket. No confederate soldier was proader of his war record than "Unclear of the colored the domocratic ticket. No confederate soldier was proader of his war record than "Unclear of the property of the colored the domocratic ticket. No confederate soldier was proader of his war record than "Unclear of the property of the proper

engeged in the night work soon accomplishes faily as much as those who work only by daylight."

A party of eastern capitalist passed through Atlanta yest relay morning on the way to Tallaposse. The tour sis are travelling in one of the Worcester Excursion Car company's palies hotel care. The car is luxurionsly furnished and is as comortable as the apartment in the finest hotel in the United Sia es. As the ear rolled along the track near the car shell the exist in the aim aften of hundageds of people, who had never seen anything exactly like it. The tourists not only sleep in the ear, but they take their meals in it. A high-pile if Flench cook is in charge of the culinary department, and the cuisine is excellent, as the following bill of far, a rivel yesterday at dinner, shows. Soupcons mme and macaroni; fist—broiled cod and egg sauce; broiled—leg of motion and caper sauce; rosts—strioin of beef, chie en, apple sauce; entrees—croquetic of rice, lemon sauce, macaroni with cheese; registable—inashed foratoes, sweet potatoes, corn, green peas, lettuce with mayonnuise; relishes—Workester hite sauce, had ord sauce, olives, mixely pickles, tomato catsup, obsw-chow; pastry—tapicou pudding, cream sauce, apple pic, orange jelly; deser.—En, lish walnuts, Ilberis, castanas, raisins, grapes, oranges, bananas, vanilla ice cream, crackers, cheese, coffee, tea. Following is a list of the names of the members of the party:

H. T. Sperry, J. D. Rathbun, J. E. sjadding, W. H. Goldsmith, W. L. B. Barker, D. Carle on, Hartford, Conn.; H. R. Church, Eridgeport, Conn.; W. W. Bull, Plymouth, Conn. M. J. Brewer, Hockanum, Conn.; Coloned L. L. Morgan, New Haven, Conn.; H. H. Martin, Wallingford, Conn.; J. W. Gore, in charge.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa,

Phillips' Digestible Cocos, Delicious, easily digested and highly nourish

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, tonfused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases,

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dys-"I have taken Hood's Særsaparilla for dys-pepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspep-sia, I was induced to try Hood's Saisapa. rilla, and have found great relief. I cheer fully recommend it to all." Mrs. E. F. Annable, New Haven, Conn.

Mrs. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass, was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick head ache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used. Hood's Sarsaparilla?

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.



CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the trangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisians State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Letteries which may be presented at our counters. J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bank. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

I INPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company Incorporared in 1868 for 25- years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with
a capital of 81,000,000—to which a reserved fund of
over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise
was made a part of the present State Constitution
adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and indersed by
the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take
place monthly, and the Semi-Annual Brawings regularly every six months (June and
December.)

ings regularly every six months (June and December.)
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. F. FNTH GRAND DRAWING.
(LASS I. IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW EORLANS. TUESDAY. November F. 1887—210in Monthly Drawing.
CAPITAL PRIZE \$150 000.

\$\vec{\pi}\$ Tokkets are Ten Bollars only.
Halves \$5. Fifths. \$2. Tenths, \$1.

Halves 85. Fifths, \$2. Ter
LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$150,000...
1 GRAND PRIZE OF \$6,000...
2 GRAND PRIZE OF \$6,000...
2 LARGE PRIZES OF \$6,000...
2 LARGE PRIZES OF \$16,000...
4 LARGE PRIZES OF \$5,000...
50 PRIZES OF \$5,000...
1,000 PRIZES OF \$500...
1,000 PRIZES OF \$500...
200 PRIZES OF \$500...
2 500 PRIZES OF
APPROXIMATION P
100 Approximation Prizes of 1
100 " "
1,000 Term'nal "

2,179 Prizes amounting to \$535,000
Application for rates to clubs should be made only of the office of the Company in New Orleans.
For further information write clearly, giving fall address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed M. A. DAUPHIN.

OF M. A. DAUPHIN.

Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guaranteee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw the Prize. sibly divine what number will draw the Frizes is REMEMBER that the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

18 CENTS

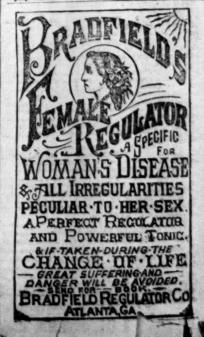
Per bushel (\$12.00 per ton) paid for good

Southern Cotton Oil Co. Mills

SAVANNAH, GA., ATLANTA, GA., COLUMBIA, S. C.

Price subject to change unless notified of reedpance for certain quantity to be shipped by a futu r date. Address nearest millas above.

July 3d & w 6m



CUTICURA REMEDIES.

SKIN SCALP BLOOD.

Lake Lee, Miss.

ALEXANDER BEACH, Greenville, Miss.

Mr. Besch used the Current Remeders, at our request, with results as above state L.

A. FINLAY & CO., Druggista.

SAVED MY MOTHER'S LIFE.

SAVED MY MOTHER'S LIFE.

Ever since I can remember, my mother has suffered from a milk leg. Nothing would do her any good. She had the best medical thient, but they all did her no good. She suffered with her leg for thirty y a sand never knew a well day. She would have to sit un half the night, belding up her leg and mounting. She had no poace. She used all the best known remedies in the country without effect. I asked her to up your Cutrotta Remedies. Got her a bottle of Cutrotta Resouvent, and she took it, and has taken in all about six or seven bottles, and now she is a well woman today. Her leg is entirely healed, and her health was never better. She can so out every day, sometime she has not done in tengrams, so you see I cannot help stating to you have saved my mother's life. I cannot find words or express my gratified. I have advertised your Cuticusa Remeo a larund near.

EDWARD LUEDER, 1506 Broadway, N. Y.

CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease from pimples to scrofula.

23 Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 filustrations and 10) testimonals.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by Curicura Medicated Soap.

NO RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME!

In one minute the Cuticura

inti-Pain Plaster relieves Rheumatic
sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous Pains, strains and Weaknesses. The first and Pain-killing Plasters. 25 cents.

DRS. BETTS & BETTS. ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, Syphilis-

in its results—completely enalicated without the use of mercury. Scronla, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Blotches, Pimples, Ocers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Threat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular Enlargement of the Neck, Rheumatism, Catarth, etc., PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED. URINARY, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhoa, Gleet, Cystilis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture.

Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakmess of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in male or

female, whether from imprudent habits of young or

sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permamently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential, Absolute cures guaranteed. No risk incurred. Correspondence promptly answered and
medicine sent free from observation to all parts of

the United States, Consultation free. Office hours,

8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 m. Correprondence receives prompt attention. 'Ne letters

answered unless accompanied by four cents in

stamps. Send stamp for 64 page pampl let and list
of questions. Address plainly.

DRS. BETTS & BETTS, 331 Whitehall ATLANTA, GA.



Does the work of one costing \$100. INDORSED BY LEADING BUSINESS MEN.

GEO, BECKER & CO., oct19-d1m&wky1m ONE MILLION



FOR SALE!

ELIGIBLY LOCATED LANDS, PERRY NUCENT, Sales, Va.



Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cap. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for porsons in health.

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, confused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the diges-tive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dysepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co.

Sick Headache

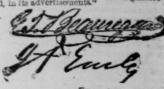
"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia, I was induced to try Hood's Saisapa rilla, and have found great relief. I cheer. fully recommend it to all." Mrs. E. F. ANNABLE, New Haven, Conn.

Mrs. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass, was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick head ache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.





He have be presented at our counters.
H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bank.
HERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank.
BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank.
ARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

INPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company. corporared in 1868 for 25 years by the Legisla-for Educational and Charitable purposes—with stal of \$1,000,000—to which a reserved fund of \$550,000 has since been added. an overwhelming popular vote its franchise ade a part of the present State Constitution of the December 24, A. D., 1872, only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by ple of any State.

It hever scales or postpones.
It herer scales or postpones. inber.) RTUNE. FINTH GRAND DRAWING.
SS I. IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW
MALANS, TUESDAY. November 2, 1887—
Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$150 000.
Notice. Tickets are Ten Bollars on Halves \$5. Fifths. \$2. Tenths, \$1.

CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$150,000 GRAND PRIZE OF \$0,000

her information write clearly, giving full POSTAL NOTES, Express Money New York Exchange in ordinary letter. ders, or New York Exchange in ordinary ders, or New York Exchange in ordinary derency by Express (at our expense) addressed M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La,

Washington, D. C.

Aldress Registered Letters to NEW OBLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a rearanteee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all could and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw the Prize.

HEMEMBER that the paymenr of all Prizes is CUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL EANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are covered by the President of an Institution, whose ANKS of New Orieans, and the Tickets are ched by the President of an Institution, whose hartered rights are recognized in the highest ours; therefore, beware of any imitations or nonymous schemes.

Southern Cotton Oil Co. Mills

SAVANNAH, GA., ATLANTA, GA., COLUMBIA, S. C.



CUTICURA REMEDIES.

SKIN SCALP BLOOD.

and tried several doctors without success, as our principal druggist, Mr. John P. Finchom I shall ever feel grateful, spoke to me principal, and I consented to give them a h the result that I am perfectly cured. new no sore abost me. I think I am show as surface where my sufferings sprams from no in the state. The CUTICURA REMEDIA.

ALEXANDER BEACH, Greenville, Miss.
Mr. Beach used the Curicusa Remedies, at our red the Cuticura Remedies, at our relis as above state 1.

A. B. FINLAY & CO., Druggists.

SAVED MY MOTHER'S LIFE.

Ever since I can remember, my mother has suffered from a milk leg. Nothing would do her any good. She had the best medical talent, but they all in there good. She had the best medical talent, but they all in there good. She suffered with her leg for hirty years and never knew a well day. She would asve to sit un half the night, bolding up her leg and noaning. She had no peace. She used all the best-nown remedies in the country without effect. I sked lier to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES. Got her, not has taken in all about six or seven bottles, and now she is a well woman today. Her leg is entirely realed, and her health was never better. She can to out every day, something she has not done in en years, so you see I cannot help stating to you short your wonderful CUTICURA REMEDIES. You have saved my mother's life. I cannot find words

propared from it, externally, and CUTICURA prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA NEW, the new blood purifier, internally, are tive cure for every form of skin and blood e from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere, Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; SOAF, 25 cents; RESOLVENT \$1. Prepared by Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston. 28 Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64

PIM PLES, black-heads, chapped and ofly skin

NO RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME!

In one minute the Cuticuta

Anti-Fain Plaster relieves Rheumatic

Sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous

DRS. BETTS & BETTS,



ek of Confidence, Dull, Listless, Unfit for Business, and finds life a burden, SAFELY, WENTLY AND PRIVATELY CURED.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, Syphilis—a disease most horrible in its results—completely eradicated without the completely eradicated without the Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, les, Cleers, Pains in the Head and ic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, rygement of the Neck, Rheumatism, PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN

URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Cystiis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges teasonable.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

lood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, dnal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakof Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in male or
ale, whether from imprudent habits of young or
all habits in mature years, or any cause that deates the sexual functions, speedily and permadiy cured. Consultation free and strictly connial. Absolute cures guaranteed. No lisk inmed, Correspondence promptly answered and
tieine sent free from observation to all parts of
United States. Consultation free. Office hours, the United States. Consultation free. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 m. Correspondence receives prompt attention. Ne letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps. Send stamp for 64 page pampilet and list of questions. Address plainly.

DRS. BETTS & BETTS, 33½ Whitehall St., ATLANTA. GA

WORLD TYPEWAITER

Does the work of one costing \$100. INDORSED BY LEADING BUSINESS MEN. GEO. BECKER & CO.,

end for Circular. 30 Great Jones St., New York City ONEMILLION

Strawberry Plants, etc., selling low at

Willow Late Nursery. Descriptive Catalogue and Price List mailed free on application. Address: SAM-UEL H. RUMPH, Marshall-ville, Ga. octle-dawkim

FOR SALE!

ELIGIBLY LOCATED LANDS,

PERRY NUCENT, Salam, Va.



THE SOUTHERN STATES.

The News Collated from All Parts of Dixie.

A stave factory is projected at Vanndale, Arkadelphia has not enough houses to accommodate its population. The colored people's fair at Pine Bluff last week was quite successful. Thirty-nine counties of the state have both ailroad and water outlets.

railroad and water outlets.

Sulphur springs' street railway will soon be completed at a cost of \$150,000.

Pine Bluff is in need of brickmasons. Brick and lime are also in demand there.

The Fort Smith authorities made an abortive attempt to bar out a circus last week. Clinton, a little son of Bun Campbell, of Central City, was run over by a wagon and In the last six months, Fort Smith has laid

twenty miles of flagstone sidewalks, worth \$40,000. The Iron Mountain road has put on a new norning train between Pine Bluff and Little

There are 2,821 scholars in the public schools of Little Rock, an increase of 303 over last

The trades procession at Fort Smith on the 20th was the biggest affair of the kind that Arkansas has ever seen.

Arkansas has ever seen.

A Kansas City syndicate has bought 9,000 acres of white oak land on White river, White county, at 85 per acre.

The Hot Springs police have declared war on unmuzzled dogs. Several mad dogs have made their appearance in town.

An important levee is being huilt on the

An important levee is being built on the dividing line between Arkansas and Louisiana. There are 200 men and 100 teams actively at

Corn of the new crop is sold in Winona at 45 cents a bushel.

Jackson has shipped about 6,000 bales of cotton this space. ton this season.

Yazoo county needs thirty teachers for the There are 70,000 white and 140,000 colored Baptist in the state. The rainfall at Natchez last Tuesday amount-

ed to 5.22 inches.

Friar's Point has shipped more cotton this season than ever before.

The compress at West Point has handled 5,000 bales so far this season.

Lee Cole, of Noxubee county, raised \$2,000 worth of lezpedeza hay this season.

The value of West Point property has been doubled in value in the last seven years.

A monument is to be erected to the late Major Mason, of the Port Gibson Reveille. The colored Masons of Johnsonville, Sunflower county, dedicated a fine new lodge building last week.

John Cenner, of Lake Lafayette, Sharkey county, accidentally shot and killed himself with a derringer pistol. Vicksburg had received 14,677 bales of cotton up to Friday night, an increase of 8,335 bales over last year.

bales over last year.

George Blair, the Clarksdale barber, cleared \$1,000 this season on a patch of cotton which he worked with hired labor.

Panola county huntsmen killed a bear re-

ently that weighed 700 pounds and measured six inches across the foot.

Greenville will soon have a steam laundry. The Review says the washing done in the town, outside of families, costs \$2,000 a month. John Alderman, an Indian, who killed one of his own tribe several years ago, in Neshoba connty and escaped, has been arrested.

county and escaped, has been arrested.

A predatory buzzard brought famine to the door of the Port Gibson Record man, by flying away with the week's ration of beef, which the butcher had hung on the front gate.

The truly good Yazoo Delta Review is responsible for the following: A pony threw a boy yesterday on the street, and while he was in the air he kicked a bottle of whisky out of his bocket.

The Jackson State Ledger's poet laureate is trying to outdo the Grenada Sentinel's bard. In the last issue of the Ledger he has four glowing stanzas addressed to a marble "statute."

The Meridian News of the 18th consisted of sixteen well printed pages of good reading matter, handsomely illustrated. The News deserves liberal support from the people in its bailiwick.

Senator George has had to submit to so painful operations in the treatment of his eyes, but they have been very much improved, and he expects to be dismissed by the oculist in a few days. W. H. M. Durham, the principal of Blue

W. H. M. Durnam, the principal of Disc.

Mountain academy, Tippah county, was accidentally knocked down last week by one of
his pupils, who was in hot pursuit of a vagrant
tomeat, and broke his thigh.

There is bad blood between whites and blacks in the neighborhood of Burdette, Washington county, and several hostile encounters have taken place. In one of these E. A. Sullivan and a white page areas I before the page of the several bases. van and a white man named Delarne were shot and seriously, though not fatally wounded. shot and seriously, though not fatally wounded.
George M. Buchanan, of Holly Springs, has
a five and a half year old Holstein heifer that
gave one day last week five gallons of milk,
which would produce over two pounds of butter. This record is surpassed by a two year
old heifer of the same breed, belonging to W.
A. Jones, of the same town, which produced
last year fifteen and a half pounds of butter
from seven days' milking.
TENNESSEE.

Jackson will soon have a spoke factory.
Pinkeye is pestering the cattle in Obion

The mule trade at Murfreesboro is improv-Athens will take \$22,000 stock in the Tellico The scholastic population of Hamilton county

Ripley has shipped about 1,200 bales of cotton this season.

ton this season.

Tom Rawls was killed in a steam gin at Brownville last week.

The Wheelers of Gibson county intend to establish a bank at Trenton. The corn crop of Moore county is turning out better than was expected.

better than was expected.

John Johnstone, of Wales station, Giles county, died last week in his 99th year.

John Lovell was severely cut by Henry Pate in Jackson last Friday. Pate escaped.

Thomas A. Bond, a prominent citizen of Williamson county, died last week, aged 87.

A little son of Arthur Seay, of Maury county, was burned to death a few nights

Cotton seed brings \$11 per ton in Dyersburg.
The oil mill is now in operation.
There are 1,000 agricultural wheels in the state, with an aggregate membership of 50,-000.

According to the Murfreesboro News, the farmers want an amendment to the price of The Dyer County Times says the county spends \$400 a month for Louisiana lettery tickets.

In Stewart county, Oliver Thompson was dangerously shot by Benjamin Travis.

J. A. Agee, of Crockett county, is 81 years old. He has 102 grandchildren and 48 great grandchildren.

Randall Hawks, who died in Gibson county recently, lacked but sixteen days of being 104 years old.

The Midland roadbed is graded and ready for the iron for a distance of four miles each way from Somerville. A hotel, to cost \$150,000 and with accommodations for 600 guests, will be erected on Look-

Out mountain.

Quails are scarce around Milan, but scaly-bark hickorynuts abound. The hunters, therefore, carry double-barreled sacks.

The Ohio Democrat informs an incredulous capital last years. world that its office safe was robbed last week of a peck of diamonds and \$32,000 in cash. The cotton gin mill of R. H. Todd, at Cottage

carelessly thrown into a wagon loaded with furniture wrapped in straw, set fire to the wrappings and the whole load was consumed.

The Cumberland Presbyterlans now have in Tennessee 2,546 churches and a membership of nearly 150,000. The publication house in Nashville is credited with a clear profit of \$8,189 for the past year.

There lives in Houston a colored man named Dick Milan, who is 104 or 105 years old. He is still hale and hearty and drives an ox team, and does many things that much younger men are unable to do.

Mrs. Judith Beck, of Dickson county, is

Mrs. Judith Beck, of Dickson county, is ninety-one years old. She has eleven children, forty-two grand children, ninety-nine great grand children and one great great grand child. She can call each one by name on sight, and remembers the ages of them all.

and remembers the ages of them all.

A rural paper, in recording the arrest of Jim Reed for dealing in liquor without license, remarks: "Those who know Jim cannot believe that he is guilty. They say that if he ever gets hold of any liquor he would never sell it or give it away. He would drink it."

This paragraph from the Clifton Times needs explanation: "The sad spectacle of a young wife in tears, nursing a helpless infant of only a few months, was noticeable in Clifton Saturday. Her husband was lured from her side by drink and became intoxicated. This is the fair girl to whom, a few months since, he plighted his troth and consummated his vows in wedlock, promising to protect, support, etc."

A renarkable marriage occurred in Dresden

A remarkable marriage occurred in Dresden A remarkable marriage occurred in Dresden recently. David Byrn was united in marriage for the second time with Miss Emma Corlew, of Humphreys county, from whom he had been divorced ten years. About seventeen years ago Mr. Byrn and Miss Corlew were married (she at the time being only 15 years of age and he 18), and lived together seven years, during which time the union was blessed with three children. Trouble sprang up between them and they were divorced. They were separated "in bed and board" ten years, and never met until two months ago. Mr. Byrn went to see her, and they have since corresponded regularly, which resulted in marriage.

Captain King has submitted his report to the police jury of St. Mary parish. It shows the commerce of parish for 1887, to be \$7,397,934.35. nearly \$2,000,000 greater than in 1886. The report states there is a total commerce of \$82,-461,224.85 interested in the opening of Bayou Planuemine.

The East Feliciana agricultural fair will open on November 2. Provision has been made for the exhibition of all kinds of stock and

open on November 2. Provision has been made for the exhibition of all kinds of stock and agricultural productions. The department for ladies and their handiwork is attractive and complete. The prizes offered, though not large are liberal, considering that this is the first exhibition of the fair association.

Last Wednesday night between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock an altercation occurred at what is known as North Pole saloon, near Nixport, in the suburbs of Lake Charles, between two colored men, Henry Banks, alias Crowley, and Mose Smith, which resulted in the killing of Smith by Banks with a knife. Banks was promptly arrested and lodged in jail by the officers of the law.

The police jury of Union parish have ordered an election to be held in that parish on the 7th of November next to determine whether or not license to sell intoxicating liquors shall be issued next year or any succeeding year. If prohibition wins in this election it will prevail for all future time until the ordinance is repealed, thereby doing away with

ordinance is repealed, thereby doing away with the holding of an election every year. The Shreveport Journal says: We under-

stand a syndicate of capitalists have purchase stand a syndicate of capitains have purchased 18,000 acres of land in North Bossier. We would advise every man that has a few dollars to spare to invest in town lots or lands. The time is fast approaching when this section will become noticed in spite of the apparent lethargy of our people. If you want to save your money at a good interest buy land and buy now.

Friday morning, the 21st instant, Aladir Friday morning, the 21st instant, Aladin Edwin and wife, colored laborers on Mr. Romuald Theriot's place, Iberia parish, went to the field, locking their cabin and leaving therein their little children, aged one and three years, with a fire in the fireplace. Not long after the cabin was discovered on fire, and when the door was broken open, amid the flames were found the charred and lifeless bodies of the unprotected and defenseless little children.

The police jury of Lincoln parish have or-dered an election on November 8th, to deter-mine whether whisky can be sold in the parish in the next ten months. The town trustees did not relish this idea of voting throughout the parish, and have advised the people not to take part in this election, but to vote in an election ordered by the trustees confined to the town. This proceeding is pronounced illegal by a number of citizens of the town, who will re-fuse to take part in the town election.



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The cotton gin mill of R. H. Todd, at Cottage Grove, Henry county, was destroyed by fire county, was destroyed by in the battle of Mission Ridge, was sold October 12th. It consists of about twelve and a half acres, and the purchase price was \$21,485.

The inhabitants of Paris are much excited over the discovery of particles of gold in dirt over the discovery of particles of gol



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store, 24x90 feet, at a great bargain. This property is within 250 feet of the centre of Atlanta and on a street that has improved more rapidly within the last year than any other in Georgia, and is destined to be one of the most popular and prominent in the eity. The buildings on it are the largest and most costly. The most magnificent bank building in the state is now being erected on Decatur street. Capi talist have their eyes on it. Paved street, sewers

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tion of all of it, but if you want anything in our line we can suit you in location, quantity and price. Call and see us. WEST & GOLDSMITH, 25 Peachtree street. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. CEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY
So the undersigned for the additions and improvements to the Fayette county court house, at Fayetteville, Ga., until 12 m. Monday, November 28th, 1887.
Plans and specifications can be soon at the office of
Bruce & Morgan, architects, Atlanta, Ga., and also
at the office of the Ordinary, Fayetteville, Ga.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
Address,
Chairman of County Commissioners,

Chairman of County Commissioners Fayetteville, Ga. 1 month APPLICATION FOR CHARTER

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPE Trior Court of said county:
The petition of John C. Kimball, James A. Burns, and Edward P. Burns, shows that they have entered into an association under the name and style of THE ATLANTA LAND AND LOAN COMPANY, into an association under the name and style of THE ATLANTA LAND AND LOAN COMPANY, and by that name desire that they, their associates and successors, shall be incorporated for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal according to law; that the objects of the association are pecuniary gain and profit for its members, and the particular business proposed to be carried on is to buy, hold, sell, exchange, lease and rent real estate, both as principals and agents; to put improvements upon same, to negotiate loans of money on real estate, to borrow and lend money thereon, for the association and as agents for other persons, and to secure the same by giving or taking mortgages, or deeds thereto: to make and accept transfers, assignments, and sales of such securities as may be taken or given by the association in the course of its business, and to do any and all other acts and things necessary to fully carry on the business of dealing in lands and securities on lands and a general land and loan agency. The principal office of the company is to be located in Atlanta, in said county, but said business to be conducted anywhere within said state or the United States, at the will of the company. The capital stock of the company is to be ten thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to one hundred thousand dollars. Petition rs desire to have and exercise all corporate powers necessary to the purpose of their organization consistent with the laws of Georgia and of the United States, and that they shall thereby incur such liabilities only as are now imposed by the statute in such cases provided.

Wherefore, petitioners pray that they, their associates and successors may be made a body corporate

only as are now imposed by the sandy cases provided.

Wherefore, petitioners pray that they, their associates and success ors may be made a body corporate as aforesaid by order of this court.

BROYLES & JOHNSTON,
Petitioners Attorneys.

Filed in office September 18th, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the records of Fulton superior court. ThisSe ptember 18th, 1887.

C. H. NTROGO, S. S. C. C.



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Sun-wed-fri.

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Call on A. H Lindley. 27% Waitchall street. FOR RENT-HOUSES, COTTAGES,

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FOUND.

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ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 26, 1887.

Atlanta, Georgia

The Prohibition Fight.

It is argument and not abuse that is going to win in the campaign now pending in this

There is neither need, or justification, of excitement, bitterness or abuse. For two years Atlanta has tried prohibition. Her people are now called upon to decide whether or not prohibition has been a success. It is a simple question and one to be decided by the facts and by argument, and not by epithet, or by violence. The side that forsakes argument and descends to abuse, will lose not only in the general estimation, but in the strength of its polls.

Every Atlantian will agree that he wants Atlanta to prosper no matter how this issue may be decided. We have our homes and our business here. We want to protect and improve both. Whatever may be decided as regards prohibition it is to the interest of every voter that Atlanta should prosper. Now, it is undeniable that the bitterness arising from a heated campaign, the estrangement and division resulting from personal abuse, will hurt Atlanta more than she could be hurt by the election going either one way or the other. Prohibition-Ists and anti-prohibitionists agree on this

It is important, therefore, for partisans of each side to consider that they will lose votes by violence and by abuse, and for all Atlantians regardless of partisanship to consider that Atlanta will lose more by a bitter and heated campaign, than she could possibly gain by the success of one side or the other. We are an intelligent and sensible people. We have two years of experience, with its accompanying data and statistics by which to decide this question. Let us decide it soberly, earnestly, thoughtfully, and in perfect good nature and good temper.

THE cold wave that is billed for this section is likely to clean up things, but if the predictions of the weather bureau are no more trustworthy than heretofore, the cold wave is likely to be a sultry one.

In Suspense.

The refusal of the federal supreme cour to advance certain prohibition cases from Georgia and Kansas on the docket is understood by some to indicate the purpose of the court to render decisions favorable to the liquor men in the Iowa and Kansas cases which were up a week or so ago.

Prohibitionists regard the present status of the matter rather gloomily. It is rumored that the court has already decided two cases from Iowa, but has rendered no decision. As the eight judges were evenly divided, they affirmed the judgment of the court below to the effect that it was unconstitutional to deprive brewers and distillers of the right to use or sell their property without allowing them any compensation. provided such breweries and distilleries were owned by the parties injured before the passage of the prohibitory law. The Kansas case was very ably presented on both sides, and it is thought that half of the supreme judges will go even farther than Judge Brewer of Iowa did when he decided the prohibition law to be against the fourteenth amendment.

All this guess-work concerning the attitude of the supreme court is too unsubstantial to alarm the one side or to inspire the other with confidence. The decision will beve to be made public before the situation can be intelligently discussed.

One thing, however, may be said in advance. If at this late day the supreme court shall decide that prohibitory laws, when they deprive citizens of their property and business, are unconstitutional, the prohibition-1sts will form a strong national party to secure a prohibitory amendment to the constitution. It will be seen, therefore, that the action of the court may have the effect of making prohibition one of the livest of national party questions.

UNDER the operations of the excise system, whisky is freer now than it ever was. It is so free that temperance laws cannot souch its manufacture

Last Days of the Doomed Anarchists. Until the final decision is made as to the fate of the condemned anarchists, and until their cases are disposed of either by execution, commutation, imprisonment or otherwise, the city of Chicago must undergo a disturbing uneasiness which can only be lessened by its spirit of determination and its capacity for protection. In both of these she has proven herself amply able to take care of her people and property, and by pursuing the same course in future as she has in the past she will have but little to fear in executing the orders of the court in disposing of the Red gang who are now awaiting the death penalty for their heinous participation in the Haymarket massacre.

The final appeal to the courts of Illinois has been made and the verdict of the convicting jury has been approved, and only the supreme court of the United States stands between the doomed men and the death penalty which, the courts of Illinois have decreed, shall be paid on the 11th of November. The last hope of the anarchists, however, is an exceedingly slim one, and the effort of their attorneys derives its importance more from the promise of an early decision of the supreme court on the legal

ing formed an impression from rumor or ewspaper statements, provided he has exessed no opinion and states upon oath that he can render an impartial verdict, and

Secondly, that the defendants were put upon the witness stand and compelled to riminate themselves, and that their private papers were seized and used as evidence against them, which was in the nature of crimination by their own evidence. In this connection it may be said that the defendants were placed on the stand by their own attorneys, and their so-called self-criminating evidence was given in the prosecution's cross-examination to correct false impressions made by the defendants in their evi-

On the constitutional limitation of the juisdiction of the supreme court, which provides that its "judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution." General Pryor appeals to the highest court of the land, basing his application for a writ of error on the constitutional points presented above, and claiming the jurisdiction of the supreme court over the cases on the ground that the two considerations on which the appeal is made did not, in the trial of the defendants, allow them a fair hearing under "due process of law," which is guaranteed by the federal constitution. The attorneys for the anarchists argue that as that constitution extends to everyone the right of trial by an 'impartial jury," and guarantees the right of reservation of self-criminating evidence, and forbids states making laws abridging the privileges or immunities of citizens, as they claim Illinois has done in its jury laws, that the seven men were not convicted under due process of law nor in conformity with

the requirements of the federal constitution. The supreme court has granted a hearing of the appeal on Thursday next, at which time counsel will appear for the state of Illinois and for the defendants. Should the decision of the court be in conformity with the argument of the attorneys of the convicted men, the whole matter will be again reopened and the tedious trial will have to be gone over again. If, on the other hand, the state courts are sustained, the last barrier will have been torn down between the doomed men and the scaffold, unless Governor Oglesby extends executive clemency, the hope of which has long since been

abandoned. Whatever may be the decision of the supreme court in the matter, it will be a source of genuine regret to the law abiding citizens of the whole country if these red handed ruffians and murderers are, by any means, allowed to escape the gallows. The threats and murmurings of their fellow conspirators and their thousands of brutal and dangerous followers who avow their determination to carry the red flag of anarchy through the city in the event of the execution of the men, should only make stronger the determination to teach the advocates of their doctrine a lesson which will always serve as a

It was only a few days ago in the criminal court of Chicago that Attorney Grinnell, in open court, uttered these ominous words when sentence was about to be passed upon a criminal guilty of some minor infraction of the law: "In view of what is to take place in the Cook county jail November 11th, I would prefer that the prisoner's sentence should be made so as to expire before that date, because it is desirable that as few persons be in the jail at that time as pos-

The eyes of the country are now on the supreme court, and its decision in the matter is watched with the deepest interest.

WE are still waiting for the esteemed Commercial Advertiser to forward us one thousand Bland dollars for nine hundred dollars

A Victim of the Cigarette.

It is said that Robert Louis Stevenson, whose genius has endeared him to all who love good literature, is a victim of cigarette smoking. During an hour's conversation with a friend in New York recently he consumed a package of cigarettes, literally filling his lungs with the smoke and keeping them filled.

His physicians say that his ill-health has no other basis than this vile habit, and his family and his friends have implored him to give it up; but he continues to smoke, and it will be only a short time before the most powerful mind of this generation, so far as the production of fictive literature is con-

cerned, will succumb to the active cigarette. Mr. Stevenson is said to be in a terrible condition physically, though his mental faculties are as bright as ever. Cigarette smoking means the inhalation of smoke laden with nicotine and the fumes of chemically prepared paper. This inhalation has been very swift in its work in Mr. Stevenson's case. He has lost one lung, and the other is fast going, and his entire system is prostrated.

It is a pity that the most brilliant and fasinating prose writer of our day should be the victim of so silly a habit.

THE announcement that there are to be ome confederate flags in Macon during Mr. Davis's visit threatens to unsettle Halstead's mind. Let us hope that Halstead will keep his feet.

Mrs. Cleveland's Assailant. It is now announced that the idiotic attack on Mrs. Cleveland, which appeared in the editorial columns of the Mineapolis Tribune is from the gifted pen of a young man named Haskell. This young man is a son of the editor of the Boston Herald, and is a graduate of Harvard college. This latter announcement is unnecessary, for such a foolish and untimely article as the young man confesses he wrote could have emanated only from the pen of a green college graduate. It is only in very rare instances that college graduates make successful newspaper men. Occasionally we find one who distinguishes himself, but the great majority enter the business, when they enter it at all, with their heads full of foolish and false ideas that can never be combed out.

They go into the profession wrong end

the provincials of that region a taste of his the elder Haskell, who is a very plished newspaper man, had reached the scene of the trouble. What influence his presence may have we do not know, but he will deserve well of his country if he gives his hopeful offspring a few lessons in jour-

nalism with a barrel-stave. The New York Sun puts the whole matter very neatly when it says that what is needed in a newspaper office, more than anything else, is "midnight judgment." This is a pithy statement of the necessities of the situati Midnight judgment is the knowledge of what not to print-what to leave out-what to suppress and destroy. Fine writing and culture have their place, but they can never be as important in the newspaper office as midnight judgment.

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

LET US HOPE that the president, like the lady n the play, feels better now.

ONE NEWSPAPER MAN blames the Piedmont xposition for drawing a crowd. A CONTEMPORARY HAS an editorial headed Autumn Leaves." It is premature. Autumn has not yet left.

MISS FANNY DAVENPORT is writing on art of acting. This is wise. It would never do for Miss Fanny to act on the art of acting. MARK TWAIN'S NEW play, "The American

Claimant," is pronounced to be an exceedingly humorous production, but it is said to be rather a failure as a play. It is said that the late Francis Lacroix, of New Orleans, was the only negro who was ever

WHEN MR, EDGAR SALTUS was asked his favorite character in fiction he replied: "God." The success of such a man in literature shows that the American people like to be shocked. A CRITC IN Lippincott's Magazine says that no such character as Mr. Pecksniff will be found in real life. Dickens anticipated this critic when he wrote: "All the Pecksniff

cool hundred thousand over.

family upon earth are quite agreed, I believe that Mr. Pecksniff is an exaggeration. "THE MAIN DIFFICULTY about Webster's ictionary," says the book reviewer of the Charleston News and Courier, "is to know what to say of it." The reviewer might at least have given Webster a rap for skipping from subject to subject so abruptly, and for

his apparent want of continuity of thought. BERRY WALL, KING of the dudes, is glost ing over his last and greatest victory, which cenquest is over Robert Hilliard another broadway fop whose faculty for lightning change of costume and variegated style of make up has for a time pushed him forward into Berry's place as the recognized leader of the lot. Wall, put to his mettle, has snowed Hilliard under in marvellous rapidity of change and variety of style, and again reigns

MR. POWDERLY, MASTER workman of the Knights of Labor, in a public speech, in Cleveland, in referring to the prohibition question said: "It is not my desire to interfere with a man's right to drink whenever and wherever desires, so long as by the exercise of that right he does not infringe upon any rights of mine. I am not a prohibitionist, I would not legislate against any man's appetite. I am, however, to this extent a prohibitionist, that I always have and always will prohibit any in-toxicating liquor from being poured into my

Touring Through the South

Mr. H. H. Phinizy, of THE CONSTITUTION staff, leaves this morning for Montgomery, where he will begin the preparation of a series of letters on Alabama, its resources, condition and the social, political and industrial status of its people. Mr. Phinizy is one of the most capable men on THE CONSTITUTION, and selecting picturesque or significant topics his letters will prove instructive and interesting. Mr. Phinizy's work in Alabama will be

supplemented by similar work from other tes. He will go toMississippi, Louisiana l Texas — another member of our will writefrom the coast statesanother will deal with Kenwhile tucky, Tennessee and Arkansas. The letters, when concluded, will give the most thorough pictures of the south-its progress and condition-that have ever been printed. This work necessary, it appears to us, by the tre mendous progress made in the past few years, and the indefinite proportions it holds, even in the minds of most observant people.

FTTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Hon. James Bell for Alderman at Large. Some days ago there appeared a statement in the paper that a separate "labor ticket" would be run for members of council, regardless of the nominees of the pohibition or anti-prohibition parties. It will be a misfortune and almost a calamity it all the people can not meet at the courthouse as heretafore and nominot meet at the courthouse as heretofore and nominate a "citizen's ticket." It is very true the "horny handed sons of toil" should be represented in both the common council and the aldermanic board. We believe for many years there has not been distinctively a laboring man elected as alderman. The Hon. James Bell for ten years or more was an engineer on the State road, and now "mounts the cab and pushes the throttle" on the Richmond and Danville road. Mr. Bell is an honored member of that noble and conservative order—the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He is an able, clear-headed, intelligent man, and has made a most admirable member of council. Elected unanimously from the fifth ward, he has done nothing to for left the confidence of the people, but everything to retain and enhance the respect his constituency have for him. He is the only member of the city council who has attended every meeting and answered promptly to believe for many years there has not been dis every meeting and answered promptly. The public knows "Jim Bell's" (as te call him) votes on all measures affecting their ests, and by this unsullied record, thus made, entitled to the "well done, good and faithful nt—come up higher."

Smith Clayton Writes a Card EDITORS CONSTITUTION: One of your able report is states this morning in "Caught on the Fly," that "Smith Clayton, who was heretofore a rabid anti-prohibitionist, has 'switched,' and will be found in the ranks of the prohis in the present campaign." I am glad he wrote that paragraph. He has given me a chance to write a card in your valuable paper. It is true, my son, I voted the wet telect two years ago. Labell vote the day telect. ticket two years ago. I shall vote the dry ticket this time. I have "switched," if you please, but I run my own engine, and will now turn on the head-light so that you can see my reasons. The "reverse" power of a locomotive, my boy, is a very useful thing. A "one-way" engine would be a very poor affair. This great truth is peculiarly applicable to "switch engines," to one of which you have been

pleased to compare me in your bold and picturesque metaphorical way. Now for the headlight: I shall yout the dry ticket because I am in favor of giving the local option law a fair test. That it has not yet had. When it was carried in this county it became the duty of all good citizens, irrespective of party, to aid in its enforcement. Instead of this a strong, flerce faction has done all in its power to hinder its enforcement. It la: been fought, defied, evadedevery possible obstacle has been thrown in the way of its enforcement. As a consequence the law has not had a fair trial—and no candid citizen of either

party can honestly estimate how much good there is in it, or how much harm there is in it. One grand bar to the enforcement has been the winercoms. They will soon be removed. This will cision of the supreme court on the legal questions involved than on the probability of interference with the decree of the courts of Illinois.

General Roger A. Pryor, Randolph Tucker and General Butler, as counsel for the anarchists, base their argument before the supreme court in applying for a writ of error on two grounds:

First, the unconstitutionality of the jury laws of Illinois, by which disqualification for jury service is not based on a juror hav-

happier auspices, and to this end the dry ticket mu happier auspices, and to this end the dry tocks asseming again. If the wet ticket shall triumph at the ensuing election, another fierce election would follow two years hence, because the dry people would still struggle for an opportunity to enforce this law. But if the dry ticket shall win, there will be a golden chance to enforce the law during the next two years. he cause the chief har to its years, because the chief bar to its enforcement, the winercoms, will be no more. This its readoption will meet with no opposition, except from a few blind tiger stragglers in the local option line of march. But if it is a bad thing for the city, then I believe that there is intelligence and virtue enough in both the people of Atlanta, without regard to faction, to wipe it out permanently. In sither event, the matter will, in my judgment, be settled, and settled for all time.

It is the part of good citizenship to place the peace

of this city above the success of any particular fac-tion. There will be no peace until the prohibition-ists are accorded fair play in the enforcement of the local option law. There is but one way to bring about these glorious results. That way is to give the local option law a perfectly fair trial for two more years without the handicapping winercoms.

Dr. Tucker's Plea for the Lord's Day. EDITORS CONSTITUTION—Sunday afternoon a meeting was held in the opera house in the interest of prohibition. The place was appropriate, but not the day. I fully agree with the managers of the affair that such proceedings would have been improper in the house of God; and their judicious selection of a place appears to me to be logically an indorsement of my objection to their choice of a day. Assuming that the day of the Lord and the house of the Lord are equally sacred, anything that would descerate either would descerate the other. Hence, on their own showing, those who did this thing did wrong. But as a matter of fact the day is more sacred tha the house, because the special blessing of God has been pronounced on the day but not on the house; the inspired record tells us that the day was hallowed, but we have no such record as to the house The wrong would have been less to have had the meeting in a church in a week day than to have it anywhere on the Lord's day, though in either case

ere is an irreverent use of that which is holy No moral question was under consideration at the temperature and character of a political meeting. It was simply a business meeting, having all the appearance and character of a political meeting. That the abuse of strong drink is a frightful evil everybody admits. That all Christian people, and all conditions about they can ple, and all good citizens, should do what they can to check this abuse, and if possible, to prevent it altogether, is not a debatable question. But, the meeting was not called to consider the moral aspects of the subject. Men differ as to the best way of meeting the evils of intemperan e. Some wise and good men favor the plan of prohibition, while others, equally wise and equally good, disapprove oft is plan. The question then is one of methods and of expediency, and not one of moral principles. But this meeting was called not even to consider this question of expediency, but rather to inaugurate all the plans and operations of an ectfully submit electioneering campaign. I respectfully submit that the deed was not worthy of the day. The animus of the meeting was judged by the speeches that were made. These speeches had not the flavor of the gospei about them; the odor of the incense becoming to the sanctuary was not there; the sol-emnity of the seer when he was in the Spirit on the Lord's day was not there; but "tremendous cheering was there; "loud and long continued laughter" wa there; occasioned hisses were there. Wherein does all this differ from the ordinary wrangle and hur rah of the hustings during the fierce encounters of political parties? Would the Lord of the Sabbath have approved of this boisterous laughter and of this wild applause on His holy day? Were the jokes that aroused this hilarious uproar (I shall not call them coarse jokes, leaving each one to judge for himself), were these jokes in harmony with the spirit of the day on which the Lord arose from the dead? And was there not something said about voting for all officers, from the governor down? And was it not said that none should be voted for except those who agreed on certain questions of expediency (not of morals) with the majority of those at that meet-ing? Was all this done in remembrance of the Sab-bath day? Was this done to keep it holy? I pro-

I know not how many or how few there will be to stand by me in my o; p sition to the unholy doings of that day, though I do believe that the greater ber of those who did this thing, will, on sobe second thought, say that I am right; but if I should find myself alone in the world, I shall raise my hand to ward high heaven and declare that it is not right to do evil that good may come, and my voice hall be the echo, so far as I can make it such, of that awful voice which said at Sinai, "Remember

he Sabbath day to keep it holy."

Look at the precedent which has been set. Is this Sunday's work to be the key-note to the whole campaign? If it was right to do this once, it will be right to do it again. Is every Sueday to be a day of electioneering and stump-speaking and shouting and cheering and tumult? And again, it it is right to do this in this campaign why not in any other campaign? Oh, but this is no politics. The average American mind, not being given to vice discrin tions, can see no difference, especially when reference is had to every officer, "from the governor

And, again, took at the exemple. If it was right the Lord's day, it will be right for the other side to do the same thing. If they should do such a thing, they can point to an example already set. Nor could the managers of that meeting object. They have no right to claim for themselves a monopoly of the privilege of violating the Sabbath. 'N' r have they a right to claim a monopoly of all the virtue, and all the religion, and all the wisdom in the city. There are as good men, and as true, and as wise men out of their party as in it. I hope for the honor of our city, and for the credit of our common religion, that the opposite party will not follow the pernicious example that has been set.

It is aside from the purpose with which I took up

my pen, but I beg to say, further, that whether on my pen, but I beg to say, intract, that whether on Sundays or on week days, in the theater or any-where else, I protest against all personalities in pub-lic speech, and against all abusive and vulgar lannage. Evil communications, such as these, cor rupt good menners as really as whisky, and perhaps as much, and it does the cause no good. Vitupera-tion wins no votes. I know of one citizen, a man of high position and high character who, although a prohibitionist, was so outraged by the profanations that he saw and heard on last Sun-day that he declared himself unable to co-operate gor with a party which sanctioned such things and this he did at the risk of being called a "flop-eared hound." Do the gentlemen who managed that meeting indorse the manners and language of their spokesman? And is the general tone and style of this meeting a sample of what we may expect in Before closing, I beg further to say, that most of

those who sat on the stage last Sunday and who, alas, sanctioned the proceedings by their presence, are my personal friends, and men whom I hold in em and whose good opinion I highly prize I am sure they will think none the less of me be-cause I have availed myself of the privilege of an American citizen in expressing my opinion, although it is condemnatory of their action. I am sure that our personal relations will be just what they were before.

Atlanta, Ga., October 25, 1887.

He Will Make It Hump.

We learn that Mr. H. I. Kimball will take charge of the affairs at Tallapoosa, the new Georgia city that is now creating so much at tention. We hope this rumor is true. We should be glad to see Mr. Kimball back at work in Georgia, and feel sure he would do much toward developing Tallapoosa. By the way, the auction sales now pro

ing at Tallapoosa, under charge of Colonel Adair, recalls that that gentleman has fre-quently been paid one thousand dollars a day for his services as auctioneer. This was done for three days at the first Birmingham sale At a later sale he was paid five hundred dollars a day for his services. Sheffield ought to have paid him as much. He has probably sold more property than any man in Georgia.

And the Girls Are Always With Us. From the Burlington Free Press. A man never gets too old to learn or make a fool of himself,

What a Railroad Paid for a Dog. From the Raleigh Observer.

A Texas jury gave a verdict of \$19.75 in fakilled by a train.

Too Close to Being J. Jams. From the New York Sun. Mr. Ijams is running for office in Omaha

A MAN UP A TREEL How a Union Captain Spotted Him in Dense Oak in Mississippi.

ensburg Fress. Many thrilling accounts are void by veterans of the annoyance caused by our forces throughout the army, by the rebel sharpshooters hanging on the skirts of encampments during the late war.

Early the morning of the — a skirmi

wn out in advance of our army, lying near Jackson, Missisppi, confronting General Jos Johnston. The men had constructed a few tempor shelters by standing rails upright, leaning agai each other, the tops being bound together. Behind one of these little fortre

a rather exposed position—Captain F. D. Stepson, of the Forty-eighth, was sitting on a turne bucket, taking his morning coffee. As he threw back his head in drinking a whiz was heard and a ball sped by within an inch of his face, directly across the eyes, taking effect in a little dogwood

The captain rose quietly and taking a ram rod struck it in the ground, so that its top would be in the space lately occupied by his nose; he then went behind the tree and sighted from the bullet hole over the top of the rod, thus ascertaining the direc-tion taken by the ball in its flight. Directly in this line rose the top of a large oak, with great sheets and streamers of southern moss hanging dependen from its boughs. "Boys," said Stephenson, evenly, "our man

taking a soldier's cap and placing it on the end of a knotted stick, "you all load up and lie low." "When I shove this hat into view, he will fire again. There's your chance, let drive." When all was ready he slowly elevated the cap antil just in sight from the tree. A puff of white smoke burst from its leaves and

ong the branches of that tree yonder." "Now

the cap turned round on its stick support, lett the daylight through a large jagged hole in crown. ment later, six Springfield rifles spoke from the rail pile and a man dropped from the oak clutching wildly at moss and branches as he His last shot was fired.

He Gave His Health to the Work. The friends of Hon. C. A. Collier will regret

to learn that he is sick at his residence, whe he has been confined for a day or two The truth of the matter is, Mr. Collier sacrificed his health to the exposition. As its president, he struggled night and day with its intricate and overwhelming details. with its general management and absolute power by the board from the day of his election, his responsibilities were tremendous. He literally gave to them every moment of his time. Under his patient and observant watchfulness by day, and his thought and scheming by night, he lost his health. Twice while on duty he fell from his chair sick and exhausted All the officers and directors did their work well, but none of them sacrificed so much fo

the exposition as did President Collier. For this the people of Atlanta owe him a debt of gratitude which they will not be slow to acknowledge, but which it will take then years to discharge. These words are written by one who knows what he speaks, and wh saw, day by day, the cheerful and patient and courteous devotion with which Mr. Collier presided over the affairs of the exposition, and they are written with no unmeaning sense, bu as an earnest and deserved tribute.

A Pleasant Incident. From the Montgomery Dispatch.

Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Davis and their tw daughters, Miss Winnie and Mrs. Hayes, passed through the city yesterday enroute for Macon, where they goes guests of that city to attend the fair. On their arrival in this city they were given quite an ovation, cannons were fired and hi people turned out to pay their respects to the ditinguishe I party. One of the most pleasant in dents of the occasion was that which occur during the firing of the cannon. An old, gray haired vetsran approached Captain Clisby, an "Captain, what are you firing these "In honor of the arrival of ex-Presid Dayls, of the late southern confederacy," replied Captain Clisby. "Well, captain, I was a gunner in the Twenty-fifth Indiana infantry, and I am one of those who realize that the war is over, and if y have no objection I would like to fre one sal past should bury its dead, to fire a salute in he of the ex-president of the lost cause, and he did

When asked his name, he pulled out his note book and wrote, "James S. Smith, Twenty-fifth Indiana battery." WET OR DRY

Full River Advance: Voices of the night-Squall Burlington Free Press: Worth repeating-A kiss-Washington Hatchet: Fall drinks should not be cut full in the neck.

San Francisco Alta: Anarchy and smallpox toth hang out a red flag. Pomerog's Advance Thought: There is no such thing as failure, till a man gives up. Washington Critic: The home stretch-Fixing u

a story to tell your wife at 1 a. m. The Epoch: "Oh, mama," sigled little Ethel, " have such a headache in my sash.' Texas Siftings: Times are pretty hard when nan can't collect his ideas or borrow trouble.

Pomeroy's Advance Thought: Rumors are amon the best things in the world to let alone. Hotel Mail: The only man who seems to thrive o procrastination is the one that owes his tailor. Yonkers Statesman: When a toper invests in liquor he expects to get "full" value for his money. Brick Pomeroy: A mean man may wear the

Washington Critic: "I do wish:" remarked white horse, wearily, "that auburn-haired girls would try and keep indoors more." Duluth Paragrapher: Even the God of Nat helps to celebrate the president's triumphal tour by giving us two full moons in October.

Washington Critic: Brown says that he would enjoy playing solitaire more if he could tell whethe was he or the other fellow that got beat Washington Critic: The king of Slam has 3,000

wives. He is a monarch of extraordinary firm and courage. These facts naturally group thein-Duluth Paragrapher: There seems to be something

in every occupation that has its peculiar influence crazy, shoemakers always retain their senses to the last.

The War We Left Behind Us. From the Newark Journal. A democratic newspaper published in Alabama, the Birmingham Age, in this year of grace 1887, in its editorial columns used the phrase, "We

Nothing more significant has appeared in Dixie The Deceased Was Sincere.

From the Lincoln Journal. A Moral Parent-"Do you ever play cards?

"No, and I never will." "Why?" "The last request of my dying father was that I would never gamble in any way." "He must have been a good man." "Yes, and he had just lost a farm on a game of poker two days before he died." Something for Which to Be Grateful. From the New York Mail and Express. Jones (who has been interrupted in telling a

long story by smith's sudden departure)—"By the way, old man, I've quite forgotten what I was telling you the other day."
Smith (gratefully)—"Thanks." He Was Looking at the Trees. General W. H. Jackson, of Belle Meade near Nashville, is an admirable raconteur President Cleveland and his party were spend ing Sunday with the general and he was entertaining them in the splendid deer park with

some of his best stories. Dr. Bryant, of the

presidential party, had strolled a short dis

tance away and was studying the trees. He

uddenly returned, and (at the close of one of

General Jackson's best stories) said: "General, you raise fine chestnuts here, do The laugh went round on this, and General Jackson gentally led the conversation into botanical lines. A RAKING CRITICISM.

Historian Reviews General Sherman's Memoirs.

AND HE GIVES A CANDID OPINION.

The General Shown to be a Man Who Has-No Conception of the Truth-Sample Quotations

The following criticism of General Sherman made by H. H. Bancroft in his Popular Tribunals. "At the request of Justice Field, of the United States supreme court, General Sherman wrote from St. Louis, the 25th of February, 1868, a letter detailing his California xperience of 1856, which was published in the Overland Monthly of February, 1874, and re-produced in substance in his Memoirs. This document abounds in incongruities and mis-statements, a few of which I will point out: Among other things, he asserted that without a standing army the American people would ome a mob, which language many of his best friends would dissent from. Surely if General Sherman had considered for a moment he never would have placed a free people in the anomalous position of holding over themselves a guard of hired soldiers to keep them-selves from insurrection! Least of all do the American people require so to keep themselves. Was it a mob General Sherman led through Georgia? Do the transactions of the

vigilance committee of 1856, as recorded in these pages, read like the doings of a mob? these pages, read like the doings of a mob?

"He states further that James King, of William, 'turned against his old associates' when he exposed the rascality of J. C. Woods, and Adams and company, 'and against Woods especially, who by public clamor became alarmed for his personal safety and escaped the country.' Now, no one knew better than Sherman that King was a single-minded man and Woods a trickster. If circumstances should throw the general unwittingly among thieves, would trickster. If circumstances should throw the general unwittingly among thieves, would he call it turning against his old associates when he exposed them? Besides, who ever heard of an honest man in America becoming alarmed for his personal safety and escaping a country to get away from a newspaper? Again, to the affirms 'a war grew up between these two evening papers and their editors, King and Casey. This is not true. There never was war between the papers King exposed Casey for stuffing the ballot-box which ande him supervisor. He never cared a tig for Casey or his paper. Three lines after, Sherman says: "King sent to New York and prepared the record of a case in which Casey had been convicted of robbing the room of his mistress. King did nothing of the kind. A nember of Casey's own party, with whom he member of Casey's own party, with whom he had quarrelled and exchanged pistol shots at a had quarrelled and exchanged pistol shots at a primary election, procured the evidence against Casey as we have seen. Sherman goes on to say that "King treated him rudely," as if that excused Casey for killing him. If it did not, it being "no unusual thing at that time" for one man to shoot another, surely would exculpate him. "Casey then told him he would shoot him on sight." Casey told him nothing of the kind; there were two listeners to the conversation in the adjoining room, and we know what King said. King "started for his dwelling on Stockton street," continues this veracious writer. Mr. King lived on the corner of Mason and Pacific streets. Next are three misstatements in a single short sentence: her of Mason and Facine streets. Next are three misstatements in a single short sentence: "Several people who happened to be near ran up, caught and carried him." He was not carried—"into the office of Wells, Fargo & Co.'—it was the Pacific Express company—"and laid him on the counter.' Mr. King was 'and laid him on the counter.' Mr. King was never put upon the counter at all. The newspaper press, he says, all but the Herald, became in the highest degree inflammatory, and drowned all reason and argument.' That is to say, all reason and argument of the Sherman order. All the people, all the newspapers were fools; only Sherman was wise. 'King died the next day, Friday, I think, and his funeral was fixed for the Sunday following.' Mr. King died on Tuesday and was buried on Thursday. He makes the execution of Casey and Cora take place on the day of their seizure, within the hour, almost, that they were taken from the jail, when there was an interval of four days. Everybody supposed that when this funeral was over the matter was at an end; but to our surprise the vigilance committee maintained surprise the vigilance committee maintained its organization. 'Everybody' was Sherman, Johnson and Garrison. 'While the better eleits organization." 'Everybody' was Shernan, Johnson and Garrison. 'While the better elements of society were at work intent on their own personal affairs,' the general goes on to say, 'the idler and vagabond sought the power in existence for an easy support, and through the vigilance committee they became what our ward politicians are at all times. Even Sydney convicts became judges and constables, and send around San Francisco their absurd writs, with a big. all-seeing eye impressed thereon as with a big, all-seeing eye impressed thereon as their great seal.' That is a falsehood; and I cannot see, even though uttered by a general of the United States army, how it can be other-wise than wilful and malicious. 'This went on from month to month, and non who was our king, whether the pack of fel-lows who sat at midnight on Front street, etc. lows who sat at midnight on Front street; and as if this were not bungling the locality; enough, in his memoirs he calls it Clay street. Now, is General Sherman true, manly honest? Does he mean what he says when he stigging the committee thus. The fact Now, is General Sherman true, many nonest's matizes the committee thus. The fact was never questioned that they were San Francisco's best men. Sherman, as a banker, knew them to be, as a class, infinitely, better men than those of his party. Is it honorable, is it gentlemanly, is it decent for him to employ such terms in speaking of such men? 'In a day or two after this'—it was the same day—'Judge Ferry, of the supreme court, made the writ commanding the sheriff to bring before him the body of Moloney.' Bill Mulligan was the man. 'This writ was put into the hands of a deputy, who tried to enter the rooms of the vigilance committee on Front street (Sacramento street), but was kicked out.' He was courteously invited to enter, and didentar, and was not kicked out. Besides, how should a man be kicked out of a place which he tried to enter and could not?

"Thus the letter goes on to the end. The misstatements may, some of them, appear trivial, but in this connection they are not so. Sherman has made statements impeaching the integrity of California's purest and best citizens, statements which are either true or false, and which were node either wittingly or and

integrity of California's purest and best citizens, statements which are either true or false, and which were made either wittingly or anywittingly. To say the least, the assertions of one so lax in language should be taken with allowance. The general is popular in California as in other states, and his friends are disposed to pass his random remarks charitably, as the harmless off-hand way of the soldier. But although I entertain personally none but the most kindly sentiments toward him, and have great respect for his military success, I can speak of him in this connection only as he is, and that according to my best judgment. So judging, General Sherman in this letter is either prejudiced, ignorant or false, in either of which event writing is no credit to him.

The Price Steadily Advancing The Capital City bank has sold to Eiseman Brothers the store now occupied by that firm for \$35,000. The bank bought the property for \$23,000 and has added \$4,000 in improvements. The other property held by the bank has increased in about the same propertion. Mr. J. W. Harle has bought \$30,000 worth of the stock of the bank. This is the first co-operative bank started in Atlanta, and its success is significant. It has Atlanta real estate as a basis of investment and that beats gold.

The Rain. The rain! the rain! the rain!
It gushed from the skies and streamed
Like awful tears, and the sick man thought
How pitful it seemed;
And he turned his face away
And stared at the wall again,
His hopes nigh dead and heart worn out.
Ob, the rain! the rain!

The rain! the rain! the rain!
And the broad stream brimmed the sh
And ever the river crept over the reeds
And the broads of the sycamores;
A corpse swirled by in the drift.
Where the boat had snaped its chain—
And a hoarse-voiced mother shricked an
Ob, the rain! the rain! the rain!

The rain! the rain! the rain!

Pouring, with never a pause,
Over the fields and the green byways—
How beautiful it was!
And the new-made man and wife
Stood at the window-pane
Like two glad children kept from school.
Ob, the rain! the rain! the rain! Indianapolis, Oct. 15, 1868.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Meeting at Prohibition Head. quarters Last Night.

THE YOUNG MEN'S PROHIBITION CLUB.

▲ Temporary Organization Effected—Several Addresses Upon the Question of

but the call for a meeting to reorganize the Young Men's Prohibition club was responded to by an audience that well-filled the head quarters on Hunter street, and held a very in teresting meeting, but permanent organization was not effected, this being postponed until Thursday evening next.

At the entrance doors every one who astended was presented with a blue badge, the words "For Prohibition" being printed thereon in bold type, and the badges were pinned to the coat, making the wearer aconspicuous prohibitionist. In addition to this, the name and residence of all who entered the hall were recorded.

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Several gentlemen were applauded as they accepted the badges upon entering the hall. Mr. R. T. Dow coming in for a share of this demonstration of approval, when he entered and took his seat, remarking that he "was here to stay." Mr. Dow has heretofore been a prominent anti-prohibitionist, and until recently president of the Independent club.

The meeting was called to order, with a few remarks of a business nature from Mr. Henry Hillyer, by reason of his position in the last campaign, who stated that he was gratified by the attendance at the meeting and congratulated his hearers upon the success which had attended the prohibition movement in Atlantaduring the past two years. He concluded by suggesting the name of William A. Haygood for the position of temporary chairman, and he was unanimously elected. In a few brief and well-chosen words Mr. Haygood thanked the club for the honor conferred upon him, and spoke of the present campaign in which this organization of the young men was to play an important part, but with the prestige of success that was not their portion two years ago. He referred to several personal conversations with acquaintances and business men of Atlanta who had regarded the former election as an experiment and were neutral, or opposed to prohibition, but who were now in favor of the movement. He was in favor of a strictly good humored campaign, and asserted his belief in victory for the prohibitionists.

Mr. G. N. Hurtell, of the Evening Journal, was on motion chosen temporary secretary of

prohibitionists.

Mr. G. N. Hurtell, of the Evening Journal, was on motion chosen temporary secretary of the club, and on motion of Mr. T. F. Corrigan a committee of six was appointed to report a plan of procedure for further permanent organization. The committee for this purpose was named by the chairman and consisted of T. F. Corrigan, H. A. Boynton, Henry Hillyer, Dr. E. J. Roach, A. C. Briscoe and L. B. Nelson After this committee had retired to prepare their report, it was suggested by the chairman that the present would be an excellent opportunity for an impromptu experience meeting, and his idea met with prompt and generous applause from the audience, and loud calls were made for R. T. Dow. The gentleman responded to the invitation, and taking the stand made a very fine address which was well received, and interrupted by frequent bursts of applause. Mr. Dow referred to the fact of his having been an anti-prohibitionist, also remarking that if the prohibition of the future was to be of the same nature as that of the past, he was not in favor of it, but would be in favor of high license. He bumorously cited his connection with the opposition, which had been a close and binding one, but added in conclusion that he had bidden liquor and its friends an affectionate and asting farewell. He bad, however, no rancor in his heart, nor ill feeling for any one of his former friends. He was after whisky and not the men who sell it, or who are in favor of its being sold. But he wanted absolute and practical prohibition and the doing away of all the various disguises and shams under which whisky masquerades and is daily sold in the city of Atlanta today.

Mr. Dow was the recipient of many congratary and not the men who sell it, or who are in favor of its methods for the benefit of the young men of Atlanta and the whole country.

Major Kiser took his seat Recorder Andone to the process of the proposition of Mr. G. N. Hurtell, of the Evening Journal.

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As Major Kiser took his seat. Recorder Anderson's name was caught up, and the recorder briefly stated that he was a prohibitionist, but occupying the position that he new did, it was write the proper thing for him to take an active part as a public speaker.

Representative Bray was called for, but as he was not present at the time, it was announced that he would speak at the courthouse meeting on Thursday evening next, when everyone would have an opportunity of

when everyone would have an opportunity of hearing him.

Dr. Hawthorne responded to the enthusiastic calls and spoke briefly of the harmony and Christian spirit of the meeting, touching also upon the fact that the logic of events was fast making friends and votes for the prohibition movement. He spoke of the intention to make this a campaign where good will and the absence of mud-throwing would be conspicuous. Dr. Hawthorne asserted his confidence in the victory at the November election, stating that he was reliably informed that the colored

ous. Dr. Hawthorne asserted his confidence in the victory at the November election, stating that he was reliably informed that the colored yote would be 1,000 greater for prohibition than in 1885. He said that he wanted every member of the club and every one of his hearers to win at least five votes from the opposition. At the conclusion of Dr. Hawthorne's remarks, the committee appointed to prepare a plan of organization announced their readiness to report, handing in the following set of resolutions, which were received and adopted:

R solv d first. That the officers of the Young Men's Prohibition club of Fulton county shall consisted a president, four vice-presidents, secretary and treasurer, and an executive committee consisting of two for the county at large, one for each militia district in the county and one for each ward in the city, and that the president of the club be excelled chaliman of executive committee.

Second. That the chairman of this meeting shall now appoint a committee of seven to report to the next meeting of the club the names of suitable persons to fill the offices herein provided for.

Third. That this club meet in this hall on next Thursday evening at 6:80 o'clock to hear the report of the committee of seven, and elect officers of the club, after which the club will march to the court. House and attend the mass meeting.

Fourth. That all persons who have not done so, are requested to enroll their names on the club register.

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The committee of seven called for in the plan for organization were appointed by the chairman, the following named gentlemen being selected: Henry Hillyer, George Webster, Hooper Alexander, W. K. Booth, George Muse, J. K. P. Carlton, J. W. Harle. This committee will meet at the office of Judge Hillyer this morning at ten o'clock for the purpose of agreeing upon a report to be made at the meeting for permanent organization on Thursday evening.

The audience were evidently desirous of agaring from other speakers, and W. P. Threkeld was called on, responding in an apprepriate and spirited address, interspersed with one or two langhable anecdotes, which were generously applauded. This geatleman referred to his connection with the training and preparatory college for colored ministers, adding to his prophecy of victory the statement that the colored vote would be stronger for prohibition than in the last election. He cantioned his hearers, however, against over-confidence, and urged all to work until the ballot-box is closed with a majority against the whisky traffic in Atlanta.

Mr. T. F. Corrigan was called for, and answered by introducing Mr. C. J. Hayden, who has lately made an extensive tour through the west and northwest, visiting Kansas and lowa during his trip. Mr. Hayden made a few remarks, stating that on his visit to the interviewed on the subject of the prohibition movement in Atlanta, and that everybody apparently was looking to this city for an example of what prohibition could accomplish. Mr. Hayden said that very much depended on the result in this city at the November election, by reason of the prominence of Atlanta and its being the first city of importunce to hilbitory law,

Mr. Corrigan was again loudly called for, and on taking the streat.

A RAKING CRITICISM.

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Like two glad children kept from school.
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JAMES
Indianapolis, Oct. 15, 1885.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Meeting at Prohibition Headquarters Last Night.

THE YOUNG MEN'S PROHIBITION CLUB. A Temporary Organization Effected-Sev

eral Addresses Upon the Question of the Day-Future Meetings. The weather was not agreeable last night, but the call for a meeting to reorganize the Young Men's Prohibition club was responded to by an audience that well-filled the head-quarters on Hunter street, and held a very in-

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Mr. G. N. Hurtell, of the Evening Journal, was on motion chosen temporary secretary of

Mr. G. N. Hurtell, of the Evening Journal, was on motion chosen temporary secretary of the club, and on motion of Mr. T. F. Corrigan a committee of six was appointed to report a plan of procedure for further permanent organization. The committee for this purpose was named by the chairman and consisted of T. F. Corrigan, H. A. Boynton, Henry Hillyer, Dr. E. J. Roach, A. C. Briscoe and L. B. Nelson After this committee had retired to prepare their report, it was suggested by the chairman that the present would be an excellent opportunity for an impromptu experience meeting,

that the present would be an excellent oppor-tunity for an impromptu experience meeting, and his idea met with prompt and generous applause from the audience, and loud calls were made for R. T. Dow. The gentleman re-sponded to the invitation, and taking the stand made a very fine address which was well received and interpreted by treasurest here. sponded to the invitation, and taking the stand made a very fine address which was well received, and interrupted by frequent bursts of applause. Mr. Dow referred to the fact of his having been an anti-prohibitionist, also re marking that if the prohibition of the future was to be of the same nature as that of the past, he was not in favor of it, but would be in favor of high license. He humorously cited his connection with the opposition, which had been a close and binding one, but added in conclusion that he had bidden liquor and its friends an affectionate and lasting farewell. He had, however, no rancor in his heart, nor ill feeling for any one of his former friends. He was after whisky and not the men who sell it, or who are in favor of its being sold. But he wanted absolute and practical prohibition and the doing away of all the various disgnises and shams under which whisky masquerades and is daily sold in the city of Atlanta today.

Mr. Dow was the recipient of many congret nlations from admiring friends, as well as complimentary references from the speakers who followed him.

Major Kiser was next called for and reconded by seving that he was a worker and

who followed him.

Major Kiser was next called for and responded by saying that he was a worker and not a speaker; that he was a prohibitionists and in favor of its methods for the benefit of the young men of Atlanta and the whole

As Major Kiser took his seat Recorder An-As Major Kiser took his seat Recorder Anderson's name was caught up, and the recorder briefly stated that he was a prohibitionist, but occupying the position that he now did, it was hardly the proper thing for him to take an active part as a public speaker.

Representative Bray was called for, but as he was not present at the time, it was announced that he would speak at the courthouse meeting on Thursday evening next, when everyone would have an opportunity of

when everyone would have an opportunity of

Dr. Hawthorne responded to the enthusiastic Calls and spoke briefly of the harmony and Christian spirit of the meeting, touching also upon the fact that the logic of events was fast making friends and yotes for the prohibiupon the fact that the logic of events was fast making friends and votes for the prohibition movement. He spoke of the intention to make this a campaign where good will and the absence of nud-throwing would be conspicuous. Dr. Hawthorne asserted his confidence in the victory at the November election, stating that he was reliably informed that the colored vote would be 1,000 greater for prohibition than in 1885. He said that he wanted every member of the club and every one of his hearers to win at least five votes from the opposition. At the conclusion of Dr. Hawthorne's remarks, the committee appointed to prepare a plan of organization announced their readiness to report, handing in the following set of resolutions, which were received and adopted:

R solv d first, That the officers of the Yeung Men's Prohibition club of Fulton county shall consist of a president, four vice-presidents, secretary and treasurer, and an executive committee consisting of two for the county at large, one for each militia district in the county and one for each ward in the city, and that the president of the club be exofficio chairman of executive committee.

Second. That the chairman of this meeting shall now appoint a committee of seven to report to the next meeting of the club the names of suitable persons to fill the offices herein provided for.

Third, That this cleb meet in this hall on next Thursday evening at 630 o'clock to hear the report of the committee of seven, and elect officers of the club, after which the club will march to the court louise and attend the mass meeting.

Fourth. That all persons who have not done so, are requested to enroll their names on the club register.

The committee of seven called for in the

the commutee of seven called for in the plan for organization were appointed by the chairman, the following named gentlemen being selected: Henry Hillyer, George Webster, Hooper Alexander, W. K. Booth, George Muse, J. K. P. Carlton, J. W. Harle. This committee will meet at the office of Judge Hillyer this morning at ten o'clock for the purpose of agreeing upon a report to be made.

committee will meet at the office of Judge Hillyer this morning at ten o'clock for the purpose of agreeing upon a report to be made at the meeting for permanent organization on Thursday evening.

The audience were evidently desirous of hearing from other speakers, and W. P. Threlkeld was called on, responding in an appropriate and spirited address, interspersed with one or two laughable anecdotes, which were generously applauded. This gentleman referred to his connection with the training and preparatory college for colored ministers, adding to his prophecy of victory the statement that the colored vote would be stronger for prohibition than in the last election. He cautioned his hearers, however, against over-confidence, and urged all to work until the ballot-box is closed with a majority against the whisky traffic in Atlanta.

Mr. T. F. Corrigan was called for, and answered by introducing Mr. C. J. Hayden, who has lately made an extensive tour through the west and northwest, visiting Kansas and lowa during his trip. Mr. Hayden made a few remarks, stating that on his visit to the sections referred to he had been extensively interviewed on the subject of the prohibition movement in Atlanta, and that everybody apparently was looking to this city for an example of what prohibition could accomplish. Mr. Hayden said that very much depended on the result in this city at the November election, by reason of the prominence of Atlanta and its being the first city of importrnee to attempt the enforcement of a stringent prohibition value. apparently was looking to this city for an example of what prohibition could accomplish. Mr. Hayden said that very much depended on the result in this city at the November election, by reason of the prominence of Atlanta and its being the first city of importance to attempt the enforcement of a stringent prohibitory law.

Mr. Corrigan was again loudly called for, and on taking the stand stated that it was too called in the corrigan was again loudly called for, and on taking the stand stated that it was too called in the corrigan was again loudly called for, and throughout the state, has given me a thorough the most prominent buildings in this city and the most prominent buildings in this city are the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the most prominent buildings in the creation of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the most prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the prominent buildings in this city and the correction of the

hibition, but impressed upon every one the duty of active, earnest and conscientious

duty of active, earnest and conscientious work.

He was followed by Mr. Hooper Alexander in one of the best addresses of the evening. The speaker indulged in a retrospection of the past two years, and while admitting that the present status of the cause in Atlanta was not a perfect success, it had been more so than was anticipated, and had brought none of the predicted evils upon the city. He cited figures to show that the population and wealth had increased remarkably since 1885, and stated that if this had not been done on account of prohibition it had been done in spite of it. He predicted a majority of 1,500 for prohibition at the November election.

Captain E. S. Gay also made an address, in response to repeated calls, referring to his having been a laggard heretofore, but pledging his earnest support to the cause of prohibition in the present campaign. His remarks were well received.

Dr. Lee followed in a brief but earnest speech.

Dr. Lee followed in a brief but earnest speech

Dr. Lee followed in a brief but earnest speech, calling attention to the evils of the whisky traffic, especially in the larger cities of the country, where it virtually dominated business and politics, and contended that such a result was to be deplored and avoided at all hazards.

There were no further formal addresses, and after an appeal for prompt and general registration, and the announcement that the next meeting would be held on Thursday evening at 6:30, the club adjourned until that date. After effecting permanent organization on Thursday evening the club will march to the courthouse to participate in the public meeting announced for that night.

DIVIDING TIME.

A Public Discussion to Take Place Between Sam Jones and Reuben Arnold.

"I wouldn't miss it for ten dollars," ex-claimed a gentleman in the Kimball house last night. "Miss what?" asked several bystanders, in

"Why, I wouldn't miss hearing the joint discussion on the prohibition question between Sam Jones and Reuben Arnold, which, I am told, is booked for some night in the near fu-

A reporter made inquiries about the matter, and learned that a number of the leading antis have approached Colonel Arnold and insisted that he shall divide time with Sam Jones in a public meeting in DeGive's opera house or elsewhere. Colonel Arnold, not averse o advocating his cause in any manner consistent with his ideas of propriety, was, nevertheless, at first rejuctant to meet the redoultable prohibition, in the way suggested. nevertheless, at first reductant to meet the redoubtable prohibition in the way suggested. Finally, he was pursuaded to engage in the discussion, and a committee proceeded to arrange the details. This committee approached Mr. Jones and he cheerfully acquiesced in the proprosed arrangement, leaving the details to his friends. The committee has not definitely determined when and where the debate shall occur.

The joint-discussion will attract thousands

The two controvertists have not their superiors as stump speakers in this county, and it will be diamond cut diamond when their wits rub together. The event is looked forward to by prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists alike with keen interest.

THE COLD WAVE

The Northwest Storm Being Felt in Georgia and the South.

and the South.

The city is enjoying a cold wave.
Early yesterday morning the mercury began to fall, and the rain that kept it company felt tunpleasantly cool. Those whose business led hem to do much walking, and who got their feet wet complained greatly at the change, but the great mass of the people did not notice the cold wave until late in the afternoon.

Early in the morning, the news of the advance of the cold wave reached the signal office here, and the white flag with the black centre went to the top of the pole over the custom house. In the afternoon the mercury fell so rapidly that people complained at the cold, and overcoats were brought out, and fires were lighted in the houses. During the evening, the mercury went lower and lower, and late at night when The Constitution presses went to work it was read wintry. The rain had ceased and the day promised to be an interest was manifested in the weather will be when in twelve hours the mercury falls thirty to thirty-five degrees.

Considerable interest was manifested in the weather vesterlay, owing to the progress of

Considerable interest was manifested in the weather yesterday, owing to the progress of the state fair at Macon, and if the remark was made once, it was a thousand times that Macon [deserved good weather as Atlanta's luck was bad enough for Georgia in the way of weather.

SHE DROPPED DEAD.

A Negro Woman Falls Over and Dies While
Cooking Supper.

Maggie Tate, a negro woman, dropped dead
last night about dark, on West Harris street.
The woman had been cooking for a family residing on that street, and just before she
dropped dead was preparing supper. At the
usual hour vesterday morning, the negro left usual hour yesterday morning, the negro left hoer hme in the eastern portion of the city,

hoer hme in the eastern portion of the city, apparently as well and strong as ever. During the day she did not complain until late in the afternoon, when she became annoyed with a severe pain in her left side near her heart. The pain disappeared in a short time, and nothing more was heard of it. Shortly after dark, while the woman was standing over the stove preparing supper, she suddenly staggered backwark and falling to the floor, died in a few minutes. The death was reported to the coroner who will hold an inquest this morning. The cause of the woman's death is unknown, but it is presumed to have been caused by heart dipresumed to have been caused by heart di-sease.

Opelika's Great Show.

OPELIKA, Ala., October 25 .- [Special.]-The OFELIKA, Ala., October 25.—[Special.]—The fair here opened today, and the surrounding country ie jubilant over the splendid success of the first day. About five thousand people are in attendance, and the prospects for more are very-flattering. The races were good, notwithvery flattering. The races were good, notwith-standing the track being so heavy. In the trotting race, Hortense McCurdy won; time, 2:34. In the pacing race, Playboy McCurdy won; time, 2:31. A slight rain started this morning and continued until 2 o'clock, when it held up until 5 p. m. The cattle and poul-try display is said to be the finest ever seen in Alabama.

PERSONAL.

For sale-8 tons scrap lead, I horizon tal flu toiler, 50-horse power; I Biake crank air compresser, 6x5x7; I No. 2 feed pump. G. B. Adair, 27 West Ala-bum street. sun wed fri

Newest styles for hats—Bussey's, 21 Marie-wed saf montf DR. R. Y. HENLEY, dentist, 321 Whitehall.

HARRY LYNAN, ticket broker, 30 Wall street buys and sells railroad tickets.

DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, opium and whisky habits treated. Office, 65% Whitehall street. Cor sultation free.

MISS MAMIE TATE, of Montgomery, Ala., is yisting Miss Walker, at 76 Crew street.

John Lowlow, the best clown in America has organized a circus and will be in Atlanta some time in November. He has put the admission down to twenty-five cents. Success to him.

MISS MAGGIE KELL, who has been visiting friends in the city, left yesterday for Macon, where she will visit before returning to her home in Co-

MRS. MARY E. BRYAN, the well-known southern authoress, now editor of the Firoside Com-panion, after spending a few weeks in Atlanta, re-turned yesterday to New York. MRS. RITTENHOUSE MOORE, accompanied

by Miss Moore and Master Moore, went down to Macon yesterday to attend the series of entertainments to be given in that city during the week.

MR. JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS, of THE CON-STITUTION, was one of the passengers on the after-noon train yesterday for Macon and the State fair.

FIVE UGLY WOUND

On the Head Cause a Negi to Bleed and Suffer.

THE DAY WITH THE POLICE FICE. Two Negroes Have a Bloody FighThe Advance Agent Out on Bond-Oth-Criminal News.

A short, slim slab off a Baker street ence, covered with blood and hair, restein a corner at the city prison last night, whi the man from whose head the blood and hairme tossed in pain upon a bed near the corr of Calhoun and Baker streets.

The man who used the slab occupied cell

About midnight persons residing net the corner of Calhoun and Baker streetswere awakened by yells and cries for help. hose who cared to leave their warm beds inrestigate the matter discovered a small crowd of negroes in the street near the orner and in the midst of the crowd were tweight-ing. Of the belligerents one was lying fit upon the ground while the other was standir over him pounding him with a board belong; to a the ground while the other was standin over him pounding him with a board belongit to a fence. The man on the ground was taging for help, while the one using the fencest was using the most abusive language. Onef the gentlemen living near the scene of theight, opened the 'phone with police headquiters and asked for an officer. Call!Officer Gran responded to the call but when he reach! the place the fight was over and the partit had all disappeared except a mall boy who had been an eye witness to the fight and who had been defined by a gentleman. From the boy the offic ascertained that the man who had been then was Will Griffin, but the name of the ther belligerent could not be ascertained from the boy. After a short search Officer Green tund Griffin. He was at his home. A half ozen ugly wounds on his head and face—all hade with the fence 'pailing, were bleeding. The negro was covered with blood and was sfering intensely. A physician was called inand after, examining the wounds, prongerous. Griffin was scarcely able to talkbut from him Officer Green ascertained tha his infuries had been inflicted by Jim Snydr. a gerous. Griffin was scarcely able to talkout from him Officer Green ascertained the his injuries had been inflicted by Jim Snydr, a negro living on Baker street. The officetucceded in finding Snyder's home, but whe he invited the negro to accompany him to had quarters a scene ensued. Snyder sprang rom the chair in which he had been sitting and throwing off his cost, defied the officer to the the chair in which he had been sitting and throwing off his coat, defied the officer to tuch him. Officer Green stepped forward and Snyder grabbed a chair. The officer drev his stick and, moving up, was in the act offap-ping Snyder, when he dropped the chairand made a leap for the door. Officer Green folow-ed and, after a short race, captured the ngro, whom he landed in the city prison.

He is Out on Bond.

He is Out on Bond.

Victor Gutman, advance agent for the 3 Corner Comedy company, who was arrested sight before last on a telegram from North Carilina, was released upon bond last night. By the 10 o'clock Air-Line train Dan Horne, manager of the company, reached the city, and calling at police headquarters, effected an adjustment of the trouble between hiscompany and Gytman. Captain Couch, however, declined to 'clease Gutman without instructions from the Ealeigh officials, but agreed to accept a satisfactory bond for his appearance this morning. An acofficials, but agreed to accept a satisfactory bond for his appearance this morning. An ac-ceptable bond was made and Gutman was re-leased. Horne, the manager of the company, claims that Gutman has been disposing of lithographs and tickets without authority.

Two Small Chicken Thieves. A. Connally and Albert Jenkins, two A. Connaily and Albert Jenkins, two small negroes, were arrested yesterday by Patrolman Smith. The boys belonged to a gang of chicken thieves who have been working coops about the city for some time past. The arresting officer claims that he can show that his two prisoners have sold over fifty chickens to one restaurant since the first of the present month.

He was wanted a long time.

From the was wanted a long time,

From the well known in Atlanta, was arrested for carrying concealed weapons. He gave a hundred dollar bond for his appearance but disappeared. Last night Huggins was seen boarding the Western and Atlantic train, and was arrested by Call Officer Green. At police headquarters Huggins made the bond good and was again released. He left on the Western and Atlantic train for Memphis.

The Boy Came Back.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., [Ootober 25.—[Special.]—
Two months ago a well known young man named Sitz was arrested for an attempt at blackmail. The principal; witness against him was a negro boy named Jim Henry, who was put under bond to appear and testify. When the case came up the negro had left town, and it was continued until next term of court. To day the negro was found and was placed in day the negro was found and the county fail. He says that Sitz gave him money to leave the city and sent him to Vicks-burg, but he grew tired of the place and came back. He will be kept in jail until the case comes up.

Murderers' Day In Birmingham. Murderers' Day In Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 25.—[Special.]—
Next Thursday will be murderers' day in the criminal court. Three negroes and two white men are to be tried for murder that day, and one white man for rape. The three negroes were convicts at Pratt mines, and brutally murdered a fellow convict for the purpose of robbing him of a few dollars which he had concealed in his clothes. They have made a full confession of the crime and will probably hang.

Stove Works for Sheffield.

Sheffield, Ala, October 25.—[Special.]—
The contract for the removal of the Dresden Ohio, stove works to Sheffield, Ala, has been executed and they will be in operation at Sheffield in January, the works will employ about one hundred men, three-fourths of whom will be skilled workmen. Mr. J. L. Adams, one of the principal owners, will move to Sheffield and have general management of this

A Wedding Supper.

Mr. Hugh Hagan, of Richmond, Va., who will be married this evening at St. Phillip's church to Miss Sallie C. Johnson, entertained the groomsmen and a few other friends last night at the Kimball house. A handsome collation was served, and the entertainment was one of the most enjoyable ever given in the city. There were some thirty or forty gentlemen present, and the menu prepared by the Kimball was elaborate and attractive.

BOYAL BAKING POWDER.



This powder never varies. A marvel of parity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York. Wholesale by Wyly & Greene, Atlantifa

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

The Rev. Sam Jones is having his gospe ent enlarged so that it will hold nearly two thous

There will be a delightful musicale next Friday night at the residence of Dr. Theodore Schu-mann, on Cooper street. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Dykeman, who were injured in the recent railway accident on the Richmond and Danville railroad, have returned to the city. They are commed to their beds and are suffering a good deal of pain.

Mr. Walker, Woolfolk's lawyer, says that his client's trai will probably occur next month, although as yet the grand jury has not considered his case. Woolfolk is now taking things easy in Fulton county jail.

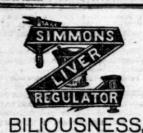
The German on Friday evening, to be given by the Northside club, will be held in the Kimball house ballsoom. A large number of couples will attend, and in elegance and enjoyment the occasion will surpass any similar event given in Atlanta in some time.

Quite a number of Atlanta society people went down to Macon yesterday to attend the Thalean club german to be given to Miss Winnie Davis Among the young men who will attend from this city there will be Mr. Charles Crankshaw, Mr. Tom Paine, Mr. Grant and others.

raine, Mr. Grant and others.

Quite a number of young ladies and gentlemen from neighboring cities are in Atlanta for the purpose of attending the Hagan-Johnson wedding thight at St. Philips', There will be twenty-two couples in waiting and the occasion will be one of great social interest.

Snow in Virginia. STAUNTON, Va., October 25.—It has been snowing hard all the morning, but the snow melts as it falls.



an affection of the Liver, and ean thoroughly cured by that grand regulator of the Liver and biliary organs,

Simmons' Liver Regulator.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Penn J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Penn"I was affected for several years with disordered Liver, which resulted in a severe attack of jaundice. I had good medical attendance but it failed to restore me to the enjoyment of my former health. I then tried the favorite prescription of one of the most renowned physicians of Louisville, Ky., but to no purpose, whereupon I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator. I found immediate benefit from its use, and it ultimately restored me to the full enjoyment of health."—A. H. Shirley, Richmond, Ky. nov6-mo we fri top col n r m orm w Ax

Ballard Transfer Company Office Union Depot; telephone No. 205. Coupes, Gurneys or Omnibusses sent to your residence or to the hotels. Fare for passengers as low as by any other vehicle. Send telephone order or messenger boy, and we will attend to your wants promptly. We call special attention to our Coupes, which we have just received. They are the most beautiful and comfortable vehicle in use in this or any other city in the country. Baggage checked from hotels or private residences to any part of the United States. We solicit your patronage. The Ballard

OPERA HOUSE.

Transfer Company.

Friday and Saturday, Saturday Matinee, October 28 and 29. Saturday Matinee, 2:30 o'clock.

Engagement of the Bright and Charming Little

CORA VAN TASSEL

SUPERB DOUBLE COMPANY

The New Spectacular HIDDEN HAND

Beautiful Scenic Effect! New and Novel Mechanical Effects! Grand Military band and operatic Orchestra. A car load of special scenery, and the greatest street parade ever attempted by a traveling company. Be on hand to see it.

Prices: 25c, 50c and \$1. Reserved seats at Millers. WEDNESDAY AND THURSDY, OCT. 26 and 27.

SPECIAL THURSDAY MATINEE AT 2:30. Miss Mabel Sterling the Southern Beauty and her company of Star Comedians, in

3-CORNERS-3 12-Vocalists and Comedians-12 The Greatest Musical Comedy of the Age.

Prices 25c, 50c, \$1. Reserred seats at Miller's.

STATE FAIR AT MACON

-ONLY-THREEHOURSRUN ATLANTA TO MACON

BY E. T. V. & G. RAILROAD Special train Pullman cars and elegant day coaches. No crowding for seats. Seats in Pullman cars can now be purchased for three days. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Leave Atlanta at 8 a. m., arrive at Macon at 1 a. m.; leave Macon at 6 p. m., arrive at Atlanta at 9 p. m. East Tennessee passenger trains go within twenty steps of fair ground gate.
Call at Kill House Ticket Office and reserve seats in Pullman car. Only 50 cents.
Call quick. Plenty of Pullman's best.
B. W. WRENN. Gen. Pass Ag't. enger trains go within twenty

Queen & Crescent Route. QUICKEST and MOST DIRECT LINE to CINCINNATI AND THE NORTH. Short Line to TEXAS via. Shreveport.
S. R. JOHNSTON, General Agent,
W. E. REYNOLDS, Traveling Passenger Agent
Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga



CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS.

NO. 12 WHITEHALL STREET.

Our Subject Being Underwear

This cool wave calls for heavier Underwear. and we are on hand today with some very choice bargains. We show by far the largest and handsomest stock of underwear to be found in the city, in white and colored, both foreign and domestic goods, at prices from \$1.00 a suit up to \$25.00 a suit. We lead off today with some "Plums." Lot 575 is a white all pure wool, Shirts and Drawers, at \$1.12\frac12 each, \$2.25 a suit. This lot is a great bargain. We have only a limited quantity, so call early if you want this "Plum." Cheap at \$3.00 a suit.

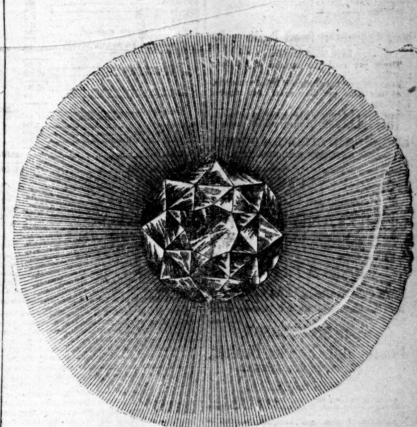
Lot 1269 is a beautiful blue mixed Merino, handsomely trimmed, and good value at \$4.00 a suit. We give them away at \$2.50 a suit. This is "Plum" No. 2.

These are our Specials for today, and as long as they last; but our other stock you will find equally attractive. No such bargains were ever offered in Underwear as we show today. Don't buy Underwear until you see our stock.

FETZER & PHARR

≪FASHIONABLE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, ETC.



Diamonds properly bought are as good an investment as a United States bond or any other sacurity, and a good stone will always bring he value unless a fancy price has been paid for it. We will refund the price of any Diamend bought of us, within 12 months from date of sale, if the purchaser is not satisfied with his bargain, deducting only 10 per cent from our price in order to cover the expense of handling and nterest connected with carrying stock. We desire to be understood upon this subject, stating more distinctly: If our customer pays us \$100.00 for a stone, we are willing to take the article back within 12 months paying \$90.00 cash for it. The prices at which we are offering Diamond stock now are lower than ever quoted in this market before. We have every facility for secur ing the finest goods at the very lowest prices that prevail, and give our customers the benefit of every advantage that we possess. We sell only the finest quality of goods and guarantee the low prices by our offer to refund.

P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers,

Any one contemplating the purchase of Diamonds will find it to their interest to see our

47 Whitehall Street.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF, LABAN F. Smith, deceased, will render an account of the demands to Mr. Frauk A. Arnold, 69 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payments to Mr. Arnold. ROBERT J. LOWRY, Administrator. September 7, 1887. sep7 d3t wed

wing the arrival and departure of all trains from this city-Central Time. EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R. R. BRIVE DEPART,

No. 14—from Savannah,
Brunswick and Jacksonville. 20 a m
No. 11—from New York,
Knoxville Cincinnati, NashKnoxville Cincinnati, NashNashville and Memphis. 3 50 p m
No. 13—from Cincinnati,
Nashville and Memphis. 3 50 p m
No. 16—from Savannah,
Brunswick and Jacksonville and Alabama
no Indian 11 0 a m
No. 15—for Macon and Dalnon No. 15—for Macon and No. 15—for Rome and Dalnon No. 15—for Macon and No. 15—for Rome and Dalnon No. 15—for Macon and No. 15—for Macon and Dalnon No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville and Alabama
No. 15—for Savannah, No. 15—for Savannah, No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville no. 15—for Savannah, No

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD. From Starkville. 5 9 a m | To Birming | m*...12 50 pm | From Starkville. 5 4 p m | To Tallapossa.... 5 00 pm | From Starkville... 10 00 pm | To Starkville... 10 pm | To Starkville... 10 00 pm | To Starkville... 10 00 pm | To S

BROKERS AND BANKERS.

OF ATLANTA, GA.,

COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS

Capital and Undivided Profits, \$452,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

---) TRANSACTED (---

JAMES' BANK, CAPITAL \$100,000. ALLOWS interest payable on demand from 4 to 6 per cent

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY .-Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.

mand with Interest Three per cent per annum if left four Four per cent per annum if left six months 41 per cent per annum if left twelve

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO., BROKERS IN STOCKS & BONDS ROOM 7, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN

BBOKER AND DEALER IN BONDS AND STOCKS

Will collect dividends and interest free of any charge for personal services. EDWARD S. PRATT DARWIN G. JONES.

IONES & PRATT, Bankers, pBrokers J1 all classes securities. No. 3 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PATTERSON, Bond and Stock Broker. 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

FOR SALE. Capital City Land and Improvement Stock. Georgia Midland and Guir Railroad 1st Mortgage

Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad lat mortgage Bonds. State of Georgia Bonds. City of Atlanta Bonds. Central Railroad Debent Other securities bought and sold,

East Tennessee

Runs FOUR Trains Daily to

MACON.

Leave Atlanta 6:65 a m, 8:00 a m, 5:25 p m, 7:05 p m Arrive at Macon 9:25 a m, 11:00 a m, 8:50 p m, 10:15 p m

Leave Macon 2:15 p m, 6:30 p m, 7:30 a m, 4:00 a m-Arrive in Atlanta 5:15 p m, 9:00 p m, 11:00 a m, 7:20 a m.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



AND BREAKFAST BACON. NONE GENUINE

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 25, 1887.
New York exchange buying at 34 off and seiling at par.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, October 25.—The stock market today was quite dull but firm to strong all the way out, and prices tonight are materially higher over the entire list, although the losses of yesterday were not entirely recovered. London was a moderate of the first standard

but steady.

| Ala. Class A 2 to 5 | 106 | N. O. Pac. 1st | 81 |
|----------------------|--------|------------------------|------|
| do. Class B 58 | 105 | N. Y. Central | 100 |
| Ga. 7s mortgage | 1031/6 | Norfolk & W'n pre | 38 |
| N. C. 6s | 120 | Northern Pacific | 20 |
| do. 4s | 95 | do. preferred | 43 |
| S. C. con. Bsown | 106 | Pacific Mail | 35 |
| Tenn, settlement 6s. | 70 | Reading | 61 |
| Virginia 6s | 48 | Rich. & Alleghany | . 8 |
| Virginia consols | 45 | Richmond & Dan | 150 |
| Chesap'ke & Ohio | 5 | Rich. & W. P. Ter'l | 28 |
| Chicago & N. W | 10614 | Rock Island | 113 |
| do, preferred | 139 | St. Paul | 71 |
| Del. & Lack | 12534 | do. preferred | 121 |
| Erie | 27 | Texas Pacific | 23 |
| East Tenn., new | | Tenn. Coal & Iron | 24 |
| Lake Shore | | Union Pacific | 46 |
| L. & N | | N. J. Central | 72 |
| Memphis & Char | | Missouri Pacific | 89 |
| Mobile & Ohio | 11 | Western Union | 76 |
| N. & C | | Cotton oil trust cest. | 29 |
| *Bid. †Ex-dividen | d. | fOffered, [Ex-right | its. |
| | | | |

THE COTTON MARKETS. CONSTITUTION OFFICE

ATLANTA, October 25, 1887. Net receipts for 3 days 155,871 bales, against 139,592 bales last year; exports 121,279 bales; last year 84,437 bales; stock 592,469 bales; last year 578,879 bales.

| of cotton futures in New York today: | |
|---|---------------|
| Opening. | Closing. |
| October 9.70@ 9.75 | 9.70@ 9.72 |
| November 9.55@ | 9,56@ |
| December 9.53@ | 9.52@ 9.53 |
| Janaury 9.56@ | 9.56@ 9.57 |
| February 9.63@ | 9.64@ 9.65 |
| March 9.71@ | 9.72@ 9.73 |
| April 9.79@ 9.80 | 9.80@ 9.81 |
| May 9.87@ | 9.88@ |
| June 9.94@ | 9.95@ 9.96 |
| July10.04@ | 19.01@10.02 |
| Closed steady; sales 97,800 bales. | |
| Local-Cotton steady; middling 87/cc. | |
| The following is our table of receipments for 3 days: | ots and ship- |
| RECEIPTS. | 750 30 40 |
| | |

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on De-Receipts previously

46,294 SHIPMENTS

Receipts since September 1 . Same time last year..... Showing a decrease of

\$80,80%. Corn, southern quiet but firm; white 406 4c; yellow 45,648.

ST. LOUIS, October 25—Flour firm; famfly \$2. 06 \$2.50; choice \$3.10,853.25; fancy \$8.35,68\$4.15; extra fancy \$3.85,68\$4.15; extra fancy \$3.85,68\$4.10; cxtra fancy \$3.85,68\$4.10; cxtra fancy \$3.85,68\$4.10; cxtra fancy \$3.85,68\$4.26; Wheathigher; No. 2 red fail eash 72,67,27; October 72 bid; May 806 80%. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed cash 406,40%; October 40 bid; May 40%,6413%. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed cash 24%; October 24% bid; May 24%. CHICAGO, October 25—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour steady; winter wheat \$3.90,684.35; spring wheat \$3.40,64.25; spring patent \$3.50,684.80. No. 2 spring wheat 71%,671%; No. 3 do. 64%; No. 2 red 72,672%. No. 2 corn 41. No. 2 oats 25.

CINCINNATI, October 25—Flour firmer; famfly \$3.00,684.30; fancy \$3.50,683.70. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 74. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 44. Oats stronger; No. 2 mixed 23%,623%.

LOUISVILLE, October 25—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red on track 77. Corn, No. 2 mixed 45; do, white 47. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 23%,46283%. NEW YORK, October 25-C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: Today's session was without new or special feature. The opening was tame, though quite a good volume of offer lugs were taken, mainly by those who apprehended a kfiling frost in the belt. Aside from this buying lacked vim, while sellers continue timid, hence the moderate change in values and small aggregate sales.

NEW YORK, October 25.—[Special.]—From Hubbard, Price & Co., through John S. Ernest: The feeling in favor of lower prices is becaming more marked among the most careful observers, who, while indisposed to act upon their own convictions Groceries. The southern markets show no strength of cotton from the intenter, and the cables from Liverpool say that with continued large receipts that market will supply the decline. Considerable sales have been made on the exchange by the brokers of tired holders, who look upon the October movement as the sustaining influence of the balance of the market, and are hence willing to take advantage of the steadiness. The exporters have artificially imparted to it. From appearance it would seem that the attempt to ho'd October will, up to the close of the close of the month, be successful, and the heavy tenders of cotton are being received by the house we have previously referred to. The reasons for this manipulation do not yet appear. The recent steadiness has caused a continued covering of the

short interest, which removes an element of strength, and the market closing steady at a decline from last evening shows a pronounced tendency in favor of By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 25—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, good business at unchanged rates; middling uplands 5½; middling Oreans 5½; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 16,000; American 11,200; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 15-64; October and November delivery 5 12-84; November and December delivery 5 16-6; December and January delivery 5 10-64; January and February delivery 5 10-64; January and February delivery 5 10-64; January and February delivery 5 10-64; April and May delivery 5 15-64; May and June delivery 5 17-64; futures opened steady. By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 25-2:00 p.m.—Sales of Amer-

LIVERPOOL, October 25—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 6,800 bales; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 15-64, sellers; October and November delivery 510-64, sellers; December and January delivery 510-64, sellers; December and January delivery 510-64, sellers; December and January delivery 510-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 13-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 13-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 15-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 17-64, sellers; futures barely steady.

LIVERPOOL October 25—4:00; p.m.—Uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 14-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 16-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 16-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 9-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 9-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 10-64, buyers; March and April delivery 612-64, buyers; March and April delivery 610-64, buyers; March and April delivery 610-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 16-64, buyers; futures closed dull.

NEW YORK, October 25—Cotton dull; sales 273

NEW YORK, October 25—Cotton dull; sales 273 bales; middling uplands 9%; middling Orleans 9%; net receipts 60; gross 4,483; consolidated net receipts 50,459; exports to Great[Britain 2,561; to France 6,620; to continent 6,400; stock—

bales; middling uplands 9%; middling Orleans 9%; net receipts 60; gross 4,85; consolidated net receipts 50,450; exports to Great Britain 2,561; to France 6,20; to continent 6,400; stock —

GALVESTON, October 25—Cotton firm; middling 9%; net receipts 8,529 bales; gross 8,529; sales 222; sales 222; sales 222; sales 222; no. NORFOLK, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 9%; net receipts 3,945 bales; gross 3,945; stock 28,477; sales 2,744; exports coastwise 1,485.

BALTIMORE, October 25—Cotton quiet: middling 9%; net receipts 3,945 bales; gross 3,945; stock 28,477; sales 2,746; exports coastwise 1,485.

BALTIMORE, October 25—Cotton quiet: middling 9%; net receipts 3,185; sales none; stock 3,785; sales to spinners 15; exports coastwise 400.

BOSTON, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 689 bales; gross 3,125; sales none; stock 3,482.

WILMINGTON, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 2,414 bales; gross 2,414; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 3,522.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 34,822.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 3,522.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 94; net receipts 8, bales; gross 3,515; sales none; stock 3,522.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25—Cotton quiet; middli

middling 9; net receipts 7,981 bales; gross 7,981; sales 2,300; stock 125,146; exports coastwise 1,710.

NEW ORLEANS, October 25—Cotton steady; midling 91-16; net receipts 16,967 bales; gross 18,945; ales 4,500; stock 184,086.

MOBULE Contact Section 18,086. sales 4,500; stock 154,056.

MOBILE. October 25—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts 2,709 bales; gross 3,044; sales 800; stock 18,607; exports coastwise 2,350.

MEMPHIS, October 25—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 4,710 bales; shipments 4,040; sales 1,600;

CHARLESTON, October 25—Cotton steady; mid-dling 9; net receipts 2,785 bales; gross 2,785; sales 2,500; stock 54,577; exports to France 5,118; to conti-nent 2,700. THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, October 25—The markets on change today opened quite promising, and continued bullish throughout most of the session. In the wheat market thelifeeling was especially strong; local buying was more active, and there was also more doing on outside account. Several prominent local dealers were free buyers, and short interest was induced to cover. Both American and European advices were bullish, which helped the market here. Receipts of wheat here shows somewhat of a falling off, but in northwest arrivals continue quite liberal. Corn was moderately active with a feeling firmer, and fluctuations showed a somewhat wider range. The strength tions showed a somewhat wider range. The strength was due mainly to the firm tone of wheat, and an-ticipated smaller receipts. Cables were steady and ticipated smaller receipts. Cables were steady and home markets stronger. The stock of contract corn increased 679,885 bushels the past week, making the quantity now in store 2,481,600 bushels. Oats in speculative market ruled quiet, but firm, all through the regular session, there being no fluctuations worth mentioning.

Provisions were more active than usual today, and the feeling was firmer, influenced to some extent by moderate arrivals of hows and a stronger market for

moderate arrivals of hogs and a stronger market for corn. Trading in the aggregate was only fair, with midwinter deliveries attracting most attention. Of-ferings were moderate, while the demand from shorts was fairly active. Prices ruled higher, and the ap-preciation was moderately well sustained. Local operators were not disposed to sell to any extent, while orders from outside parties were largely on the buying side of the market. The inquiry for shipment was fair with buyers more inclined to meet the views of sellers, and a fair trade was reported. In some cases slight advances were obtained. Receipts of products were fair, and shipments quite

| in Chicago today: WHEAT— OF | ening. | Highest. | Closing |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|
| October | | 71% | 71% |
| November | 7172 | 723% | 723% |
| May | 7912 | 795% | 7952 |
| CORN- | /8 | /8 | |
| October | 4034 | 411/ | 411/ |
| November | 41 | 4112 | 4132 |
| May | 45 | 4512 | 4512 |
| OATS- | | 20/4 | 20/4 |
| October | 251/2 | 251/2 | 251/6 |
| November | 251% | 251/2 | 251/2 |
| day Pork— | 291/2 | 291/2 | 291/2 |
| anuary 1 | 2 171/2 | 12 321/2 | 12 271/2 |
| October | 5 35 | 6.35 | 6.35 |
| November (| 3 221/6 | 6 271/2 | 6 25 |
| Iay | 5712 | 6 621% | 6 60 |
| SHORT RIES- | | | |
| ctober | 7 10 | 7 10 | 7 00 |
| anuary | 4.5 | 6 25 | 6 221/6 |

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, October 25, 1887.

ATLANTA, October 25, 1887.

Flour. Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, October 25—Flour—Best patent \$5.50; extra fancy \$6.00; fancy \$4.30@\$4.40; extra family \$4.15 &54.25; choice family \$4.00; family \$3.50@\$3.75; extra \$3.25@\$3.50.

Wheat—New Tennessee \$6@\$80; new Georgia \$5. Bran—Large sacks \$1.00; small 1.00, Corn Meal — Plain \$80; bolled \$60. Pea Meal — \$1.00@\$1.10. Grits—\$4.00. Corn—Choice winte 670; No. 2 white Tennessee \$60; No. 2 mixed \$60. Cats—No. 2 mixed \$30@\$400. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.10; small bales \$1.10; clover \$60; wheat straw baled \$0.0. Peas—Stock —

small bales \$1.10; clover 95c; wheat straw baled 30c. Peas—Stock —

NEW YORK, October 25—Flour, routhern quiet; common to fair extra \$3.35@\$1.00; good to choice \$1.10 (\$4.85.\$ Wheat, options buoyant during the entire day, advancing \$2.60% early, and after a few slight changes closing strong at about the highest; spot \$2.60% to higher but rather quiet for export; No. 2 red October \$36.63%; November \$31.4680; May 884.69 (\$2.000 \$2.40 (\$4.000 \$1.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.000 \$1.00 (\$4.000 \$1.000

Hardware.

ATLANTA, October 25—Market steady. Horseshoes \$4.25@\$4.50; mule shoes \$5.25@\$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Irnoboundhames \$3.50. Trace-chains 32@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Well-buckets \$3.50@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchant bar 2% c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, \$2.50; steel \$2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ b 5@5\frac{1}{2}\$c. Powder, ritle \$5.00; blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot \$1.60.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, October 25— Horses —Plug \$65:@90; good drive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$440; fine \$250@\$200; drivers \$125@\$440; fine \$250@\$200, drivers \$125:@\$140; fine \$250@\$100; to 15½ hands \$135@\$160.

CINCINATI, October 25—Hogs active and firm; common and light \$3.40@\$4.45; packing and butchers \$4.15@\$4.60.

4½@5½. CINCINNATI, October 25—Sugar steady; hards,refined 7@7½; New Orleans 434@5½.

fined 7@7½; New Orleans 4½@5½.

Provisions.

| ST. LOUIS, October 25— Provisions quiet. Pork, new mess \$13.50. Lard 6.15@6.20. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 5.00@5.20; long clear 6.7; clear ribs 6.87½; short clear 7.00@7.12½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.57½@6.00; long clear 7.50@7.67½; short ribs 7.75; short clear 7.00@7.02½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.57½@6.00; long clear 7.50@5.07; short length of the control of the clear 7.50@5.05; hams 12@11.

NEW YORK, October 25—Pork easier but active for export; old mess \$13.50@813.75; new \$14.00@\$14.50. Middles dull and nominal. Lard 9@12 points higher with more doing for export; western sleam spot 6.75 @6.20; November 6.36@6.60; May 6.78@6.50; city steam 6.65; refined to continent 6.85.

steam 6.55; refined to continent 6.85,

LOUISVIILLE, October 25—Provisions steady. Bacon, clear rib sides 8½; clear sides 9; shoulders 6½.

Bulk meats, clear rib sides 8½; clear sides 9.00; shoulders 5.25. Mess pork nominal. Hams, sugarcured 116/12. Lard, choice leaf 8.

CHICAGO, October 25—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$13.00. Lard 6.47½. Short ribs loose 7.00. Dry saited shoulders oxed 5.0065.20; short clear sides boxed 7.1067.20.

ATLANTA, October 25—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 7.85c; fat backs 7½c. Sugar-cured hams 123/26.44½c. Lard—Pure leaf, tierces 8½c; refined 7½c.

CINCINNATI, October 25—Pork dull at \$13.25. Lard strong at 6.23½. Bulk meats higher; short ribs 7½c.

Racon quiet; short ribs 8½; short clear 8½.

NORTH ALABAMA.

Jecatur, Ala., is Not a "Model City" But it "Means Business."

SIE WHAT HAS BEEN DONE IN NINE MONTHS.

The population of the city has increased from 1,200 in January to over 5,000 today. The immense Car Construction Shops of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad are nor being erected. Cost \$350,000.

The second largest Iron Bridge Works in the country is already erected, Cost \$100.000. 4th. Fifty ovens and the Laboratories of the Charcoal Chemical plant are already erect-

5th. Ivens' & Sons Steam Engine and Boiler Works are already in operation. Cost \$75,000. 6th. The Decatur Cotton Compress Company have just erected the finest plant of the kind inthe south, (Morse 90 inch cylinder). Cost \$50,000. 7th. P. J. O'Brien, of Birmingham, owner of O'Brien's Opera House, has just contracted

perect (at his own expense) an Opera House to cost not less than \$100,000. 8th. Howland & Ellis, of Boston, owners of the Montgomery Water Works, are putting in

their own expense) a plant to cost not less than \$200,000. oth. Gordon, Stranbel & Lanrea, of Philadelphia, Pa., have nearly completed a 90 ton

Charcoal Iron Blast Furnace. Cost \$180,000. 10th. The Decatur Land Company will erect a 100 toncoke iron blast furnace. Cost

11th. TheAmerican Oak Exp. Co., of W. Virginia, have erected the largest plant of

the kind in the world. Cost \$65 000. 12th. Wooldridge & Co., have contracted to erect at once a Chain and Architectural Iron Works. Cost \$75,000.

13th. The Chicago Car Wheel Company have just contracted to put up a Foundry that will turn out 100 car wheels per day. Cost \$125,000. 14th. The Southern Horse Nail Co. have just contracted to have in operation within 90

days the largest plant of the kind in the south; cost \$85,000. 15th. Grant & Flynn are erecting a furniture factory; cost \$15,000. Decatur has already two immense saw mills, a large wheelbarrow works, a fence machine

company, four brick yards. two planing mills, and numerous smaller industries. Decatur has two banks, two daily and three weekly papers. Decatur has three hotels and two more building, one to cost \$300,000.

Decatur has the Tennessee river and two great trunk lines of railroad in operation-the L. N. and the E. Tenn., Va. & Ga.; more railroads building. Decatur has street cars, telephones and electric lights.
All this has been done in Three-Quarters of a Year in what was "the

sleepiest old village" in the South. Can any town in the New South show equal improvement. Inducements offered to manufacturers, business men and actual settlers.

Send for circular, or, better still, come and see.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, October 25— Apples—\$3.50@\$4.00 \$3.50@\$4.00. Oranges—\$4.50@\$5.00. Cocoanuts—7c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; grapes 7½@12½c \$3.50. Epigs—13@18c. Raisins—New London \$2.25; 26 boxes \$1.30; 24 boxes 90c. Currants—7½@\$c. Leghorn citron—25c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@4c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples 6@8c; sundried peaches 6@8c; sundried peaches pealed 12c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, October 25— Eggs — 1°c. Butter—
Gilt edge 25@27c; choice Tennessee 2:@22%c; othes grades 10@35c. Poultry—Hens 20@25c; young chickens large 1:@20c. Irish Potatoes — \$2.20.
Sweet Potatoes—0.055c. Honey—Strained 6.68c; in the comb 10c. Onions — \$3.50@\$3.75. Cabbage

Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, October 25—Bagging — 1½ ibs 65%c; 1½ ibs 67%c; 81.2bs 7½; 1½ ibs 7½c; 2 ibs 7½c; ½ ibs 8½c. Ties 1¾b.

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

Tallapoosa Land f

WE OFFER FOR FIFTEEN DAYS LAND LOTS Nos. 101 and 102, \$th district of Haralson county. Four hundred and five acres of beautiful lying land, all wooded, with many fine springs and clear crystal branches, on the corporate limits of the city of Tallapoosa. The Georgia Pacific road runs through these lots; two surveys for new roads have been recently made nearly through the center; the main roadways split the property for more than a mile, making this tract the most available for subdivision and suburban residence property in the vicinity of that beautiful and growing city. The old Holland gold mine, now owned by Burke & Co., lays broadside, and that rich gold vein leads through thus property. Beautiful indications are abundant of gold on it; also, silver and iron. Go and look at (the land and make us an offer. If not sold within fifteen days will be subdivided and sold at once.

45 acres, finest body around Atlants; can be subdivided and made a grand park villa, well shaded; lays high, in one of the best portions of the city. If you want a big thing call on us.

8 acres on Pryor street near new glassworks; also a number of fine shaded lots in vicinity of glass works and East Tennessee shops.

12 acres on Central railroad, partly in West Rnd.

4 acres western side of city; lays high and pretty; will make 56 choice building lots.

10 tots on Boulevard and Jackson streets, \$0x300, on top of high ridge, affording a magnificent view city, country and mountains; streetcar on one front. Lot 10x155, corner Rice and Boulevard, from which you can see nearly all the city, at a bargain. A number of choice Peachtree lots.

8 room new house with all modern improvements, a gem, on Capitol avenue, near in.

12-room house, centrally located, with every convenience.

A magnificent Peachtree home, near in.

be sold.
All classes of houses and lots and vacant lots.
Our sales have been good, but we are ready to wait
on you.
Sep30—Im 31 8, Broad street.

TAX LEVY,

ATLANTA, October 25

DECATUR LAND CO., Decatur, Ala.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

 On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, as follows, except those marked †, which are run daily except Sunday.
 And those marked * are run on Sunday only.
 ATLANTA, GEORGIA, October 23d, 1887.

 Leave Atlanta
 6:50 am
 7:15 pm
 2:30 pm
 8:30 am
 5:30 pm
 9:300 pm
 12:30 pm
 8:30 am
 5:30 pm
 9:300 pm
 12:30 pm
 Special
 12:30 pm
 Special
 Arrive Griffin
 8:20 am
 8:45 pm
 4:95 pm
 16:98 am
 7:20 pm
 4:5 pm
 Train
 Train

 Arrive Barnesville
 8:55 am
 9:19 pm
 4:7 pm
 10:45 am
 8:15 pm
 5:50 cm
 9:40 am

 Arrive Columbus
 2:55 pm
 9:45 pm
 4:30 am
 10:22 pm
 9:40 am
 8:20 am 8:45 pm 4:05 pm 10:08 sa: 7:20 pm 4:5 pm 10:25 am 10:50 pm 6:50 pm 12:25 pm 8:15 pm 4:37 am 4:31 pm 4:5 pm 4:37 am 4:31 pm 4:5 pm 4:31 am 4:31 pm 4:37 am 4:31 am 4:31 pm 4:31 am 4:31 7:13 pm 7:25 am 2:55 pm 11:96 pm 1:20 am 5:00 pm 6:15 am 10:20 pm Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakeley, Clayton, Ala, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from Atlanta. Leave Savannah...... Leave Millen.... Leave Montgomery via Eufaula... 5:15 pm .. 5:49 pm 7:15 am 1:15 pm 9:40 pm 8:10 am 9:50 am 1:40

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Augusta, Macon and Columbus, Atlanta and Albany.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car berth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta. 122-State Fair Special Train, see last column.
F. T. CHARLITON, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. R. R., Sayannah Ga.,
A LBERT HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent, Union Depot Atlanta. Ga. Safe Deposit Company, Title Warranty and

OF ATLANTA.

28 PEACHTREE STREET AND ROOMS 1 AND 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00.

ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys. Business enterprise no less than business prudence demands that you have your titles warranted. Are

you proposing to buy cheap property which your vender is indifferent about selling? To be sure of no trouble about the title, have it warranted for your own benefit. Are you wanting to sell to a buyer in different on account of the title? Clinch the trade by having the title warranted for the benefit of the purchaser. Are you proposing to sell at public outcry? Guard against luke-warm bidding by announcing hat "Titles will be warranted by the LAND TITLE WARRANTY COMPANY." Are you seeking a loan on your property at low interest? Obtain a certificate of warranty on your title transferable as collaters to your mortgage, and you need nothing more. Send for circular. Address,

The Largest Stock of Carriages Spring and Farm Wagons in the South.

STANDARD WAGON COMPANY, H. L. ATWATER, Manager,

and 74 Peachtree Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Goods to the Trade at Manufacturers' Prices. WRITE FOR PRICES. General Agents for Manufacturers of General Agents for CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, McLEAR & KENDALL, Manufacturers of

ROAD CARTS, Fine Landaus, Victorias, RING & FARM W AGONS. Rockaways, T Carts, Etc. GENERAL AGENTS FOR

MILBURN WAGON CO. 38 Years Before the People. Buy the -OLD RELIABLE - sun wed

DRESSMAKING. MISS A. VAN DUSEN

Wraps and Costumes, DRESSMAKING IN ALL ITS 62 West 46th St., NEW

IMPORTER OF



-ALL KINDS .-If you want the best goods at lowest possible prices H. L. ATWATER, Manager.

OPIUMHABITCURED IN FIFTEEN DAYS. NO CURE. NO PAY All I ask is a trial, and a PER MANENT CURE IS
GUARANTEED. Address I. A. NELMS, M. I.
EMYTTS. Gold County, Ga.

CANNON IN AGAIN.

The Chief of the Pickpocket Gang Behind the Bars.

A NASHVILLE TELEGRAM THE CAUSE

Watch Stolen from a Nashville Gentleman Found in the Crook's Posses-sion-The Particulars.

John Cannon, the successful pickpo who was arrested in Atlanta during the Piedmont exposition, and was recognized by Hazen and Morrison, the Cincinnati detectives, as the chief of a gang of crooks then infesting the city, was pulled again yesterday by Detectives. Simpson and Buchanan, and is now securely confined in a cell in the city prison. confined in a cell in the city prison.

The crook will probably do a term in the

Tennessee penitentiary.

Early yesterday morning a telegram was received at police headquarters from J. D. Porter, superintendent of the Nashville detective

ceived at police headquarters from J. D. Porter, superintendent of the Nashville detective force, requesting the Atlanta officers to watch out for a fine gold watch, bearing No. —. The morning mail had brought a description of the same, and upon the card bearing the description was a statement that it had been stolen from a gentleman in the union depot at Nashville at the time the president's special train was there. The description of the watch and the telegram were seen by Detectives Simpson and Buchanan, who arrested Cannon during the exposition. Upon that occasion a fine gold watch was found upon Cannon; and the detectives felt satisfied that that watch was the one described by the circular from Nashville. After reading the description the officers started out hoping, but hardly expecting, to find some clue to Cannon. About ten o'clock Detective Simpson was standing near the postoffice; and sew one of the gang pass by. Quietly he followed the crook until he entered the Hotel Weinmeister. Through an open window the detective saw Vance—that was the crook's name—appreach a table and speak to a man who was writing. The man at the table was Cannon, and Detective Simpson felt happy over the discovery. Without making his presence known to the crooks the detective opened communication with police headquarters and asked for Detective Buchanan. In a few minutes that officer was on hand, and together the two entered the hotel. Cannon was still writing and Vance was sitting close by. Detective Simpson approached the man at the table, and dropping a hand upon his shoulder remarked:

"John, I want you again."

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Cannon dropped his pen, and grabbing the sheets of paper upon which he had been writing, looked up. Seeing the face with which he has recently grown familiar, he began tearing the freshly written letter into scraps, at the same time saying:

"This is an infamous cutrage. Am I to be pulled every day?"

"Just depends upon whether I want you every day or not," said the detective, picking up the pieces of the letter which Cannon had scattered over the floor.

As the detective began picking up the pieces of paper Cannon became very abusive and desired to know why the scraps were not left where he had thrown them.

"Oh, since you have seen fit to tear the letter ""

where he had thrown them.

"Oh, since you have seen fit to tear the letter up," said 'the detective, "I'll just put the pieces together and see what it is."

Cannon was led out of the hotel, protesting against the arrest. Behind him were Detectives Buchanan and Vance. The quartette walked along, Cannon doing all the talking, until a mail box was reached. Stopping at the box. Cannon put his hand into a pocket, and, pulling out a letter stamped and addressed, started to drop it into the box. Detective Simpson sprang forward, and, grapbing the letter, attempted to take it from Cannon. Quite a struggle ensued, but the detective tinally secured the letter.

"You have no right to that letter," said Cannon, panting, "It is stamped and is the property of the United States mail until delivered to the addressed party."

"All right. I'll see that it is delivered," said the detective as he started again for the city prison.

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On the way to the prison the party encountered Mr. Burton Smith who had appeared as Cannon's attorney the day before. Mr. Smith recognized his client and facing the officers demanded an explanation of the man's arrest.

"Come with us to police head quarters" said Detective Simpson "and we'll show you."

"But you have no warrant for this man," said Mr. Smith.

The officers started again for the prison, and Mr. Smith went along. As they entered the prison, Detective Simpson addressed Stationhouse Keeper Joyner, saying:

"Take charge of the man, please, and search him."

him."
"Mr. Joyner, are you in charge here?"
asked Mr. Smith.
"Yes, sir," answered the officer.
"Then I demand," said Mr. Smith, "that
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Simpson, as the Nashville telegram was handed Mr. Smith.

As the gentleman was reading the telegram, Cannon was being searched. The watch was first examined, and the number was the same as that recorded in the description. It also filled the description in other respects, and, of course, induced the officers to hold Cannon. As the search was being made, Cannon removed a beautiful diamond pin and handed it to Mr. Smith.

"Here, we will take that," said Detective Simpson.

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"No, you won't take it," said Mr. Smith;
"I'll just keep it until the owner needs it."
"I'l I had anything to do with that case," said Sergeant White, "I'd just lock you up if you didn't give up that pin."
"No, you wouldn't do anything of the kind, my friend," said Mr. Smith; "and, by the way, I don't see that you have any right to meddle with this affair."
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read. The other was to his brother in Cincinnati, and was:

ATLANTA, October 25, 1887.—Dear Brother: You have seen by this time, in the Cincinnati Enquirer of my trouble in Atlanta. I was turned up has night and will leave here today for Texas. Vance. Fresh, Baker Tom and Horton were pinched with me—held us eight days. I would have gone to Macon, but they talled us on, there and sent our photos. I have a ticket to Fort Worth and one dollar left, and I cousider myself lucky to have that. If you have anything purticular to communicate to me you can tally to Louis Wright, general delivery P. O., Pallas, Texas. Love to all. Yours, etc., "Sid."

The letter which had been torn up was to the prisoner's wife, and was:

ATLANTA, October 25.—Darling Wife: No doubt sou think it strange you have not heard from me before this. The fact is I have been in a great deal of trouble. I arrived here Sunday, October 16th, and telegraphed you that night. My expectations were big here, and I would have made considerable money if I had not got in trouble, but on Monday morning the 17th, es I was passing the principal hotel. Hazeu, a Chedmatti det. ctive, had me arrested on suspicion. I was taken to the station house, searched and then thrown in a cell where I found Eaker, Tom and Jim, who had been arrested unbeknown to me about an hour before About three or four hours after Sid was arrested, and was surprised to see us, as he did not know we were arrested. Well, to make a long story short, they refused to send for a havyer for us, and we were obliged to stay locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a bay locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a day locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a bay locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a day locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a bay locked up in a cell with the bas fion for a day, when we were out was Satur day, when we were four was a cell with the bas fion for a begin for a bay we were out was Satur day, when we were the long of there by letter of yours and your picture, which I had who arrested. Incissed pings from The send you some climan and also Chemmati Enquire. Flease c what was done withis afternoon for Dallas. Texas—Jim, sid and by ourselves—where I will look for a letter for

AMA.

Iodel City"

nuary to over 5,000 today. and Nashville Railroad are

ready erected, Cost \$100.000. cal plant are already erect-

iy in operation. Cost \$75.000. ed the finest plant of the kind a House, has just contracted

\$100,000. Water Works, are putting in

ve nearly completed a 90 ton iron blast furnace. Cost

erected the largest plant of Chain and Architectural Iron

d to put up a Foundry that have in operation within 90

15,000. row works, a fence machine er industries.

300,000. railroad in operation—the L.

a Year in what was "the nducements offered to manu-

ecatur, Ala.

D OF GEORGIA. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, October 22d, 1837. ollows, except those marked f, which are 9:40 am 10:20 pm should take the 6:50 a. m. train from

5:15 pm

and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savanah n sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.

Safe Deposit Company, ANTA.

AND 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

K \$100,000.00.

ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys.

Guard against luke-warm bidding by announcing

COMPANY,

SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS, ant the best goods at lowest possible prices

H. L. ATWATER, Manager. OPIUMHABITCURED IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

NO PAY NO CURE. All I ask is a trial, and a PERMANENT CURE IS GUARANTEED. Address J. A. NELMS, M. D. Emyroa. Pobli County, Ga.

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Allanta, October 25, 1887.—Dear Brother: You
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of my trouble in Atlanta. I was turned up last
night and will leave here today for Texas. Vance,
Fresh, Baker Tom and Horton were pinched with
me—held us eight days. I would have gone to Macon, but they tallied us on there and sent our photos.
I have a ticket to Fort Worth and one dollar left,
and I consider myself lucky to have that. If you
have anything particular to communicate to me
you can tally to Louis Wright, general delivery P. O.,
Dallas, Texas. Love to all. Yours, etc.,

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take good care of yourself when I am away. I was thinking constantly of you when I was locked up; and, ah, pet, what horrible dreams I had. I cou'd hardly sleep. I have contracted a terrible cold in jail. It worries me. You answer this letter as soon as you get it. Direct answer to John L. Keene, Dullas, Texas, and I will get ft. Pon't forget and make a mistake—John L. Keene—as I am afraid to use my right name there. I sent Considine what—Just as Cannon completed the word "what" Detective Simpson touched him on the shoulder.

shoulder.

Immediately after Cannon was placed in a cell. Mr. Smith sued out a writ of habeas corpus and in the afternoon Cannon was taken before Judge Clarke. The officers exhibited the Nashville telegram and the watch and letters. Mr. Smith showed by his client under eath that he had not been in Nashville for more than a year, but Judge Clarke remanded the prisoner to the custody of the officers for five days. The Nashville authorities have been notified of Cannon's arrest and the recovery of notified of Cannon's arrest and the recovery of

About two o'clock this morning a telegram was received at police headquarters from Nashville informing Acting Chief Couch that another watch answering the description had been found. It may be that the watch in Atlanta is not the one and Caunon will probably secure his release again this morning.

After diphtheria, scarlet fever, or pneumo-nia, Hood's Sarsaparilla will give strength to the system, and expel all poison from the blood

Card From Dr. Morrison. EDITORS CONSTITUTION: May I, through the EDITORS CONSTITUTION: May I, through the columns of your paper, return my acknowledgment and gratitude for the kindly sympathy expressed in your note, and also for the many tokens of loving solicitude from the people of the city to me and mine, as we are shut in and battling for the life of our dear little one. Pers nil cells and inquiries, with notes of sympathy, have been coming to us from all directions, while I had not a moment from the bedside to see a friend or acknowledge a note of love.

This sad affliction has assured us t'a' we have a This sad affliction has assured us t'a: we have a place in the hearts of the friends whom we have known so short a time. Let me say that the sad and anxious ones in my home have been cheered in the dark hours by your's and many similar expressions of Christian sympathy.

Frayer has been heard and my loved one yet lives. The surgeon and physicians have been unremitting in attention, and what seemed hopeless now appears full of hope. Very truly and gratefully yours,

Atlanta, Ga. Wednesday Evening, October 19th.

Atlanta, Ga , Wednesday Evening, October 19th,

Pond's Extract, for beast as well as man. Travel ing shows, menageries, etc., always carry it with them, and unanimously testify to its

THE BLUE RIBBON.

New and Improved Cotton Chopper-One Likely to Displace all Others and Thus Supply an Imperative Demand.

In the machinery department at the Piedmont exposition, there was no one machine or implement that attracted more attention than the ection chopper of Messrs. Hood & Lindley, It is indeed a piece of rare mechanism, having its parts 50 adjusted as to render it of nuch service to the ection planter. There were a great many choppers that entered for the first premium, but this one of Messrs. Hood & Lindley came out ahead. These gentlemen have a valuable machine, and it no doubt, will bring them quite a sum of money If it's properly placed on the market. The many farmers who examined it at the exposition, as well as those who are manufacturers of farming implements, universally propronounce it to be the chopper of this age. This is quite a compliment and is without doubt appreciated by these gentlemen. This chopper is manufactured in Charlott, N. C., and those who desire to investigate it in regard to what has been said, can do so by corresponding with Hood & Lindley at that place. As we intimated above this chopper carried off the first premium and the blue ribbon justly belongs to the old north state. Write to the above firm for circulars and instructions and it may be of much interest to you.

BUCKMAN'S AUTOMATIC COUPLER.

BUCKMAN'S AUTOMATIC COUPLER. Something New and Desirable for the Rail-

The best invention for railr ads that has been seen or heard of for a long while was Buckman's Automatic Car Coupler, exhibited at the Piedmont fair. The coupler was tested thoroughly and satisfactorily on cars built expressly for the purpose by the Southern Car works, at Knoxyllle, Tennessee, and was awarded the first prize and recommended as the best coupler ever exhibited in the South, The patent is about four months o'd and work a vector light well. It couples automatically with any and covered away all a paged in the United States, with no

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"But you have no warrant for this man," said Mr. Smith.

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"Take charge of the man, please, and search him."

"Mr. Joyner, are you in charge here?" asked Mr. Smith.

"Yes, sir," answered the officer.

"Then I demand," said Mr. Smith, "that these officers tell me why these men are armored."

Choice celery and oysters. Emery's, 15 Peachtree. Supreme Court of Georgia.-October Term

ATLANTA, October 25. Order of circuits, with the number of cases reaining undisposed of:

oweta 10 Eastern 20
o. 52. Argument concluded,
o. 2 City of Atlenta vs. Gate City Street Railway
Company. Equity from Fulton. Argued, J. B.
Goodwin, J. G. Fendleton for plaintiff in error.
Reed, Reinhardt & O'Neill for defendant,
o. 3. Edwards vs. State. Receiving stolen goods.
From city court of Atlanta. Argued. Wimbish & Walker, Spear & Baker, for plaintiff in error.
H. C. Glenn, solicitor city court, by C. D. Hill,
for the state.
o. 4. Gilbert vs. Crystal Fountain Lodge No. 2, I.
O. 16. S. & D. of S. Slander. Fromjety court of
Atlanta. George T. Fry, Broyles & Johnston, for
plaintiff in error. Hoke Smith, J. R. Whiteside,
for defendant. Pending argument of Mr. Whiteside, the court adjourned to ten o'clock this
morning.

morning.
The following judgments were rendered. Headotes will appear tomorrow.

No. 49. Evans vs. Collier. Affirmed.
No. 51. Cotting, et al, vs, Culpepper, et al. Reversed.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures! Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa,

Miss Mabel Sterling In 3 Corners.

Miss Mabel Sterling In 3 Corners.

After two days of great legitimate, a performance of fun, music and comedy will be well received by the public and this will be given this evening by beauty personified in Miss Mable Sterling, whom we will introduce to our readers in the following notice of the Frankford Herald: The 3 Corners Comedy Company, supporting the much-talked-of southern society belle, Mabel Sterling, opened their engagement in the Frankford opena house this week to a large audience. Miss Sterling is certainly a very lovely young lady. She sings elegantly and her acting is superb. Much has been said in all the papers of this country about this lovely southern queen. The "3 Corners" is the funniest comedy ever seen here. It is an immense success. The company is a large and very fine one. The singular o, cras of the day are produced in excellent style—Martha, Faust, Bohemian Girl, Eminie, Tycoon, and several others, are operas from which the choicest music is taken. Miss Annie Leof's excellent; Clara Coleman is the finest lady clarionet player ever seen here; Euvaldie, the great Welsh contratto, is wonderful. Mesrs. Howe and Claud Brook Dinks are simply immense. It has been some time since we have seen so much good talent in one company. We hope Mable Sterling, or the beantiful Mable, as she is called, will soon return with "3 Corners."

JEWELRY, 55 WHITEHALL T.

Reliable Goods. Fair Dealing. Bottom Prics.

COURT AND CAPITIL

What Was Done In'The Deprtments Yesterday.

THE COST OF THE GENERAL ASSEBLY

Matters of Moment and Note Cobeted Yesterday About the State, Custon and Court Houses. Governor Gordon was out of the city yster-

day, and consequently there was not such news of interest about the executive office He is expected to return on Wednesday night and after setting his business in order will pave for Ohio, there to champion the cause democracy before the peeple of that great ate. The Governor and His Cabinet.

The Governor and His Cabinet.

THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE was devoid of any very interesting topics of news yesterday. The clerks were busy entering upon the recorche titles of all bills and resolutions passed bythe late general assembly, and finishing the ork connected with the closing hours of a longand arduous session. Owing to the governor absence there was no developments in the ratter of the solicitorship of the Stone Mountaincircuit. H. C. Jones, the present incumbent of the solicitorship of the Stone Mountaincircuit. H. C. Jones, the present incument, will continue to hold the office until histoccessor is appointed, and justice is not likely to miscarry by reason of the want dan officer. It is not expected that the corrict verdict will be made before Thursday: on hat day, the governor will be hurried with the arrangement of business incident to his departure for Ohio, and it is just possible thatthe decision may be further delayed. No intrest is suffering because of the delay of the verlict, and curiosity in the matter appears to lave completely died out. It is doubtful if itivill be again aroused by the publicity of theverdict.

The governor's Staff, or at least a very

dict.

THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF, or at least a ery large portion of it, is now on active duy in Macon in connection with the visit of thegovernor to that city. The colonels are quitenice about attending upon occasions of the sortnow in progress in Macon, and their faitifulness and patriotic desire to do their full and whole duty has doubtless given rise to the erroneous remark that they receive pay for services when on active duty. This is a mistake; there is no provision for the payment of the staff for any kind of duty they may be called upon to perform. Their uniforms and accourrements are furnished by each individual member, and, even when it is necessary for the staff to be mounted, the expenses connected therewith are borne by the penses connected therewith are borne by the individual and not by the state. The maintenance of the staff costs the state of Georgia not one cent, and the gentlemen who so patriotically devote so much of their time and service to the service of the state deserve unstinted praise.

TREASURER HARDEMAS on vesterday com-TREASURER HARDEMA on yesterday completed the task of footing up the expenses connected with the last session of the general assembly. Owing to the non-arrival of certain pay rolls the completion of the account was delayed, but yesterday all were in and the treasurer completed the statement. The senate at its adjourned session, lasting 107 days, cost the state the sum of \$30,377.70; the house of representatives for the same session and period amounted to \$95,737, or the general assembly for the same session of \$124.314.70. Treasurer Hardeman's sestimate was \$126,000, and it will be seen that session of \$124.314.70. Treasurer Hardeman's estimate was \$126,000, and it will be seen that he was not very far wrong. In addition to the \$124,314.70 for the adjourned session, the cost of the regular session of last winter, amounting to fifty days, must be added. The senate at that session drew \$15,185.78, and the house \$47,123.55, which added to the \$124,314.70 makes a grand total for the entire session of \$186,624.03. This amount includes the mileage to members, clerical force and incidentals. The treasury paid a warrant for \$4,000 on account of the state academy for the blind yesterday.

The statehouse officials are well represented at the state fair, now going on at Macon. In addition to the presence of Governor Gordon, Adjutant-General Kell and Private Secretary Nisbet, on yesterday afternoon Agri-

Secretary Nisbet, on yesterday afternoon Agricultural Commissioner Henderson, Assistant Commissioner Redding, and Mr. De Woolf, of the agricultural department, went down in their official capacity to look upon the fair and note the progress made by the farmers. Matters were quiet in all the departments yesterday, the penitentiary office being devoid of any news of any kind. In the comptroller-general's office a few special returns were received from tax collectors in different parts of the state, but nothing of an interesting nature was received. Secretary Nisbet, on yesterday afternoon Agri-

The County Courthouse.

Matters in the county courthouse were dull yesterday. The superior court was in session an hour and ran out of business. Several cases are set for hearing today. The jury in the case of Dixon vs. Clark handed in a sealed verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$36.40.

The will of Frances Scott was filed in the office of Ordinary Calhoun for probate in selemn form.

solemn form.

The will of Edward Harper was filed in the office of Ordinary Calhoun for probate in

solemn form.

The solicitor is busy preparing for the meeting of the grand jury next Thursday.

At the Customhouse.

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The United States grand Jury after a short session of two days adjourned yesterday for the term. The presentments of the grand jury and their true bills, if any were made or returned were not made public yesterday. It is not believed, however, that anything of an interesting nature transpired.

The following cases were returned yesterday to the United States courts: John W. Bennett, of Heard county, was committed to jail in default of a \$300 bond, for illicit distilling and working. He was tried by Commissioner McClendon, of Newman. W. C. Campbell, of Meriwether county, charged with working and distilling, gave bond before Commissioner McClendon at Newman, in the sum of \$100 for his appearance at court. Thos. B. Russell, of Meriwether county, charged with working and distilling, gave bond in the sum of \$100 for his appearance. He was before Commissioner McClendon also.

In the United States district courtyesterday, the following cases were disposed of Willis Wehunt, of Lumpkin county, charged with removing, concealing, and retailing, plead guilty, and was given four months and a fine of \$100. Sam Patterson, of Fannin county, charged with working and distilling, was tried and acquitted. George Adams, of Lumpkin county, charged with distilling and working, plead guilty, was fined \$100 and sentenced to seven months imprisonment.

In the United States circuit court yesterday, the following cases were disposed of O. P. Payne, of Dawson county, charged with distilling and working, had his case dismissed. Theodore W. Burney, of Atlanta, was admitted to plead and practice in the district of Georgia.

FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT.

In the United States circuit court yester.

LOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

MY STOCK FOR

MENS', YOUTHS' & BOYS' SUITS

IN ALL GRADES. PRICES ALWAYS LOW AS THE LOWEST GEO. MUSE.

N. B.-Suits Made to Order.

38 WHITEHALL ST.

REMINGTON

STANDARD

Typewriter,

For Speed, Durability, Ease of

Manipulation, Quality of

Work is Unequaled.

See full stock at all times at the headquarters, No. 2/4 Marietta street. Finest quality and largest stock of paper, ribbons, carbon and all sorts of supplies for Stenographers and Typewriters. Elegant cabnets in five different woods. "The Profession" always welcome. Send for handsome illustrated pamphlef. Dealers wanted in every town in Georgia and Alabama.

W. T. CRENSHAW

J. S. DOYLE,

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Sterling Silver and Plated Silverware, Clocks, Etc., Etc. 51 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA. WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

The Earth Trembled'

A NEW NOVEL BY -E. P. ROE,-

Founded on incidents which occurred during the Charleston earthquake, for sale at THORNTON'S.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY GOODS

WEDDING PRESENTS, ETC. We have the largest assortment of Fine Art Goods ever shown in Atlanta. If you are looking for a present or souvenir of any kind, it will pay you to visit our store, We are centrally located, and are headquarters for

Steel Engravings, Fine Etchings and Pictures of all kinds, from the cheapest to the finest. PHO-TOGRAPH ALBUMS, AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Mirrors, Manicure Sets, Toilet Sets, Fancy Work Baskets.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

Our stock of Fine Gift. Children's Books, etc. is complete, and bottom prices. PICTURE FRAMES, all styles, made to order. Artists' Materials, complete stock, and many other elegant goods, too numerous to mention.

Don't have represented with the processor of the complete stock of the c numerous to mention.

Don't buy your presents until you have seen our stock. Call on us, at 28 Whitehall street.

E. H. & J. R. THORNTON.

28 Whitehall street,

7 pun mus

Telephone 23d.

HOYT & THORN, Cheap Cash Grocers



LANTERNS! BALLOONS! Now is the time to buy.

FANCY GARDEN PIECES And the largest assortment of all kinds of Roman Candles and Sky

HOYT & THORN,

Wholesale Cash Grocers.

THE HAMMOND TYPE-WRITER.

Cheap Cash Grocers

BEYOND COMPARISON. HIGEST AWARD AT New Orleans Exposition. Full line of supplies for all machines Send for catalogue. A. F. COOL-EDGE, Agent for Georgia and Alabama, 21 Alabama that Atlant G.

other prisoners. Bundrum walked off, and was not missed until he had gotten good away. It is thought that the man will return and stand his trial when he sobers up. If not, it will not be very long before he is returned in the care of a deputy United States marshal. His bondsmen cannot be held liable for his escape, as they promptly surrendered him.

Frightful Waste. Consumption carries of its thousands of victims every year. Yes, thousands of human lives are being wasted that might be saved, for the fact is now established that consumption, in its early stages, is curable. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will if used in time, effect a permement cure. It has no equal as a remedy for bronchitis, coughs and colds. Its efficacy has been proved in thousands of cases. All Druggists.

Let every pastor in the city, white or colored, see that his church is represented The United States circuit court yesterday John L. Bundrum, of Paulding county, was sentenced to 24 hours' imprisonment for contempt of court.

Bundrum had a case pending in the court, in which he was charged with violating the revenue laws. When the case was called he advanced to the bar, and the court seeing that he was very drunk and in no condition to be tried, ordered him to be committed to jail for contempt for 24 hours. Bundrum was out on a \$300 bond, and his bondsmen at the same time surrendered him to the marshal. The officers took the man to Fulton county jail, where he was searched; the jailer turning away for the purpose of attending to the entrance of some

Exposition Prices

GROCERIES! HOYT NO THORN

16 fbs Head Rice
14 fbs Granulated Sugar
16 fbs Canary C Sugar
Dove Hans per B.
6 cans Eagle Cond. Milk
Jersey Butter per fb.
3 fbs Cutrents, 1887 Crop.
3 fbs New Jelly
3 fbs New Frunes
48 fbars Soap
Preserves, any kind per fb.
Pickled Corned Beef per fb.
6 fbs Oat Meal, Schumacher's
25 fbs Graham Flour
Parched Rio Coffee, fresh, per fb.
Meal per pk.
46 fbs Hudnut's Grits.
Royal Baking Fowder. Royal Baking Powder... Dr. Price's Baking Powder... 6 Cans Columbia River Salmon... 2 b Can Armour Corned Beef... Tomatoes, per dozen cans....

HOYT & THORN, 90 WHITEHALL ST.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO



for the best. As for prices we give every customer a legal agreement to refund money for any artic that can be bought cheaper elsewhere

IF PROMPTLY RETURNED. Last week our sales were \$15,000, and we are receiving this week a new line of

Meu's and Boys' Suits and O. Coats that we bought at clearance prices in N. Y.

GIVE US A CALL.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO., 41 WHITEHALL STREET

REAL ESTATE OFFERS.

REAL ESTATE.

27 acres a few hundred yards from Grant Park and street car line: Fine vineyard, fruits, etc; run-ning water, beautiful shade, lovely building sites. Price \$250 an acre. The choicest small farm around Atlanta.

farm around Atlanta.
well established livery stable business, with full
stock of buggles, carriages, horses, harness,
wagons, etc... One of the very best locations in
the city. A splendid growing business. The
owner has business interests outside of the city,
and for that reason wishes to sell this. Will pay
a handsome interest on the investment. If not
sold at private sale before, we will sell it at anotion Saturday, November 5th, at 10 a. m,

\$5,250 for new 6-room West Peachtree residence front, good lot, choice neightorhood—a plete home. S.100 for new 9.7.0m, two-story framed residence on South Pryor stret, with water, was, servant's house, lot 50x200 feet to alley; rents well-pleas-ant home, well shaded. Easy terms, 4 cash, balance in one and two years, 8 per cent interest. \$3,200 for new, neat 5-room residence with 8-foot hall, wide yerandas, telesets, etc; lot 32x192/4 feet to alley; one block from car line on Rawson street; ½ cash, balance 1 and 2 years, 8 per cent interest.

Peachtree lot, Central, fronts another street, choice Peachtree lot, 60x200 feet to alley, for \$3,000. West Peachtree lot, 100x200 feet, shaded, Belgian blocks and brick sidewalks laid, only \$4,000.

West Peachtree lot, central, high, east front, 70x200 feet, \$5,000. Merrit's Avenue cottages, new and choice, \$3,500 and \$5,000 respectively.

Howard street cottage homes, \$4.500 and \$5,200 respectively.

Pine street cottage—Near Peachtree, on a corner, \$2,700.

gas, stable, ade alley, fine lot, choice home, only \$6,000.

West Baker street—\$4,250 for new 7-room, 2-story house and plain 5-room house on same lot, 80x700 feet, a corner, 2 blocks from Hill statue. East Baker street—New 7-room, 2-story, modern residence, water, gas, fine corner lot, shade, corner Collins. Owner non-resident—\$3,750.

West Harris street—\$8,500 for 7-r residence with modern improvements, stables, barn, large lot, 100x200 feet, one block from Peachtree.

Ly street, near F. Cain—New 7-r modern cottage, water, gas, lot 50x118 feet, joint side alley, front and side verandas, terraced front yard, east front, very central and neighborhood excellent, \$5,000 on easy terms.

Ly stacet—\$6,250 for new 2-story, 8-room, central residence, corner of, 2 blocks from Gate City Guards armory, water, gas, etc.

Ly street 6-room cottage—One block from First Methodist church, water, gas, lot 50x100 feet, \$3,500.

Ly street 8-room residence—Water, gas, stable,

Methodist church, water, gas, lot 30x160 feet, \$3,500.

Ivy street 9-room residence—Water, gas, stable, pleasaat neighborhood, \$3,000 on easy terms; house new.

Houston Street. Vacant Lot—Between Jackson street car line and Boulevard, only \$700 must sell; sul mit your offers.

Jackson Street—vacant lot, 50x200 feet to 15 foot alley, near Forest avenue, on car line, only Jackson Street lot, 56x180 feet—Corner Houston. east

\$1,000.
Jackson Street lot, 56x180 feet—Corner Houston, east front, water and gas mains, sidewalk all laid, on car line, very cheap at \$1,300.
Jackson Street—Lot next to alove, 50x180 feet, \$1,200.
Boulevard Lot—54x155 feet, near Wheat, east front,

81,200.
Boulevard Lot-64x155 feet, near Wheat, east front, \$750.

Boulevard Cottage—5-r, new, neat, well built, fine lot, east front, high, \$2,000, payable \$600 cash and \$25 per month.

Boulevard Cottage—New, 4 rooms, wide hall, front and rear verandas, well on back porch, shade, east front, near two car lines, lot 54x155 feet, \$1,650, payable \$600 cash, and \$25 monthly.

\$2,500 for four new houses, near East Tennessee shops, renting now to good tenants for \$32 monthly.

\$3,200 for four new 4-r. houses, central, one block from car line, all occupied and now paying \$56 monthly; in best rending district in the city.

\$550 cash for a 4-r. Mills street house, now renting for \$7 per month.

\$3,000, payable \$1,000 cash, balance one and two years, 8 per cent interest, for neat five-room cottage, corner lot, 40x164 feet, on West Peachtree near Hill's monument, in pleasant neighborhood.

\$2,500,for a choice-West Peachtree street lot, this side of Cox and Howard streets. Ternas cay.

\$4,000 for a half acre lot on West Peachtree street, high and shaded, this side of Dr. Thurman's residence.

SAM'L W, GOODE & CO.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the Castle Rock Coal Company, of Georgia, it was resolved that the stock of said company be increased from four hundred and eighty shares of the par value of one hundred dollars, per shares to two thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars per share, should the same to approved by the stockholders of said company, a provided in the act approved February 22, 1877, relating to said company. Cotober 4, 1867.

30 dys JULIUS L. BROWN. President.

WILLINGHAM & CO.

ARE THE LARGEST **≪LUMBER**

Dealers in the city. Send your orders for Yellow Fine, rough or dressed, Fopiar and Oak, Saah, Doors and Blinds, etc., to Telephone WILLINGHAM & CO., Ellio Sar 1626 6m um aLum co





Elegant Dinner, Tea, Fish AND GAME SETS.

MeBRIDE'S DIRECT IMPORTATION FINE CUT GLASS, FINE TABLE CUTLERY,
SPOONS, PORKS, CASTORS,
CLOCKS, SHOW CASES, LAMPS,

Largest Stock! Greatest Variety Lowest Prices!

AS IN A LOOKING GLASS

Mrs. Langtry's New Play. Price 25c.

FOR SALE BY

& BRUCKNER,

6 AND 8 MARIETTA STREET.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

For Georgia: Warmer; rain, followed by fair weather, light to fresh northerly winds, shifting to

| OBSERVER'S C U. S. Cus Observations to | TOM I | i, i | SIG | NAL E, Oc | centr | CE, U. | . m. |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------|--------------|----------|--------|-------|
| STATIONS. | Вал | Thermometer | Dew Point | WIND. | | Rai | We |
| | ometer | | | Direction | Velocity | nfail | ather |
| Corpus Christi | | | | | 14 | .00 | Cloud |
| Montgomery | 30.14 | 58 | | N | 4 | .00 | Foggy |
| New Orleans | 30.14 | 58 | | NE | 12 | .00 | Cloud |
| Galveston | | | | | 8 | .00 | Cloud |
| Palestine | | | | | 6 | .00 | Cloud |
| Mobile | | | | | 6 8 6 | .00 | Cloud |
| Pensacola | 20.10 | *** | *** | N | | .00 | Cloud |
| Brownsville | | | | | 12 | .50 | Rain. |
| Rio Grande | 00.20 | JO. | | A 44.1 | 4 | .00 | Cloud |

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

| ATLANTA DISTRICT. | ax. Temp | in. temp | dnfall |
|--|----------|----------|--------|
| Atlanta. Ga | 65 | 59 | .43 |
| Anderson, S. C. Cartersville, Ga. | 58 | 40 | 1.15 |
| Columbus, Ga. | 74 | | .82 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn | 52 | | .60 |
| Gainesville, Ga | 66 | | 1.58 |
| Griffin, Ga | 71 | 55 | .00 |
| Macon, Ga | 76 | | .00 |
| Newnan, Ga | 71 | | .54 |
| Spartanburg, S. C | 65 | 47 | 1.08 |
| ************************************** | 40 | 186 | 4-84 |

W. EASBY SMITH, Observer Signal Corps.

NOTE.—Barometer reduced to sea level and stand-T. Trace of rainfall.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

The friends of E. M. ROBERTS ann ounce him sa a candidate for councilman from the Sixth Ward at the ensuing election in December.

At the solicitation of many of my friends I an At the solution and the consumer municipal ele-the third ward at the ensuing municipal ele-tion. Respectfully, E. T. HUNNICUTT.

"WATER CURE."

134 CAPITOL AVENUE, ATLANTA, GA. THIS INSTITUTION HAS, DURING ITS THIRteen years of successful operation, restored
thousands of people to lealth, and attained a
national reputation. The problem of health, by
living healthfally has been solved.
The universality of the results obtained is a markof feature of this Sanitarium. All are benefited—
none are injured. All forms of chronic ailment
yield to its processes with surprising certainty and
rapidity.
THE CRUDE COLD WATER CURE methods do
not constitute any part of the treatment.

Total Continue any part of the treatment.

Appliances Includes Baths of Varied Forms, Massage, Swedish Movements, Electricity, Magnetism, Hygienic-Dietary, Pneumatic and Vacuum Treatment,

definite, which, together with pleasant had candidate and refined social surroundings, makes this, in every respect a perfect Smitarium for those in quest of health.

Refers, with permission, to some of the second of the secon

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D., ATLANTA, GA.

ANTHONY MURPHY ANTHONY MURPHY & SON,

Storage and Commission Merchants,

And Wholesale Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS & FEED STUFFS.

77 BROAD ST., COR. HUNTER, ATLANTA, GA.

WOLFE'S AUCTION HOUSE 98 WHITEHALL STREET,

THE PLACE TO BUY BARGAINS. Heavy Overc ats. \$2.00 to \$4.00. nere Sacks and Frocks, \$1.25 to \$3.50. Choice Pants, \$1.25 to \$2.50, arge Oil Paintings, \$1.75 to \$5.00.

Large Steel Engravings, \$4.00 to \$5.00.

Large Steel Engravings, \$4.00 to \$6.00.

Bedsteads, \$1.50 to \$15.00.

Drossers, \$5.50 to \$25.00.

Four choice Sewing Machines, two fine Bear Robes, Kinst besold.

Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales at the second of t H. WOLFE, Auctioneer.

RESIDENT ENGINEER'S OFFICE, LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R., LOUISVILLE, KY., Oct. 15th, 1887. Proposals for the Erection of Railroad Company's Shops

at Decatur, Alabama. CEALED PROPSALS FOR THE ERECTION OF these shops will be received until Thursday, the 10th day of November, 1887, at above office, where specifications, plans, etc., can be seen.

The railroad company reserves the right to reject any and all proposals. dull nov 19

A PARALYTIC STROKE.

Colonel Tom Howard, of Kirkwood, Seriously III.

BUT LITTLE CHANCE FOR RECOVERY. Anxious Solicitude of the Many Friends o

the Venerable Gentleman for News About His Condition. One of the best known men in Georgia is Colonel Tom Howard, of Kirkwood. His connection with men 2nd measures for a long number of years has made him a prominent character, and a thousand "friends will read with inexpressible sorrow the news of the par-alytic stroke received by him on Monday even-

ng very late.

Not a long time since Colonel Howard experienced a slight stroke of paralysis, but the at-tack was not of long duration, and in a few weeks he was to all appearance as well as ever. But paralytic strokes are always said to be followed by others, and sure enough the second one received by Colonel Howard is far more severe than the first, and on account of his extreme age may result fatally. His entire left side is ompletely paralysed, and he is of course unable to move. Talking is also a matter of much difficulty, and it requires much effort on the part of the sick man to make himself understood. On Monday

on the part of the sick man to make himself understood. On Monday evening Colonel Howard was sitting in his home in the company of his wife, and about six o'clock said to her that he thought he felt a peculiar sort of numbness in his left hand. At the very moment he was speaking the paralysis was stealing over him, and a few minutes after speaking he was powerless and speechless from the shock. Medical aid was soon summoned and everything possible was done for the sufferer. He is in the hands of Dr. Ridley and is the recipient of every attention from a host of friends. Owing to his advanced years, his last birthday being his 72nd, it is very problematical whether he will fully recover. At the last account he was still in a very precarious condition, no perceptible change for the better or for the worse having set in.

Colonel Howard comes from a well known family. His father, John Howard, was a distinguished Methodist divine of remarkable pulpit power, and was well known over Georgia. Colonel Howard was educated at Randolph-Macon college in Roanoke county, Virginia, and Judge E. B. Trippe, of this city, was a classmate with him. Colonel Howard was educated for the bar, and practiced with considerable success his profession in Greenesboro, and for some time afterwards in Crawford county. Leaving the law, save for an occasional client, he turned his attention and devoted his energies to agricultural pursuits, and was a prominent and successful farmer. He was closely identified with the State Agricultural society, and has often been honored with high office by the society. Hs was a warm champion of the state fair idea, and for several years was personally in charge of the agricultural society exhibitions.

As a democrat, Colonel Howard has always been among the foremost men in the party in Georgia. Eloquent, impassioned and anecdotal, he was an admirable stump speaker, and in many a campaign has figured prominently, with advantage to the democracy and with telling effect upon its opponent. In the cam-

Georgia. Eloquent, impassioned and anecdotal, he was an admirable stump speaker, and in many a campaign has figured prominently, with advantage to the democracy and with telling effect upon its opponent. In the campaign of 1853, he stumped the second congressional district for H. V. Johnson as governor and A. H. Colquit for congressman. The campaign was exciting and the race for the gubernatorial chair close, and Howard's work was undeniably effective. Prior to the war, he removed to Atlanta and engaged in business here, where he accumulated a considerable fortune. Soon after removing here he was made postmaster, as a recognition of his service to the party of which President Buchanan was then the leader and exponent. In the days of reconstruction, just after the war, Colonel Howard took a prominent part, and was among the first to rouse the latent energy of Georgia to work and to action. Even before the clarion voice of Ben Hill had sounded the memorable Davis hall speech, it is said that Colonel Howard is wore than one address had roused the people, and, in a great measure, had prepared the public mind for the reception of that advice and those measures that resulted in the re-control of Georgia by Georgians.

He was in the executive office under Gov-

that resulted in the re-control of School Georgians.

He was in the executive office under Governor James M. Smith, and served in the same capacity, that of executive secretary, to Governor Colquitt during his occupancy of the gubernatorial chair. Other offices of trust and honor he has filled, always to the satisfaction of friends and foes. Of late years he has lived quietly at his pretty home in Kirkwood, preparing for the summons that seems so near.

Why suffer from scrofula when Hood's Sar saparilla is such a potent remedy for all blood diseases? Send for book containing statements of cures to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"The Duchess," SOUTHERN SANITARIUM By the Duchess, is the latest novel. Price 20 cents, 3c extra by mail. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. Norfolk oysters. Emery's market.

Cora Van Tassel Coming.
On Friday evening, the 28th, will appear at he opera house, the little soubrette Cora Van Tassel, supported by her excellent dramatic company, in the new spectacular "Hidden Hand," a dramatization of Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth's famous New York Ledger story of that name. The picg will be superbly mounted, with elegant special scenery and new and novel mechanical effects, and every detail will be carefully looked after. This company carry their own band and orchestra.

The Beau Ideal of a Family Medicine. A remedy which promptly and completely relieves ailments of such common occurrence as indigestion, constipation, biliousness and disorders of a malarial type, is assuredly the beau ideal of a family medicine. Such is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is not only capable of eradicating these complaints, but also counteracting a tendency to kidney troubles, rheumatism and premature decadence of stamina. Taking it "all round," as the phrase is, there is probably not in existence so useful, effective and agreeable a household panacea as the Bitters. Nor is it less highly esteemed by the medical profession than by the families of America. Numberless testimonials from professional sources of irrefragable authenticity evince its merit. The demand for it abroad, no less than in the land of its discovery, is certainly increasing, time and experience of its beneficent affects confirming the high opinion originally formed of it. disorders of a malarial type, is assuredly the

Finest Norfolk shell oysters at Donehoo's. Miss Mabel Sterling is a handsome and bewitchin soubrette of the highest order.—New York Tribune August 10.

A New Sensational
Novel, "The Duchess," by "The Duchess." Price
20 cents, 3e extra bymail. John M, Miller, 31
Marietta street.

Architect, W.*H. Parkins.

By card, in another column, Mr. W. H. Parkins resumes his architectural work, and is before the public ready to prepare plans and specifications for any kind of buildings.

Mr. Parkins has long been known as one of our most skillful and practical architects, and has had charge of, and designed very many of our most prominent public buildings, as well as numbers of the most costly private residences in the city and elsewhere. His long and varied experience has given him a wide reputation, and he cannot fail to reap a large share of the patronage from those who contemplate the crection of both public and private buildings.

Two dollars round trip ticket on Thursday to W. M. Scott & Co.'s big sales in Cartersville.

Strayed, Sunday night, October 23d, from Atlanta street car stables, 49 Line street, one white horse and two mules, all shod with patent toe and heel caulks. Liberal reward paid for their return.

ATLANTA, October 25, 1887.—Thanking my friends for their kindness in proposing my name for coun-cil, I beg leave to inform them that I am not in the race. Respectfully, C. P. Johnson.

Let every man, woman and child don the blue ribbon, the antibar-room badge.

NINTH ANNUAL CONVENTION

Of the Churches of Christ in Georgia To be held with Central Caristian church, At-anta, commencing at 10 a. m., Wednesday, October

lanta, commencing at 10 a. m., Wednesday, October 26th, 1887.

Sermon—Tuesday night by F. L. Adams.

Wednesday, 10 a. m.—Calling meeting to order, devotional services, address of welcome, by W. J. Cocke; response, by James A. Perdue; enrollment of messengers, address of President Foster.

Afternoon session—Devotional exercises, report of state evangellets, report of executive committee, report of treasurer.

Evening session—Song service, 7:30; sermon by J. J. Spencer, of Virginia, subject, Christian union. Thursday, 27th, 10 a. m.—Devotional exercises, reports of committees and discussions, miscellaneous business, five minute talks, "Liberality," J. S. Lamar; Covetionsness, N. J. Tumlin; Heart, A. B. Herring; Life, H. Jones; Joy, W. D. Oliver; Love, T. M. Harris; Fanily, S. S. Landrum; Prayer, B. W. Golightly; Watch, R. N. Moody; Reward, W. J. Cocke, Afternoon session—Devotional services, reading reports from churches, the Sunday school, H. C. Dodson.

Evening session—7:30, song service led by Broth yr Dodson.

Evening session—7:30, song service led by Brother Speacer, address by C. S. Lucas, subject, The Eincation of Young Men, report of secretary arretreasurer of educational board.

Friday morning—Sessions of Christian Women's Georgia missions.

T. M. FOSTER, President,
A. C. SMITH, Secretary,

Thos. D. Crump's View on Fairness.

A Journal reporter called on Mr. Thomas D. Crump and said, "I understand that you drew a prize in The Louisiana State Lottery drawing of the 9th ult?" "I did." "What was your ticket?" "29146." "Did it represent the whole, or a part of the prize?" "A part—one-tenth of the second capital." What amount?" "\$5,000." "Did you receive the full amount the ticket represented?" "I received the full amount eight days after the ticket had drawn." "How did you collect the money?" "Our Jonesburg (Mo.) Bank collected it through the Laclede Bank of St. Louis, and paid it to me." "I consider that the business of The Louisiana State Lottery is conducted fairly, without partiality or favor.—Jonesburg (Mo.) Journal, September 8. Thos. D. Crump's View on Fairness.

"Eureka."

The premium stoves bearing this name, referred to in yesterday's Constitution, in connection with the Baxter Stove and Manufacturing company's award, for sale by W. J. Wood, the stovier, No. 87 award, for sale by W. J. Wood, the stovier, No. 87. Whitehal' street. This stove, through successful competition, has passed to the front, and today stands at the head of the list of all good cooking stoves in the country. Thousands of these stoves are in use in Atlanta and surrounding country, and each housekeeper who owns one is willing to say something in praise of its merits, and to recommend it where a first-class stove is desired.

"Eureka, 'I have found it'" No truer words were ever spoken' than these, when applied to a cooking stove of superior merit. A premium, a blue ribb on stove at the great Piedmont Exposition of 1887.

State and County Tax, 1887. My books are now open for collection of state and county tax, 1887. Please call at 53 South Pryor street, and settle and save costs.

J. M. Wilson, Tax Collector. Finest Norfolk shell oysters at Donehoo'a

Close in business property always pays. It will pay you to attend The sale at Cartersville, October 27 Call at W. M. Scott & Co.'s office. and get plat of the property and go to the sale. Only \$2 round trip ticket. Take the 7:50 a. m. train

A. A. DeLoach & Bro.

The Atlanta machinists secured the first premium at the Piedmont exposition on their, new saw mill, grist mill and water wheel, their entire exhibit This is a good record for these enterprising gentle

Snappers and mullet have once more made their appearance at Emery's market.

ARTSCHOOL

MR. H. W. BAMITZ. OF THE ACADEMY OF Fine Arts, Philadelphia, has taken Mr. Horace Bradley's studio, (No. 7, Chamberlin building) and will give lessons in painting and drawing, from nature or the model. He brings with him letters of teacher and a artist. Mr. Bamitz was one of the exhibitors in Mr. Bradley's collection at the exposition. Those desiring lessons, should apply at once.

Go to the big sale of W. M. Scott & Co. at Cartersville Thursday, October 27ih, if you want to make a gilt edge investment.

Macon Exposition-Your Eyes Need Atten-

Mr. J. L. Moore, practical optician, with an immense assortment of Hawkes' new crystalized lenses, will be at the drug store of Sol Hoge, Macon, Ga. and will be prepared to adjust these celebrated glasses to all conditions of the eye. No extra charge for fitting. Prices reasonable.

Miss Sterling, is one of the most beautiful women on the American stage. - 1722-1721.

100 \$2 Washing Machines Free. - To introduce them. If you want one, send at once to Monarch Laundry Works, 420 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Illi 6t

Shell Oysters. Donehoo's.

W. M. Scott & Co. make their big sale of 33 business and railroad front lots in Cartersville Thursday, October 27. Take the 7:50 a. m. train; \$2 for round trip from Atlanta, and \$3.50 round trip from Chat-

As in a Looking Glass.

By F. C. Phillips, from the French, Sensational and entertaining. "Price 20 cents, 3c extra by mall. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. Try Donehoo's Norfolk oysters.

The "3 Corners Company" with Miss Sterling as star, is one of the finest musical companies ever played here in years.—Richmoud Whig, October 13.

The Ladies' Prohibition Association, of Atlanta, will meet for

perfect organization in First Baptist church, at half-past Largest Assortment, two o'clock on Thursday, October 27th. It is hoped and expected that the committees from every church in the city, white and colored, will be on hand. A thorough organization must be effected

at once. The Latest Novel Is "The Duchess," by the Duchess; very sensa tional. Price 20 cents; 3 cents extra by mail. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

The new steel making city of the south, Cartersville-W. M. Scott & Co. make big sale there Thursday, October 27. Fine chance for No. 1

PRICE'S BAKING POWDER,



Its perior excellence proven in millions of homes or are than a quarter of a century. It is used by the hited States Government. Endorsed by the head of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purd, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Bakis Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Limor Alum. Sold only in Caus. Alum. Sold only in Caus.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
BT. LOUIS.

Sewyork. CHICAGO. 5 8p fol and n rm last p wk G. W. ADAIR,

Te fair is now over and everybody happy, and I I was pecimi on games upon which owners are iouto realize.

I you want a home, come in and I can suit you from my lists.

Ityou want a vacant lot, I can, no doubt, locate youwhere you would be pleased.

Ityou are after an investment, I can certainly shor you where to place your money, in good rent paying property, where it is bound to enhance.

I yill not mention any special places, but I have realestate for sale in any part of Fulton county.

DENITE DENITE

RENTS. RENTS. I have a few choice central retail stores on good I lave a good store, suitable for a wholesale business
I lave splendid offices for rent in the Chamberlin,
Boy ton & Co.'s building; also offices in Centennial
building, Concordia building, and on Marietta,
Broad, Whitshall, Peachtree and other central stree's.
Thave hardly any vacant residences on my lists,
(onl'3 with gas and water) and landlords having
them vacant, bring them in and I can rent them
rightoff.

rightoff.

I want a nice furnished house on north side for six ponths for a northern family.

G. W. ADAIR, 8p 5 Kimball House, Let every woman in Atlanta who is opposed to bar-rooms, ioin the Woman's Prohibition Association at

NUNNALLY'S

FineCandies

ARE ABSOLUTELY

All kinds of the most delicious

MADE DAILY,

And is offered to the people at a

Moderate Price.

We do not sell the Adulterated Trash shipped here from other markets, but MANU-FACTURE our own goods, and will GUARANTEE every pound that we sell.

Lowest Prices. Don't Forget the Place

NUNNALLY'S

Candy Factory, 36 Whitehall Street.

Branch Store, PEACHTREE STREET.

Toys, Dolls,

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING.

WE HAVE STUDIED THE WANTS OF THE CLOTHING BUYERS OUR STORE CROWDED WITH FALL AND WINTER NOVELTIES

MEN'S, BOY'S, AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Immemse Stock! Correct Styles! Low Prices!

We are showing a Choice Selection of Goods in Our Tailoring Department. Your inspection invited.

HIRSCH BROS.

Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers, 42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

NOTICE!

MACHINERY HALL BROWN & KING.

MILL SUPPLIES.

62 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA.

Whether you wish to buy, sell or trade, it will pay you to write us for full particulars. WALKLEY & CO..

No. 10 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. Have Always for Sale for Cash, or on Easy Terms on Car Trust, or Will Exchange for Good Securities, a
Complete Assortment of

BOX, FLAT, GONDOLA, STOCK AND REFRIGERATOR CARS

we sa las p Also, PASSENGER AND COMBINATION CARS AND LOCOMOTIVES. LIME, CEMENT AND COAL.

Terra Cotta Stove Flue, absolutely fire proof; Terra Cotta Chimney Tops and Stove Thimbles.



GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

MANUFACTORY, BALTIMORE, 14 S. Howard street,

WASHINGTON, D.C. Cor. 7th and E. Steets.

Pure Pure Presh! EISEMAN BR

17 & 19 Whitehall St.

TAILORS.

THE LEADING CLOTH ERS,

HATTERS,

FURNISHERS.

We are the Only Manufacturers

OF CLOTHING IN THE STATE.

We are sole agents for the

Celebrated Taylor Hats

EISEMAN BROS.,

17 and 19 WHITEHALL

His Old Soldiers March Pefore Him.

THE VETERANS OF '64.

Proud of Their Manhood and Staunch in Their Pride.

MRS. DAVIS AND DAUGHTERS

Equally the Recipients of a People's Tokens of Lova.

MACON. Ga., October 26 .- [Special.] - It was glorious day for Macon.

Georgia's pretty central city was the scene of incidents and events which will be long reered by all who were here, whether as tators or participants.

The "swan song of the confederacy," the ast review of the confederate veterans by the man who was their chief, was a grand success, and the men who followed through the foruncs of war the stars and bars were here in bree to do honor to that former chieftain. The eather was decidedly unpropitious, but here, s in Atlanta last week, the rain and mud did not materially efthe demonstration. There was a great deal of confusion this morning, and for long time it was impossible to learn just what the programme for the day would be. It was at first intended that the review by Mr. Davis should take place at the fair grounds at noon but as the rain continued to fall and the wind kept blowing at a rapid rate through the whiskers of the bearded veterans who thronged the streets, the friends of Mr. Davis advised against the exposure which would result from a drive to the fair grounds and open air exercises. Then it was announced that the review would be postponed until tomorrow. This caused a howl of disappointment. Many of the visitors came here with the expectation of returning to their homes tonight, and they would not listen to any proposition of postponement.
"Ir old Jeff can't come to us, we will go to him," they said, and the result was that it was arranged that the veterans should march

by Captain Johnston's house, where Mr. Davis would be at one of the windows. "All we want is to see him," they said, and it was arranged that they should do this, at least. At cloven o'clock the committee of young men went to Hillcrest to present badges

to the various members of the Davis family. SOUVENIRS FROM THE YOUNG MEN. Early this morning there was a rather effecting scene at the Johnston residence. The young men who had charge of the demonstration of the Young Men Veterans' association guished guests some sort of souvenirs of the occasion, and to that end had prepared some beautiful badges. At about 10:30 Messrs. Joe Blount, Claude Estes, A. R. Freeman, W. C. Sherrill, J. T. Ross, L. C. Gugel, Sol Hoge, Ab Jones and W. A. Johnson, representing the committee of twenty-five which has had charge of the arrangements for the demonstration, marched up to the beautiful residence which is Mr. Davis's Macon home. Mr. Davis, in response to the calls, appeared upon the veranda, surrounded by the members of his family. Mr. Joe Blount, chairman of the executive committee, stepped forward, and in a very pretty and appropriate speech

tendered to Mr. Davis one of the badges. Mr. Blount said: Mr. Davis, we, your children, are glad to salute you. We, respecting the motives which actuated our sires, revere you as the exemplar of that cause We, furthermore, desire to present to you some tangible token of our esteem, and to that end we offer you this badge. We assure you-we are loyal to

Tears started to Mr. Davis's eyes as he received this tribute of affection and in a voice full of emotion he thanked the young men for their gift. He said: My young countrymen: Words cannot express my gratitude. I am proud to know that you hold

fathers. I am glad of the fact that we are still a free people, and I assure you this token will be ever be cherished by me. The badge consisted of two broad pieces of ribbon with Georgia state flags pendant from the recette. The top ribbon was a white one, and was one of the badges worn by the executive committee of the association, with the excep-

tion that it bore Mr. Davis's name. The sec-

nory and principles of you

ond ribbon was a gray one, and bore, in gold letters, the following legend: While the survivors of the confederacy do honor to their chiefta'n, we, their sous, remembering your faithfulness to and sufferings for them, join our hearts with them in gratifude, and together pledge on eternal love. Our prayer is that God, who has

ver been just, may still care for you and, when the end comes, crown you with glory that never fixes in a cause that never dies.

Then Mr. Blount turned to Miss Winnie and

presented her with a similar badge. Mr. Blount said: Mim Davis, our fathers revered your father, we, as their sons, reverse you. We admire you for the many virtues you exemplify. This sentiment fully expresses our feelings.

Then Mr. Blonnt read the following inscrip-

tion which was printed on the gray ribbon of the badge; MISS WINNIS DAVIS.

With our hearts we welcome thee, we sons of eterans. For thy matchines father's sake we overthee, chaste Child of the Confederacy—for thine

own and his we revere and honor thee.

The stars and bars felt in thy infancy; but though that flag went down overwhelmed with the dust and blood of many battles, its furied folds were as